Vulture Conservation Breeding Centre, Pinjore, Haryana Annual Report

1st April 2020 - 31st March 2021



A reintroduced Oriental White-backed vulture in the wild







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An Oriental Whitebacked vulture at the centre

1. Report of the Officer-in-charge

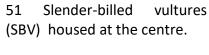
The Jatayu Conservation Breeding Centre, Pinjore, located at Jodhpur village on the edge of the Bir Shikargaha Wildlife Sanctuary is a collaborative project of the Forest and Wildlife Department, Haryana and Bombay Natural History Society. The centre was established to save the three Critically Endangered Gyps species of vultures viz. Oriental White-backed vulture, *Gyps bengalensis*, Long-billed vulture, *Gyps indicus* and Slender-billed vulture, *Gyps tenuirostris*, from looming extinction. The main objective of the centre is to house and breed 25 pairs of each of the three species and release 100 pairs of each of the species, within ten years from the beginning of the release programme. The release programme was initiated during 2015-16.

The centre has a Governing Council which is chaired by the Addl. Chief Secretary, Department of Forests and Wildlife, Government of Haryana. The Principal Chief Conservator of Forest and Chief Wildlife Warden, Haryana is the Member Secretary.

a. Vultures at the centre

The highest number of vultures anywhere in the world were housed at the Jatayu Conservation Breeding Centre. There were 376 vultures including the nestlings of this year (2020-21) which have successfully hatched and fledged.

There were 130 Oriental White-backed vultures (OWBV), 195 Long-billed vultures (LBV) and





b. Breeding at the centre

Successful breeding at VCBC Pinjore was recorded for the first time in 2008 and systematic breeding by artificial incubation was taken up in 2010, double clutching in 2011 and chick swapping in 2014 as a result of which VCBC,

Pinjore have hatched and fledged over 300 vulture nestlings between 2010 to 2019.

The breeding season of vultures commenced from the month of September, just as it would in the wild. The established pairs in the colony aviaries were observed defending their nest ledges and remain perched together most of the time. During the year 2020-21, all the three species attempted breeding at the centre.

However, in the year 2020, due to fund shortage, artificial incubation could not be carried out and hence no double clutching could be stimulated. Breeding on nests continued and only the first clutch hatched and fledged as a result of which only 15 chicks fledged this year unlike previous years when number of chicks fledged was between 35-49. They were 7 LBV, 5 OWBV and 3 SBV. However, till 31 March 2021, at total of 13 nestlings had hatched.

c. The team

The Chief Wildlife Warden, Haryana was the Project Leader of the Programme. Dr. Vibhu Prakash was the Project Manager and was assisted by Ms. Nikita Prakash, Scientist 'C', Dr. Debasish Saikia Veterinarian, Mr. Lalit Sharma, Technical assistant, Mr. Niranjan Dalei, Administrative Officer, Mr. Balakram Sharma, Administrative Assistant, Ms. Palak Thakur, Accounts Assistant, and Mr. Jaikishan Sharma, Supervisor. There were six vulture keepers and one driver cum vulture keeper to assist in the smooth functioning of the centre.

This report covers the period from 1st April 2020 to 31st March 2021.

Vibhu Prakash, Ph.D. Officer-in-charge Vulture Programme



2. History of the Rescue Centre

The Jatayu Conservation Breeding Centre is a joint project of the Bombay Natural History Society (BNHS) and the Haryana Forest Department. It is a collaborative initiative of a government agency and a Non-Governmental Organisation, to save the three species of vultures, the White-backed, Long-billed and Slender-billed, from looming extinction.

The VCBC, earlier known as Vulture Care Centre, was established in September 2001 with the UK Government grant of the Darwin Initiative for the Survival of Species, to investigate the dramatic declines in India's *Gyps* species of vultures. The centre was inaugurated in the year 2003 by the British Minister for Nature, Mr. Elliot Morley.

Subsequent to the release of the South Asia Vulture Recovery Plan in February 2004, the centre was renamed Vulture Conservation Breeding Centre (VCBC) as conservation breeding became the main objective of the centre.

The centre was recognised as a rescue centre for vultures in the year 2007 by the Central Zoo Authority.

The centre is situated at the base of the Shivalik ranges of Himalayan foothills. It lies on the outskirts of the Bir Shikargaha Wildlife Sanctuary, 8 km from Pinjore, off the Chandigarh-Shimla highway. It spreads over 5 acres of Haryana Forest Department's land in village Jodhpur. The centre is ideally located away from human habitations, and yet is easily accessible from the main city so the day-to-day requirements of the centre can be easily organised.

3. Vision

To become a living example of saving critically endangered bird species from extinction with ex-situ conservation programme.



4. Mission

To release 100 pairs each, of the three species of vultures, in the next fifteen years, to establish and secure viable wild populations of resident *Gyps*, in an environment free of diclofenac and other poisons.

5. Objectives

To establish a founder population of 25 pairs of each of the three endangered vulture species



viz. Oriental White-backed vulture, Long-billed vulture and Slender-billed vulture.

To produce a population of at least 200 birds of each of the three species, to be reintroduced in the wild.

To rescue injured wild resident *Gyps* vultures and include them in the ongoing conservation breeding programme after recovery.

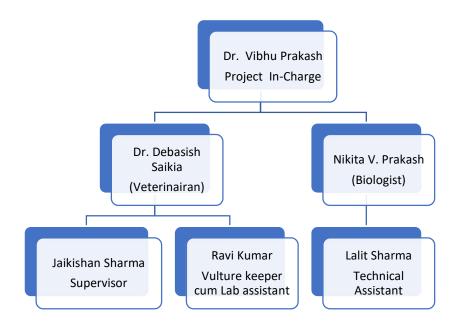
6. About us

S.No.	Particulars	Information
Basic I	nformation about the Rescue Centre	
1	Name of the Rescue Centre	Vulture Conservation Breeding Centre
2	Year of Establishment	2007
3	Address of the Rescue Centre	B-3, Forest Complex, Pinjore 134102, Haryana
4	State	Haryana
5	Telephone Number	+91 9416044924
6	Fax Number	NA
7	E-mail address	v.mathur@bnhs.org
8	Website	www.bnhs.org
9	Distance from nearest	Airport: approx. 30km from Chandigarh International Airport
		Railway Station: 15km from Kalka Railway Station
		Bus Stand: 10km from Pinjore Bus Stand
10	Recognition Valid up to (Date)	19 August 2021
11	Area (in Hectares)	2.0234282
Manag	gement Personnel of the Rescue Centre	<u> </u>
12	Name with designation of the Officer incharge	Vibhu Prakash, Ph. D. Principal Scientist/Deputy Director
	Name of the Veterinary Officer	Dr. Debasish Saikia, B. V. Sc.
	Name of the Curator	Nikita V. Prakash
	Name of the Biologist	Nikita V. Prakash
	Name of the Compounder/ Lab Assistant	Ravi Kumar and Manohar Lal
Owner	r / Operator of the Rescue Centre]

S.No.	Particulars	Information
13	*Name of the Operator	Chief Wildlife Warden, Haryana
14	Address of the Operator	Haryana Forest Department, C-18, Van Bhavan, Sector 6, Panchkula 134109, Haryana
15	Contact details/Phone number of Operator	0172-2561224
16	E-mail address of Operator	pccfwlhry@gmail.com



7. Organizational Chart of the Rescue Centre



8. Human Resources deployment for management of Rescue Centre (Officer in-charge to Animal Keeper - Sanctioned posts, in-position and vacant posts) Human Resources of the Rescue Centre*

Sl. No.	Designation	Number of	Names of the incumbent
		Sanctioned	
		Posts	
1.	Officer in-charge	1	Vibhu Prakash
2.	Veterinarian	1	Debasish Saikia
3.	Biologist	1	Nikita V. Prakash
4.	Technical Assistant	1	Lalit Kumar
5.	Supervisor	1	Jaikishan Sharma
6.	Vulture Attendants	6	Tek Singh, Ravi Kumar, Devidutt
			Sharma, Manohar Lal, Sukhdev,
			Ved Prakash
7.	Driver cum vulture attendant	1	Rajnish Kumar
8.	Night watchman	1	Prakash Chand

^{*}Please give above mentioned information in respect of all Rescue Centre personnel, from the Officer in-charge up to the Animal Keeper.

9. Capacity Building of Rescue Centre personnel

Sl. No.	Name and designation	Subject	Period of	Name of the
	of the Rescue Centre	matter of	Training	Institution where
	personnel	Training		the training
				attended
1	None	None	None	None

10. Rescue Centre Advisory Committee

a. Date of constitution: 2nd May 2006

Members: The following are the members of the Governing Council

- I. Addl. Chief Secretary, Health and Family welfare, Govt. of Haryana, Chandigarh
- II. Principal Chief Conservator of Forests, Van Bhawan, Plot no. C-18, Sector 6, Panchkula
- III. Addl. Director General (Wildlife), Govt. of India, Ministry of Environment, Forests & Climate Change, New Delhi.
- IV. The Member Secretary, MoEF&CC, Central Zoo Authority, B-1 Wing, 6th Floor,
- Pt. Deendayal Antyodaya Bhawan, CGO Complex, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110003.
- V. The Director, Wildlife Institute of India, Chandrabani, Dehradun.
- VI. Drug Controlling Authority, SCO 94, Sector 5, Panchkula.
- VII. Director, Animal Husbandry, Pasu Dhan Bhawan, Ways no. 9-12, Sector 2, Panchkula.

- VIII. Director, Bombay Natural History Society, Hornbill House, Shaheed Bhagat Singh Road, Mumbai.
- IX. Vice Chancellor, Lala Lajpat Rai University of Veterinary and Animal Sciences, Hisar, Haryana.
- X. Dr. Vibhu Prakash, Principal Scientist & Dy. Director, BNHS, Vulture Conservation Breeding Centre, B-3, Forest Complex, Pinjore, Haryana.
- **b. Dates on which Meetings held during the year:** 12th Governing Council meeting was held on 28th July 2020
- 11. Health Advisory Committee of the Rescue Centre
- **a. Date of constitution:** Not formally constituted but since inception, 2004, the following committee supervises the health of birds
- **b. Members:** Centre in-charge, Centre Veterinarian, Chief Veterinary Officer of Zoological Society of London (ZSL)
- **c. Dates on which Meetings held during the year:** No health check could be conducted in 2020 due to Covid restrictions
- 12. Statement of income and expenditure of the Rescue Centre

Expense statement of Jatayu Conservation Breeding Centre, Pinjore, Haryana, 1st April 2020 to 31st March 2021

Most of the funding for the centre comes through the Recovery Plan of Endangered Species through the Centrally Sponsored Scheme of MoEF&CC. For the financial year 2019-20, the Annual Plan of Operation submitted was of Rs. 6.75 crore but only 1.75 crore were sanctioned. The Centre could receive only Rs. 1.79 crore this year (2020-2021) out of which 1.07 crore were from CSS scheme and Rs. 0.72 crore from Haryana Forest Department from the State Government funds. The total curtailed expenditure was Rs. 2.87 Crore. BNHS with great difficulty had to raise 1.06 crore from other funding agency i.e RSPB of U.K.

Hence because of the paucity and delay in release of funds, most of the objectives for the APO could not be achieved.

13. Daily food Schedule of animals

Sl. No.	Species	Feed item	Quantity/vulture		Day of
			Winter	Summer	fasting
1.	Oriental White- backed vulture	Goat meat	4kg	4kg	Fed twice a week on Mondays and Fridays
2.	Long-billed vulture	Goat meat	4kg	4kg	Fed twice a week on Monday and Friday
3.	Slender-billed vulture	Goat meat	4kg	4kg	Fed twice a week on Monday and Friday

Twice a week provision of Food for Vultures at VCBC, Pinjore, Haryana



14. Vaccination Schedule of animals

Sl. No.	Species	Disease	Name	of	the	Periodicity	Remarks
		vaccinated	Vaccine		&		
		for	dosage/	qua	ntity		
			used				
	-	-	-			-	No
							vaccination
							has been
							done till now
							although the
							centre
							would like to
							vaccinate its
							birds against
							avian
							influenza but
							permission
							to import
							the vaccines
							could not be
							obtained.

15. De-worming Schedule of animals

SI. No.	Species	Drug used	Month
1.	Oriental White-	No de-worming is	NA
	backed vulture	done but endoparasite	
		load is monitored by	
		routine faecal sample	
		analysis. This is	
		because the birds have	
		to be reintroduced in	
		the wild.	
2.	Long-billed	Do	NA
	vulture		
3.	Slender-billed	Do	NA
	vulture		

16. Disinfection Schedule

SI. No.	Species	Type of enclosure	Disinfectant	Frequency of
			used and	disinfection
			method	
1.	Oriental White-	Incubator and brooder	Lime and F10	Once in 15 days
	backed vulture	room, Nursery, holding,		
		colony aviaries		
2.	Long-billed	Incubator and brooder	Lime and F10	Once in 15 days
	vulture	room, Nursery, holding,		
		colony aviaries		
3.	Slender-billed	Incubator and brooder	Lime and F10	Once in 15 days
	vulture	room, Nursery, holding,		
		colony aviaries		



Scrubbing and disinfecting walls with lime



F10, a strong and safe disinfectant



Potable municipal water supply for drinking



Perches are wound and disinfected every month

17. Health Check-up of employees for zoonotic diseases

SI.	Name	Designation	Date of Health Check up	Findings	of
No.				Health	Check
				ир	
1.	Mr. Jaikishan Sharma	Supervisor	Due to Corona pandemic	NA	
			no hospital visits were		
			permitted. So, no health		
			check could be conducted.		
			There was also acute		
			shortage of funding.		
2.	Tek Singh	Vulture	ditto	ditto	
		Attendant			
3.	Ravi Kumar	Vulture	ditto	ditto	
		Attendant			
4.	Manohar Lal	Vulture	ditto	ditto	
		Attendant			

5.	Devidutt Sharma	Vulture	ditto	ditto
		Attendant		
6.	Sukhdev	Vulture	ditto	ditto
		Attendant		
7.	Ved Prakash	Vulture	ditto	ditto
		Attendant		

18. Development works carried out in the Rescue Centre during the year

Inauguration of the newly constructed 6th colony aviary by Forest Minister

The Haryana Forest Development Corporation (HFDC) completed the construction of 6th



colony aviary and 15 vultures of 2 species the Oriental Whitebacked and Longbilleds were released in the aviary on 8th October 2020 by honorable **Forest** Minister Mr. Kanwar Pal. The aviary is of dimensions 100x40x20' and can house 30-35 birds.

19. Important events and happenings

Reintroduction Programme of vultures

a. Release of 8 critically endangered Oriental White-backed vultures in the wild on 8th October 2020

The most awaited moment of Vulture Programme arrived on 8th October 2020 when 8 critically endangered Oriental White-backed vultures were released, for the first time in India, from the pre-release aviary of Jatayu Conservation Breeding Centre by honourable Mr. Kanwar Pal, Cabinet Minister of Haryana, Forest & Wildlife Department, in the presence of Dr. Mrs. Amarinder Kaur, IFS, PCCF, (HOFF), Mr. Alok Verma, IFS, Chief Wildlife Warden and several Senior Forest officials of Haryana Forest Department. The vultures were released by lifting the gate of the aviary by rolling the pulley located in a hide 50m away from the aviary.

All the 8 vultures were deployed with transmitters on their backs and orange coloured wing tags on both the wings. Four of the vultures were deployed with Satellite Transmitters (PTTs) and four with GSM tags which work on mobile phone technology. Six vultures were 7-8 years old and captive hatched while 2 were adults and rescued from the wild. The 2 rescued wild

caught adults will act as guide birds to the captive bred birds as they were experienced and knew the tricks of survival in the wild in terms of locating food and predator avoidance. All the released vultures could fly well but are still around 50 km from the centre. One vulture died of electrocution and two got injured and were brought back to the centre and were released back after they got became healthy.

b. Monitoring habitat in a radius of 100 km from pre-release aviary to ensure the success of the release programme

The vultures are known to go over 100 km in a day in search for food. It is imperative to ensure



that at least the area in a radius of 100 km is safe for vultures; it has enough food, habitat and no other problems for its survival. The habitat evaluation was carried out during 2019-20, before the birds were released in the wild.

The following parameters were monitored:

- 1. Population of free ranging Gyps vultures in the area
- 2. Prevalence of veterinary non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs
- 3. Food availability
- 4. Habitat availability
- 5. Any other threat to vultures

Before releasing the Vultures in October 2020 in the wild, the undercover pharmacy survey carried out in 2019-20 had revealed that the vulture safe drug meloxicam was the most popular drug for cattle treatment as 46.7% (n=80) pharmacies offered this drug. The prevalence of the vulture toxic drug, diclofenac was very low and only 5.6% (n=80) pharmacies sold this drug. All these were human formulations of 3 mL ampoules or as tablets. There was a small population of OWBV in the area which was revealed by the road transect surveys. Mostly Egyptian Vultures were counted at carcass dumps. Over 200 birds were counted in October 2020. Good number of OWBV were attracted to the pre-release aviary regularly, a maximum of 69 OWBV were recorded in July 2019. The regular monitoring of carcass dumps revealed good food availability to vultures.

However due to COVID restriction and shortage of funds, no habitat monitoring could be carried out during 2020-21.

c. Release of the Action Plan for Vulture Conservation in India 2020-2025

The centre played a major role in drafting the Action Plan for Vulture Conservation in India



2020-2025. The action plan was released by the Union Minister of State, MoEF&CC, Mr. Babul Supriyo on 9th November 2020 in the presence of Dr. Sanjay Kumar, IFS, Director General of Forests & Spl. Secy, MoEF&CC, Mr. Soumitra Dasgupta, IFS, Additional Director General of Forests

(Wildlife), MoEF&CC, Mr. S. P. Yadav, IFS, Member Secretary, Central Zoo Authority, Mr. Amit Kumar, IFS, Inspector General of Forest, Mr. Rakesh Kumar Jagenia, IFS, Deputy Inspector General of Forest (Wildlife).

Vibhu Prakash and Nikita Prakash attended the function from BNHS. The Action Plan is entirely drafted by BNHS. The Action Plan is for 5 years and it identifies the Veterinary NSAIDS as the main cause of crash in Vulture Population in the country. It gives the road map of prevention of poisoning of the principal food of vultures, the cattle carcasses, and advocates automatic ban on an NSAID if found toxic to vultures. It recommends safety testing of all the available veterinary NSAIDs of unknown toxicity.

20. Seasonal special arrangements for upkeep of animals

I. Once again high-quality shade cloth was laid on top of all aviaries to provide additional



shade. This cloth brings down the temperature by 5°C.

II. Instead of only 2 water troughs filled in winter months, all 4 water troughs were filled during peak summer months of May, June, July and August to keep the birds cool and hydrated.

III. New nest cots, perches, stumps, sand are provided

in all aviaries before the onset of breeding season for successful breeding.

21. Research work carried out and publications

Awareness programmes for vulture conservation

Due to the Covid-related restrictions, several awareness meetings, to raise vulture conservation awareness, were mainly held virtually. A total of 11 webinars were conducted during the period for audiences ranging from Forest Officials to Veterinarians to College students.

Forest Department is the custodian of wildlife and is responsible for the implementation of Wildlife Protection Act 1972. The centre gave extensive information on vulture conservation to various sources like MoEF&CC, CZA, Forest Departments of Madhya Pradesh, Kundal Forest Academy, Maharashtra, State Forest Academy, Sunder Nagar, Himachal Pradesh and Veterinary Officers of Bihar Forest Department. The trainee officers were from various states and it was possible to create awareness among large number of officers.

Prestigious organisations like Regional Museum of Natural History, Bhubaneshwar, Odisha, Deccan Birders, Hyderabad, Telangana gave vulture conservation a wider exposure. Wildlife week was utilised to sensitise students of Lady Doak, Madurai, PGDAV college, Delhi University, and Zoology Department of Goa University.

The awareness programmes conducted from April 2020 to March 2021 are summarized below:

S. No.	Date	Mode	Organiser	Delivered by
1	4 th July 2020	Virtual	Central Zoo	Vibhu Prakash
			Authority	
2	3 rd October	Virtual	MoEF&CC Wildlife	Vibhu Prakash
	2020		Week celebration	
3	5 th	Virtual	Madhya Pradesh	Vibhu Prakash
	September		State Forest	
	2020		Department	
4	7 th October	Virtual	Regional Museum	Vibhu Prakash
	2020		of natural History,	
			Bhubaneshwar	
5	9 th October	Virtual	Wildlife week,	Nikita
	2020		Department of	
			Zoology, Lady Doak	

			College, Madurai, TN	
6	10 th October 2020	Virtual	PGDAV College, University of Delhi	Vibhu Prakash
7	15 th October 2020	Virtual	Kundal Forest Academy, Maharashtra	Nikita
8	6 th December 2020	Virtual	Deccan birders, Hyderabad, Telangna	Vibhu Prakash
9	2 nd February 2021	Virtual	Goa University, Dept. of Zoology	Vibhu Prakash
10	18 th March 2021	Physical	27 Range Forest Officers, Sunder nagar, Himachal FD	Nikita
11	19 th March 2021	Physical	Training course for Veterinarians of Bihar Forest Department by Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun	Vibhu Prakash

22. Rescue and Rehabilitation of wild animals

		None	None		None	None		None	None	
			(M: F: U:	T)		CZA				
		None	with thei	r sex		the CWL	W/	None		
			animals	rescued		of Repor	t to			
	No.	Rescue	number	of	from	Submissi	on			
Ī	SI.	Date of	Species	with	Received	Date	of	Action taken		

23. Annual Inventory of animals

Form - II

[See Rule 11(1)]

Part – A

Inventory Report for the Year: 1st April 2020-31st March 2021

S.	Animal	Scientif	Ор	ening	Stock a	s on	В	irths		Ac	qui	si	Di	spo	s	D	eat	h	Cl	osing S	tock a	s on
N	Name	ic name								tio	n		al									
о.																						
			М	F	U	Т	М	F	U	М	F	C	М	F	C	М	F	U	М	F	U	Τ
1.	Long- billed vultures	Gyps indicus	21	23	141	185	0	0	10*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	23	151	195
2.	Oriental White- backed vultures	Gyps bengale nsis	13	14	97	124	0	0	14*	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	9	10	111	130
3.	Slender- billed vultures	Gyps tenuiro stris	7	7	31	45	0	0	6*	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	37	51
	Total		41	44	269	354	0	0	30*	0	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	37	40	299	376

*Animals under Schedule I and Schedule II of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972

Where

4 nestlings of April 2020 + 6 nestlings of March 2021
 9 nestlings of April 2020 + 5 nestlings of March 2021
 04 nestlings of April 2020 + 02 nestlings of March 2021

Total30* 17 nestlings of April 2020 + 13 nestlings of March 2021

24. Mortality of animals

Sl.No.	Animal Name	Scientific Name	Sex	Date of	Reason of
	(with			Death	Death as
	individual				per the
	identification				Post-
	mark, if any)				mortem
					findings
1.	No mortality				

25. Compliance with conditions stipulated by the Central Zoo Authority

Sr.	Norm	Condition	Time Period	Since when	Status with regard to
No	No.	stipulated	to comply	pending	compliance of the
	under				conditions
	RZR,				
	2009				
1.	10.5(2)	Water sample	One month		The vultures are given
		to be tested			potable municipal water
					supply for drinking.
2.	10.5(5)	Perches and	Regular	Not	Done
		shelves should	basis	pending as	
		be cleaned and		they are	
		disinfected		cleaned	
		regularly		once every	
				15 days.	
3.	10.9(3)	Acquisition of	Immediately	Not	No bird was rescued during
		rescued birds	as and when	pending	the year
			rescued		
4.	10.5(3)	Shifting of	At the	Not	No bird was shifted from
		birds from one	earliest	pending	one centre to other.
		centre to other			