

Annual Report 2022-23

**Van Vihar National
Park, Bhopal**



"A lion pride is not a cohesive social unit in the sense of all members being together all the time;"

George B. Schaller

Citation - Balakrishnan P, Sinha S.K., Gupta A., Nandwanshi V.B. (2022-23) Annual Report Van Vihar National Park & Zoo, Bhopal, 2022-23.

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Director's Desk-

I am pleased to present the Annual Report of the Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal for the financial year (2022 -2023). The Zoo has attracted around 7 lakh visitors this year. The abandoned and rescued animals from the wild are housed at Van Vihar. Every effort has been made to provide required housing, feed and health care to all the animals in the zoo and the rescue center.

This year being the year of Pro Planet People and Mission LIFE, Van Vihar has been declared as a no plastic zone in totality. Visitors are not allowed to carry any form of single use plastics inside and they are provided with facilities like hire a bottle and water ATMs at strategic locations to provide them with clean and cool drinking water.

Being located at the centre of the capital city, the park is always attracted by nature enthusiast, educationists, school children and general public in large numbers. Any awareness generation activity carried out here has a long standing and extended impact. Hence all the important days of wildlife and conservation are celebrated by organizing spot quiz, various competition, debate, etc.

The weekly nature camp for school children, summer camps and anubhuthi along with the week long wild week celebrations are the major efforts taken in this year on the front.

The zoo is surely trying to cater to the nature enthusiast by increasing the number of animals on exhibits, interpretation and signage.

Animals in the zoo and the rescue centre are taken care of by experienced team of health care officers and zookeepers.

The team of Van Vihar deserves appreciation for their dedication and sincerity in animal care, habitat management and the maintenance of the zoo.

I appreciate all their contribution for the upliftment of the zoo and for the successful maintenance of the zoo.

History of the Zoo

Van Vihar, centrally situated on the banks of the expansive man-made wetland 'Bhoj Tal,' stands as a testament to successful conservation and biodiversity preservation. Notified as a national park in 1983, the journey began with the acquisition of revenue land, involving the relocation of three villages. Over four decades, dedicated conservation efforts have transformed the landscape, once denuded and degraded, into a thriving green forest spanning 445 hectares.

Responding to public demand, the park initially housed rescued animals in large enclosures. Subsequently, with the establishment of the Central Zoo Authority (CZA), in 1994 Van Vihar gained recognition as a medium-sized zoo. Presently, the park-cum-zoo houses carnivores in specialized enclosures, while herbivores are free-ranging.

Beyond its role as a zoo, Van Vihar is recognized as a rescue cum rehabilitation center, exemplifying its commitment to the welfare of wildlife. The park's strategic location at the heart of the city amplifies its role as an educational and recreational hub, fostering a connection between urban life and biodiversity.

Van Vihar has further earned distinction as a center for the conservation breeding of endangered species, like tigers, lions, and leopards. This recognition underscores its pivotal role in contributing to the conservation and propagation of these majestic species, aligning with broader efforts to safeguard biodiversity.

In summary, Van Vihar's rich history and multifaceted roles as a national park, zoo, rescue and rehabilitation center, and a hub for conservation breeding highlight its crucial contribution to wildlife preservation, education, and public engagement.

"CHIKU" The First Tiger of Van Vihar

Time line of Van Vihar

1971	The then Chief Minister M.P. Expressed its intention to preserve about 1000 acres of land on the banks of the big lake for the Zoological / Botanical Garden.
1977	In the month of February, it was officially decided to build a zoo on the banks of Bade Talab.
1980	M.P. government started the process of acquiring 450 hectares of land, in which apart from the government land, the land of the farmers of Prempura, Dharampuri and Amkheda areas was also included.
1981	The preliminary notification for the construction of Van Vihar in 445.21 hectares of land was published on 16 September 1981.
1981	Dated 2.10.1981 The "Foundation Stone" of Van Vihar was laid by the then Chief Minister M.P. was placed by Hon'ble Late Shri Arjun Singh.
1981	The first director of Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal, self. Mr. P.M. Lad, Were pampered
1982	The first Tiger of Forest Vihar "Chiku" which was rescued from Bandhavgarh.
1983	M.P. Publication of notification of Van Vihar National Park in Gazette 15-01-83 (JMD)-2 dated 18.02.1983 effective date 26.01.1983
1987	Gate no. 1 (Ramu Gate) and 2 (Chiku Gate) were constructed in the year 1987-88.
1992	Gharial, pond, bird sanctuary pond were constructed in the year 1992-93.
1992	"Inder" the first lion was born on 12 February 1992 in Van Vihar.
1993	"Salma" the first tigress was born on May 25, 1993 in Van Vihar.
1994	The first leopard was born in Van Vihar on 16 April 1994.
1994	The Vihar Vithika at Van Vihar was constructed in the year 1994-95.
1994	Van Vihar was declared a medium category zoo by the Central Zoo Authority on 24.11.1994.
1996	The first hyena Dharmendra (male) was born on 9 May 1996 in Van Vihar.
1998	The wildlife hospital was constructed for the treatment of wild animals in Van Vihar, in the year 1998-99.
2003	Snake enclosure at Van Vihar was constructed in the year 2003-04.
2005	The Rescue Center was constructed in the year 2005-06.
2008	Butterfly Park was constructed.
2013	Construction of Vulture Center at Kerwa, Van Vihar.
2018	Bird Interpretation Center was established at Van Vihar.
2020	Renovation and reestablishment of Butterfly park on 29.07.2020

VISION

Van Vihar is envisaged to become a nodal centre for research, knowledge creation and education in the field of wildlife health, wildlife management, wildlife rescue and conservation of wild fauna of central India by *in-situ* and *ex-situ* means.

VVNP would strive to develop world class display facility for the species of local, regional and national importance and species from other parts of the world as well in a limited capacity following CZA guidelines for the purpose of education and awareness generation along with world class interpretation facility.

MISSION

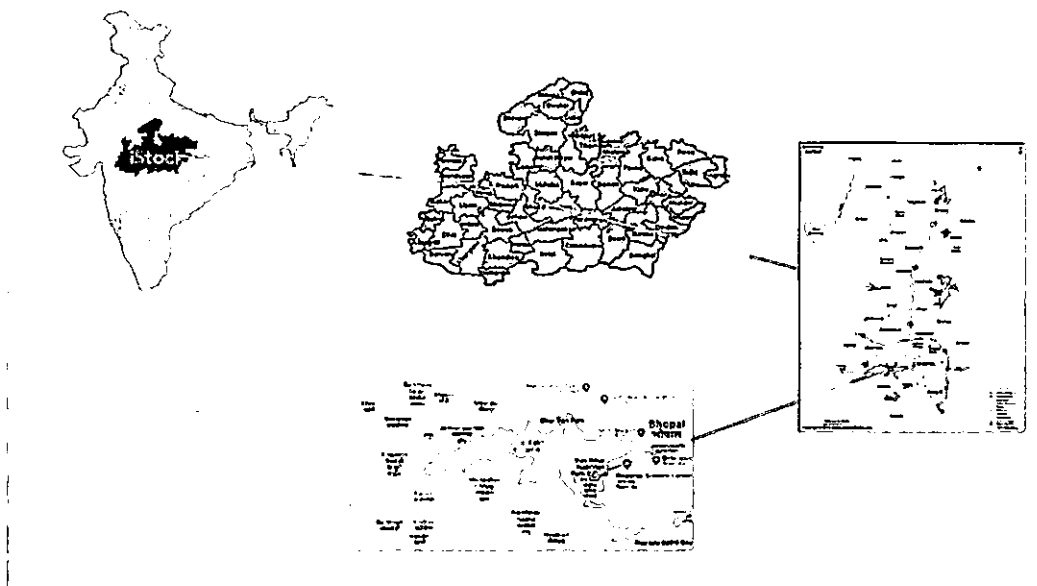
- I. Compliment the national efforts in conservation of wildlife through planned coordinated conservation breeding of endangered wild animal species of Central India.
- II. Develop amongst visitors, empathy for wild animals and motivate them to support the cause of conservation of wildlife.
- III. Develop amongst the visitors an understanding about the ecological linkages with the life supporting processes of nature and the need for keeping them intact by adopting sustainable life styles and living in harmony with nature.
- IV. Enhancing the role of zoos in conservation of wildlife through collaborative research aiming at attaining management skills for *in-situ* population and carrying out advocacy for protecting the wild animals and their natural habitat.
- V. To act as Rescue Centre by receiving and keeping orphaned, seized, rescued, injured wild animals subject to availability of appropriate housing for the same.

OBJECTIVE

- I. To manage in captivity the wildlife of central India along with animals from other bio geographic regions of India in near-natural simulated habitat conditions to serve as a repository of genes and in-case of further expansion of the area of the zoo some rare exotic species can also be displayed in that area.
- II. To pursue conservation breeding of some rare and endangered species like- Tiger, Asiatic lion, Gyps vultures and Hard ground Barasingha etc.
- III. To provide the visitors, through a well-designed 'Interpretation programme' an opportunity to enjoy, experience, understand and appreciate nature and the need to conserve wildlife.
- IV. To carry out appropriate studies to strengthen both *in-situ* and *ex-situ* wildlife management.
- V. To serve as rescue center in Madhya Pradesh for orphaned, weak, diseased, injured and aged animals found unfit for release in the wild as well as those rescued from traditional animal performers and Circuses.

Information about Van Vihar National Park & Zoo (About Us)

VAN VIHAR NATIONAL PARK, ZOO BHOPAL

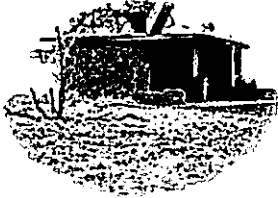
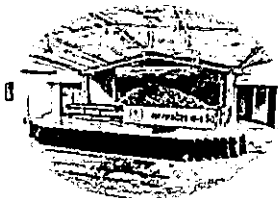
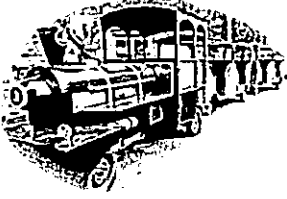

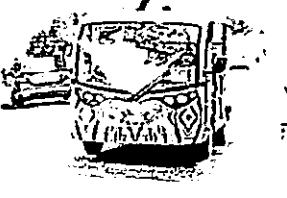
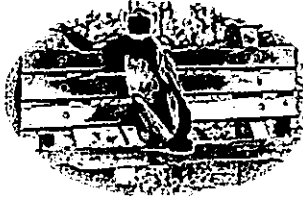


Basic Information about the Zoo

S.No.	Particulars	Information
1	Name of the Zoo	Van Vihar National Park - Zoo, Bhopal
2	Year of Establishment	24.11.1994
3	Address of the Zoo	Van Vihar National Park - Zoo, Bhadbhada Road, Bhopal, M.P. – 462003
4	State	Madhya Pradesh
5	Telephone Number	0755-2674278
6	Fax Number	0755-2674278
7	E-mail address	dirvvp.bpl@mp.gov.in
8	Website	mpforest.gov.in , www.vanviharnationalpark.org
9	Distance from nearest	Airport: about 17 km.
		Railway Station: about 7 km.
		Bus Stand: about 8 km.
10	Recognition Valid upto (Date)	19 August 2022
11	Category of zoo	Small

S.No.	Particulars	Information
12	Area (in Hectares)	445.21 hectares
13	Number of Visitors (Financial Year 2021-22)	Adult and Children : - 362664
		Total Indian : 362664
		Total Foreigners : -
		Total Visitors: 362664

14. Visitor Amenities available in Zoo

☞ Food Kiosks and Restaurant		
☞ Drinking water		
☞ Public Toilets		
☞ Deer Safari		
☞ Nature camp		
☞ Summer camp		
☞ Battery Operated Vehicles on Rent		
☞ Toy Train		
☞ Bicycles services for the visitors on rental basis		
☞ Sit-outs and Rain-shelters		
☞ Wheel Chair (Free of Cost)		
☞ Interpretation Centre		
☞ Open Amphitheatre		

15. Weekly Closure Day of the Zoo

Friday

16. Management Personnel of the Zoo

Name with designation of the Officer in-charge	Smt. Padmapriya Balakrishnan (IFS)
Name of the Veterinary Officer	Dr. Atul Gupta,
Name of the Curator	Shri S. K. Sinha

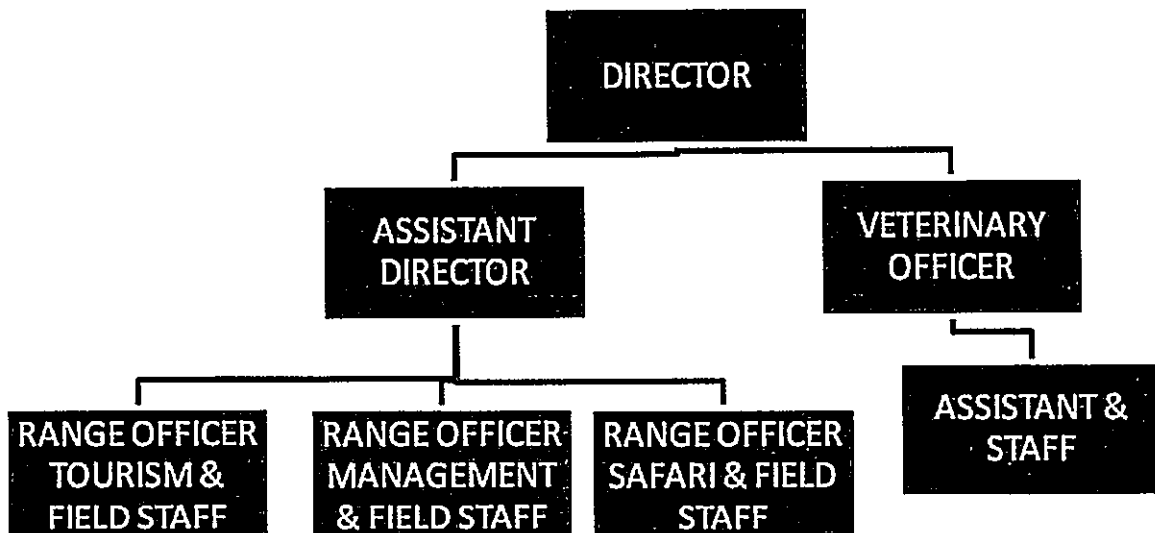
17. Owner / Operator of the Zoo

17. Name of the Operator	Shri Atul Kumar Mishra
18. Address of the Operator	Secretariat, MP Govt. Vallabh Bhawan Bhopal
19. Contact details/Phone number of Operator	0755-2579747
20. E-mail address	secyforest@mp.gov.in

Uniqueness of Van Vihar

- ❖ The location – on the bank of upper lake and at the centre of the city
- ❖ The National Park cum Zoo is an ideal centre for environmental and conservation education and it is also a cultural and entertainment centre of Bhopal
- ❖ Being a rescue and rehabilitation centre of the state the Park has the updated facility of health care for wild animals
- ❖ Van Vihar is also recognized by CZA for conservation breeding of tiger, lion, hard ground Barasingha and Vulture.

Organisational Chart



Human Resources

S.No	Designation	Sanctioned Strength	Working Strength	Vacancy
Administrative personnel				
1	Director	1	1	0
2	Assistant Director	1	1	0
3	Veterinary Officer	1	1	0
4	Superintendent	1	0	1
5	Stenographer	1	0	1
6	Assistant grade-I	1	1	0
7	Accountant	1	0	1
8	Assistant grade-II	2	1	1
9	Cinema Operator	1	1	0
10	Draftsman	1	1	0
11	Assistant Grade-III	4	4	0
12	Driver	2	2	0
13	Peon	2	2	0
14	Daftari	1	1	0
Executive Personnel				
15	Range Officer	6	3	3
16	Deputy Ranger	3	0	3
17	Forester	10	7	3
18	Forest gaurd	43	40	3
19	Animal Keeper	-	56	-
	Total	82	124	14

Retirements and transfers during the year

Joined us

- Smt. Padmapriya Balakrishnan (IFS), Director, Van Vihar National Park & Zoo, Joined on 29.08.2022
- Shri Sunil Kumar Sinha, Deputy Director, Van Vihar National Park & Zoo Joined on 29.07.2022
- Shri Siddarth Singh Range officer, Joined on 20.07.2022
- Shri Nanheveer Namdev, Forest Guard, Joined on 28.10.2022

Left us

- Shri H.C. Gupta (IFS), Director, Van Vihar transferred on 29.08.2022
- Shri A.K.Jain, SDO, Van Vihar, transferred on 29.07.2022
- Shri D.S.Puriya, Range officer, transferred on 14.10.2022
- Smt. Sikha Tiwari, Range officer, Transferred on 29.08.2022
- Smt. Dipti Tantuvay, Forester, transferred on 15.03.23
- Smt. Swati Namdev, Forest Guard, transferred on 15.03.2022
- Shri Nikhat Afvoz Assistant grade – II, Retired from service on 31.07.2022
- Shri Naresh Chandra Mishra Forester, Retired from service on 31.12.2022

Exposure Visits

- Shri Naval Prasad Kushwaha, Forest Guard.
- Shri Sachin Kumar Parsai, Forest Guard.
- Shri Manoj Kumar Raikwar, Zoo Keeper.

These are the respective person visited Pandit Deendayal Upadhyay, New Delhi on 13.09.2023 to 15.09.2023 for training program.

Shri Naval Kushwaha, Forest Guard and Shri Vinod Kumar Jatav, Forest Guard visited Nahargarh Biological Park, Jaipur Rajasthan on 16.03.2023 to 18.03.2023 for capacity building workshop.

Shri Rup Kumar Mehar, Forest Guard visited Indra Gandhi Zoo Logical Park, Vishakhapatnam for capacity building workshop for Zoo Keepers on 15.03.2021 to 17.03.2021.

Shri Manoj Jatav, Forest Guard, Shri Deendayal Upadhyay, Forest Guard and Shri Jasman Singh Raghuwanshi, Forest Guard visited Kamla Nehru Zoo Logical Garden, Kakdiya, Ahemdabad, Gujrat for capacity building workshop for Zoo Keepers on 14.02.2021 to 18.02.2021.



Management of Van Vihar

Total area of Van Vihar is divided into three zones for the purpose of management. These units are headed by Range officers.

1- Safari Unit

2- Management Unit

3- Tourism Unit and

4- The veterinary unit is headed by a Veterinary Officer. The Hospital, Rescue squad and supporting staff are managed by him.



Tourism zone-

- ❖ Tourism zone headed by a Range officer Tourism
- ❖ The zone is confined to either side of the motorable road running from Gate no 1 to Gate 2 of the Park. The road covers a distance of 4.8km abetted on one side by

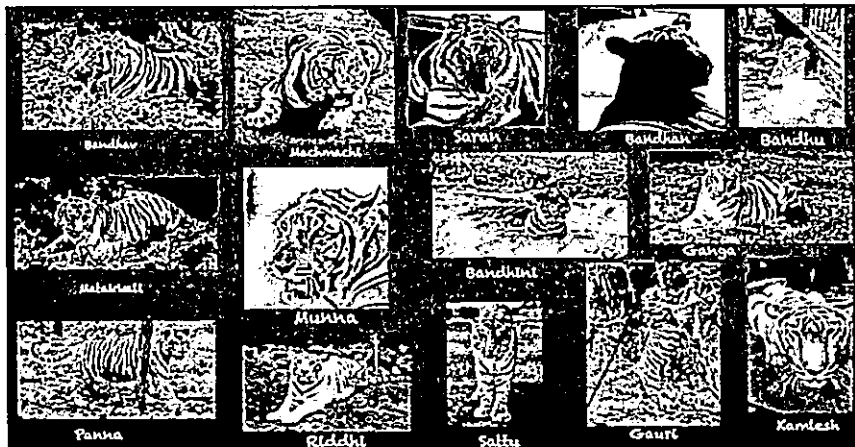
the bada talab and National Park on the other.

- ❖ There are animal enclosures on both the side of the road along with interpretation centres, signages and visitor amenities.
- ❖ The tourism zone caters to the need of the visitors and the fee collected is deposited in the Park development fund which is later utilized for various activities of Park and Zoo management.



Management Zone-

- The National Park area excluding safari and Tourism are managed for the free ranging animals by the Management unit of the park.
- The Management unit is headed by a range officer
- The management unit is responsible for grass land management and management of other infrastructures like water, drainage and the administrative buildings



Safari unit-

Safari unit looks after all the captive animals kept in display enclosures and rescue centers. Safari unit is responsible for feed, health and hygiene of animals kept in captivity.

Zoo Advisory Committee-

Proposal has been sent to Govt of M.P. through C.W.L.W M.P. approval is awaited.

Health Advisory Committee-

Constitution of Health Advisory Committee - Health Advisory Committee constituted in the year 2021 by the order of Principle Chief Conservator of Forests and Chief Wildlife Warden order no./ tourism/ 301 dt. 25.06.2021 and the meeting was held on 15.02.2022.

Members -

Sr. No.	Member	Designation
1.	Director Van Vihar	President
2.	Assistant Professor. School of Wildlife Forensic and Health, Jabalpur,	Member
3.	Representative of State Veterinary Hospital Bhopal	Member
4.	Representative of D.I. Lab Bhopal	Member
5.	Veterinary Officer, Van Vihar,	Member Secretary

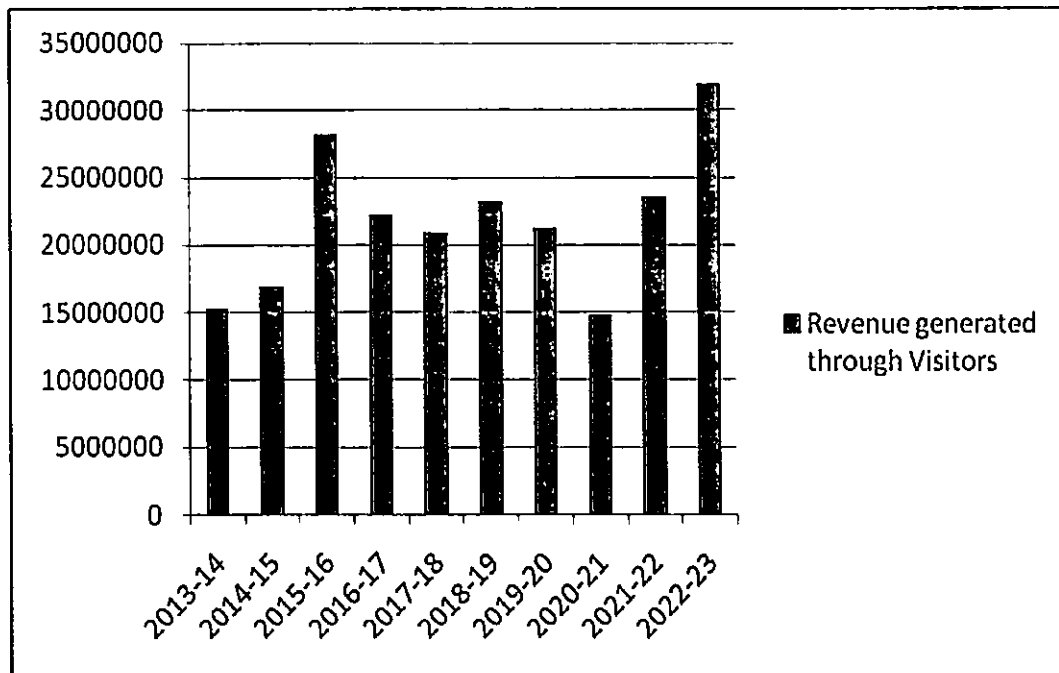
Special invitees:

Assistant Director V.V.N.P. Bhopal
Veterinary Officer Wildlife SOS Van Vihar Bhopal,
Range Officer Safari, V.V.N.P. Bhopal
Range Officer Management, V.V.N.P. Bhopal
Range Officer Tourism, V.V.N.P. Bhopal
and concerned animal keeper



Sr. No	Activity	Type	Revenue generated
1	Entry Fee	Pedestrians	3943440
		Bicycle	1779060
		Two Wheeler	7114500
		Three Wheeler	1671640
		Four Wheelers	14950800
		Bus	265000
2	Concessional Entry Fee (in all categories)		252680
3	Rental Fee for Safari Vehicle and BOV		1711240
5	Outsourcing of Kiosks		
6	Fines and Penalties		162430
7	Bank Interest		
8	Other Miscellaneous		
9	Nature Trail	4500	4500

The total Annual Revenue generated for the financial year 2021-22 is Rs. 3185290/-



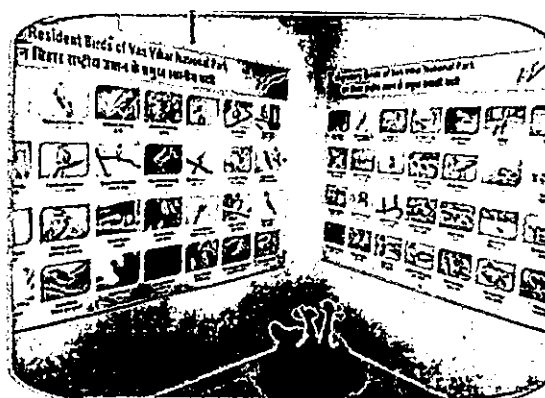
Visitors and Revenue Generated in Last Ten Years

S.No.	Year	Number Of Visitors	Revenue generated through Visitors
1.	2013-14	385209	15208550
2.	2014-15	510496	16907630
3.	2015-16	402670	28106335
4.	2016-17	419545	22193918
5.	2017-18	566084	20873715
6.	2018-19	616804	23131530
7.	2019-20	549563	21195595
8.	2020-21	362664	14790640
9.	2021-22	573017	23563160
10.	2022-23	785860	31855290

Statement of income and expenditure of the Zoo

S. No.	NAME OF PLAN	ALLOTMENT	EXPENDITURE
1.	10-2046 NON PLAN (2899)	64981919	64981919
2.	10-4406 PLAN (7882)	0	0
3.	10-2046 PLAN 3730- Central Assistance	2852000	1140065
4.	PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND	55918376	36610086
5.	10-2406-5317	0	0
6.	10-2216-6218 maintenance of building	1396143	1396143
7.	10-2406-6355	8849485	8849485
8.	10-4406-4342	64197	64197
9.	CZA	883000	835674
10.	Tiger Foundation Society	1263805	1245828

Bird Interpretation Centre –

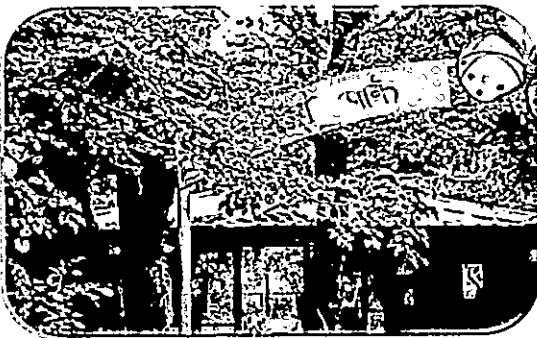


Van Vihar National Park, situated along the Upper Lake, is host to a diverse avian population. The Bird Interpretation Center, located near Snake Park, provides an immersive experience for visitors. The park is home for 266 distinct bird species and an

open aviary for aquatic birds. Additionally, it features sculpture of birds and mimic of their nests. Future plans encompass the establishment of a walk-through bird aviary near the center, offering an educational journey. The park's dedication to conservation and education is evident in its endeavors to preserve and inspire avian life.

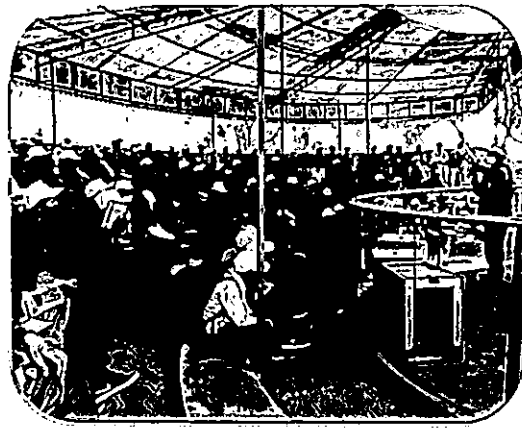
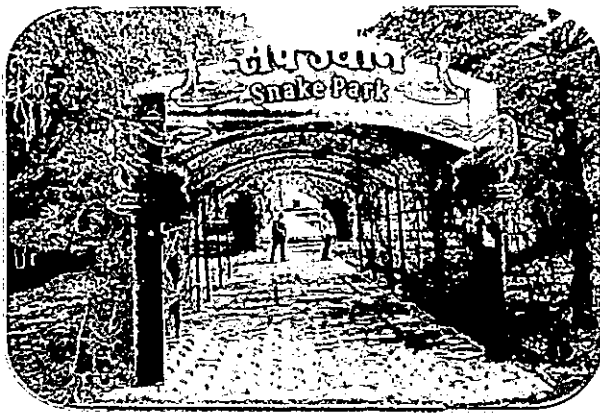


Butterfly Park-



The butterfly park is situated opposite the snake park and serves as an open display area. It has recent been renovated, including the planting of nectar and host plants to attract freely roaming butterflies. Additionally, features such as butterfly breeding chambers and signage aimed at imparting information to small children have been added in an engaging manner.

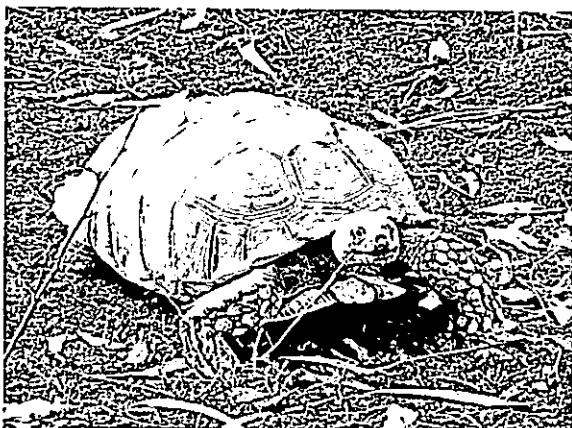
Snake park-



The Snake Park was established in the Van Vihar in the year 2006, where it currently houses snakes rescued from Bhopal and the surrounding areas. All the prominent snake species of Central India are displayed in this facility. However, there is an urgent need for the renovation of the existing infrastructure and the construction of a modern serpentarium, as per the sanctioned layout plan.

Van Vihar, also recognized as the Snake Transition Centre, documented the rescue of a total of 696 snakes from Bhopal and its environs during the year 2022-23. Following a comprehensive health check-up, individuals requiring treatment are attended to by the park's veterinarian. Subsequently, they are kept under observation before being released back into their natural environment. Out of the 696 individuals, 623 have been successfully reintroduced into the wild. Presently, Van Vihar accommodates 73 snakes out of the 696 individuals.

The sulcata tortoise (*Geochelone sulcata*), commonly known as the African spurred tortoise, ranks among the largest tortoise species globally. Featuring a brown to yellow shell and robust, yellow-brown skin, these impressive creatures are distinguished by sharp spurs on their legs. Indigenous to arid and semi-arid regions in sub-Saharan Africa, they inhabit a range of landscapes including hills, stable dunes, and flat areas adorned with scrub and tall grass. They exhibit a preference for areas near disrupted streams or rivers.



In their natural habitat, the sulcata tortoises display remarkable adaptation strategies. To cope with the arid conditions, they excavate burrows in the ground, reaching impressive depths of up to 15 meters and extending lengths of up to 30 meters. These burrows serve as a refuge during the hottest parts of the day, providing the tortoises' access to areas with higher moisture levels.

In 2018 African Territories were brought to Van Vihar, total 5 individual were rescued by the state strike force rescuers. Here, the tortoises undergo health check-ups and are carefully observed during a quarantine period. Recently, a specially designed facility equipped with all necessary amenities has been constructed to ensure the well-being of these remarkable creatures. This dedicated space allows for the meticulous care and attention required to support their health and habitat needs while contributing to their conservation efforts.

New Arrival in the Zoo



New Arrival at Van Vihar National Park On the 5th of November 2022, a female lion named Ganga was relocated from the Kamla Nehru Zoological Museum in Indore to the Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal.

Daily feed Schedule of Animals @vvnp

Sl. No	Species	Feed Item	Quantity		Day of Fasting
			Summer	Winter	
1	Tiger	Buffalo meat	7-9 kg/day	8-10 Kg/day	Friday
2	Lion	Buffalo meat	6-8 kg/day	6-8 kg/day	Friday
3	Leopard	Buffalo meat	3-3.5 kg/day	3.5-4kg/day	Friday
4	Hyena	Buffalo meat	2-3kg/day	2-3kg/day	Friday

5	Jackal	Buffalo meat	1.5-2kg/day	1.5-2kg/day	Friday
6	Sloth Bear	Morning			
		Mixed Flour (Sorgum, Corn, Barley, Wheat and Bajra)	535 g	535 g	-
		Balls of 05 flour with 10g salt			
		Egg boiled	01 No.	01 No.	
		Honey	50 gm	50 gm	
		Dates	100 gm	100 gm	
		Vegetables	150 gm	150 gm	
		Afternoon			
		Fruits (seasonal)	01 kg	01 kg	-
		Evening			
		Daliya	350 gm cooked in 07 lts water	350 gm cooked in 07 lts water	-
		Milk	01 Lts	01 Lts	
		Banana	02 no	02 no	
7	Gour	Dry and Green Fodder along with Sudana and Salt lick	Dry and Green Fodder along with 03 Kg Sudana and Salt lick	Dry and Green Fodder along with 03 Kg Sudana and Salt lick + Jaggery-01 kg	
8	Chowsingha	Dry and Green Fodder along with Sudana and Salt lick	As per requirement + 150 g Sudana	As per requirement + 150 g Sudana	
9	Crocodile and Gharihal	Buffalo meat	15 kg/ day for all	15 kg/ day for all	
10	Turtle	Buffalo meat	03 kg/alternate day for all	03 kg/alternate day for all	
11	Star Tortoise	Vegetable	100-150 gm/day	100-150 gm/day	-

Vaccination Schedule of Animals

S.N.	Species	Disease vaccinated for	Name of Vaccine	dosage	quantity used	Periodicity	Remarks
1	Tiger	Feline Rhinotracheitis + Calici + Panleukopenia	Fel-o-vax	Single	01 ml	Yearly	
2	Leopard	Feline Rhinotracheitis + Calici + Panleukopenia	Fel-o-vax	Single	01 ml	Yearly	
3	Lion	Feline Rhinotracheitis + Calici + Panleukopenia	Fel-o-vax	Single	01 ml	Yearly	
4	Hyena	Rabies	Raksharab	Single	01 ml	Yearly	
		canine distemper, canine adenovirus, canine parvo, canine parainfluenza canine leptospirosis	Nobivac DHPPI+ Lepto	Single		Yearly	
5	Jackal	Rabies	Raksharab	Single	01 ml	Yearly	
		canine distemper, canine adenovirus, canine parvo, canine parainfluenza canine leptospirosis	Nobivac DHPPI+ Lepto	Single		Yearly	
6	Sloth Bear	Rabies		Defencer		Yearly	
		canine distemper, canine adenovirus, canine parvo, canine parainfluenza, canine leptospirosis		Vanguard plus 5L4		Yearly	

De-worming Schedule of Animals

S.No	Species	Drug used	Periodicity	Month
1	Tiger	Praziquintal+ Ivermectin, Albendazole, Praziquintal+ Pyrantel Pamoate, Fenbendazole, Albendazole,	Quarterly	June, Sep., Dec., March
2	Leopard	Praziquintal+ Ivermectin, Albendazole, Praziquintal+ Pyrantel Pamoate, Fenbendazole, Albendazole,	Quarterly	June, Sep., Dec., March
3	Lion	Praziquintal+ Ivermectin, Albendazole, Praziquintal+ Pyrantel Pamoate, Fenbendazole, Albendazole,	Quarterly	June, Sep., Dec., March
4	Hyena	Praziquintal+ Ivermectin, Albendazole, Praziquintal+ Pyrantel Pamoate, Fenbendazole, Albendazole,	Quarterly	June, Sep., Dec., March
5	Jackal	Praziquintal+ Ivermectin, Albendazole, Praziquintal+ Pyrantel Pamoate,	Quarterly	June, Sep., Dec.,

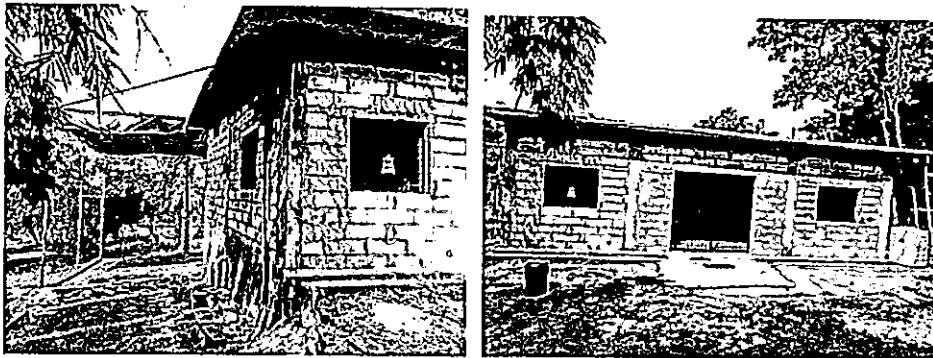
		Fenbendazole, Albendazole,		March
6	Sloth Bear	Fenbendazole, Albendazole+ Ivermectin, Praziquintal+ Pyrantel Pamoate+Febantel	Quarterly	May, August, Nov.Feb
7	Gour	Albendazole, Fenbendazole	Quarterly	June, Sep.,Dec., March

DISINFECTION SCHEDULE

S. No.	Species	Type of enclosure	Disinfectant used and method	Frequency of disinfection
1	Tiger	Housing	Fumigation	Monthly
2	Tiger	Housing	Bleaching powder	Monthly
3	Tiger	Housing	Lyzol	Daily
4	Tiger	Water hole in enclosure	lime	fortnight
5	Lion	Housing	Fumigation	Monthly
6	Lion	Housing	Bleaching powder	Monthly
7	Lion	Housing	Lyzol	Daily
8	Lion	Water hole in enclosure	Lime	fortnight
9	Leopard	Housing	Fumigation	Monthly
10	Leopard	Housing	Bleaching powder	Monthly
11	Leopard	Housing	Lyzol	Daily
12	Leopard	Water hole in enclosure	Lime	fortnight
13	Hyena	Housing	Fumigation	Monthly
14	Hyena	Housing	Bleaching powder	Monthly
15	Hyena	Housing	Lyzol	Daily
16	Hyena	Water hole in enclosure	Lime	fortnight
17	Sloth Bear	Housing	Fumigation	Monthly
18	Sloth Bear	Housing	Bleaching powder	Monthly
19	Sloth Bear	Housing	Lyzol	Daily
20	Sloth Bear	Water hole in enclosure	lime	fortnight

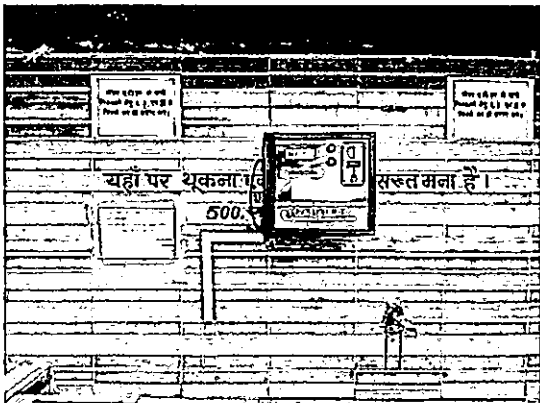
Development Works Carried Out In The Zoo During The Year

Construction works of lion housing was carried out in the february month 2022



The housing for the sloth bear has been renovated in the february March 2022. The meat house has been removed in the february March 2022.

The Van Vihar management has taken a proactive step towards ensuring the well-being of its visitors by strategically installing water ATMs at key locations within the park. To further encourage sustainable practices, visitors have the option to purchase reusable thermos-steel water bottles at the park's entrance. These water ATMs are designed to dispense pure and cool water, providing a convenient and accessible hydration solution for visitors. The process is streamlined and user-friendly, allowing individuals to avail themselves of the water supply by simply dropping a coin into the machine. This initiative not only addresses the immediate need for clean drinking water but also promotes environmental consciousness by offering reusable bottles. The thoughtful integration of water ATMs aligns with a commitment to visitor satisfaction and sustainability, enhancing the overall experience at Van Vihar.



Education and Awareness Programme During the Year

Van Vihar has experienced a significant surge in collaboration with educational institutions, NGOs, and various organizations such as WWF, Bhopal Birds, and the Tiger Foundation. These entities have actively partnered with the Van Vihar team to successfully conduct a diverse array of educational visits, awareness camps, and bird-watching events.

A notable achievement is the initiation of bird counting at Van Vihar, a venture facilitated through a fruitful collaboration with Bhopal Birds. The collective efforts have resulted in the identification of an impressive 266 bird species within the Van Vihar premises. The initiative not only contributes to biodiversity documentation but also enhances ecological understanding. School and collage children are the future of the nation. It is very important to mould the young minds forwards conservation to assure a safer future. Van Vihar's efforts towards the future of the nation are, weekly nature camp for school children, summer camp and the anubhuthi camps which are regularly organised as a routine affair.

The educational aspect is further enriched by the visits of numerous trainees, including those from the Indian Forest Service (I.F.S.), Assistant Conservator of Forests (A.C.F.), Range Officers, and Forest Guards, who frequent Van Vihar for learning purposes. This engagement reinforces Van Vihar's role as an educational hub for individuals involved in forest and wildlife management.

In addition to these educational endeavors, Van Vihar takes pride in organizing the State Wildlife Week on behalf of the Wildlife Wing. This annual event has become highly anticipated, especially among schools and students. The State Wildlife Week serves as a valuable platform for fostering awareness about wildlife conservation and environmental issues, contributing significantly to the park's educational and outreach initiatives.

Importing Events and happenings in the Zoo

State Wildlife Week 2022 Programs (1st to 7th October 2022)

Date	Events	Participants
01.10.2022	"Inauguration of the State Wildlife Week 2022"	
	"Inauguration of the Wildlife photo competition /exhibition"	
	Painting Competition	1085
	Participatory Cleanliness Drive in Van Vihar	67
02.10.2022	Bird watching & Nature camp	135
	Run for cheetah	170
03.10.2021	Bird watching & Nature camp	80
	Photography competition	75
	Rangoli competition	99
04.10.2022	Bird watching & Nature camp	65
	Debate for school students	32
05.10.2022	Bird watching	34
	Debate for teachers	15
	Mehndi Competition	77
	Palm Painting Competition	79

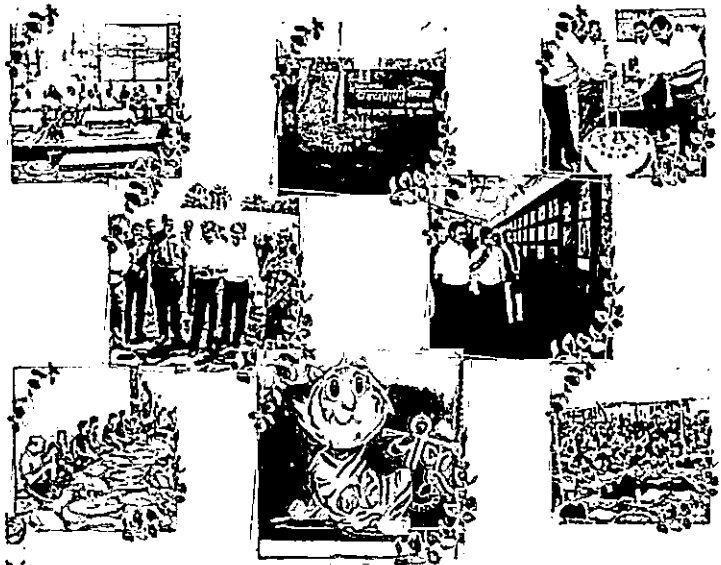
Date	Events	Participants
06.10.2022	Bird watching & nature camp	137
	Creative workshop	30
07.10.2022	Fancy Dress Competition (On Wildlife Theme)	41
	Face Painting Competition (On Wildlife Theme)	39
	Prize distribution & Closing ceremony	84

Glimpses of State Level Wildlife Week 2022.

The celebration was inaugurated by

Shri. Ashok Barnwal, Principal Secretary of the Forest of Madhya Pradesh. The distinguished event witnessed the esteemed presence of senior officials from the Forest Department of Madhya Pradesh, as well as enthusiastic participants.

Shri. Barnwal unveiled the Chiku musket, marking a significant moment of the celebration. Simultaneously, the event included the inauguration of a photo competition and exhibition. Various organizations were also contributed in the exhibition such as the Bamboo Mission, Madhya Pradesh Ecotourism Board, Social Forestry Wing, Madhya Pradesh Biodiversity Board, and Madhya Pradesh State Minor Forest Produce Co-operative Federation Ltd.



Bird Watching: -

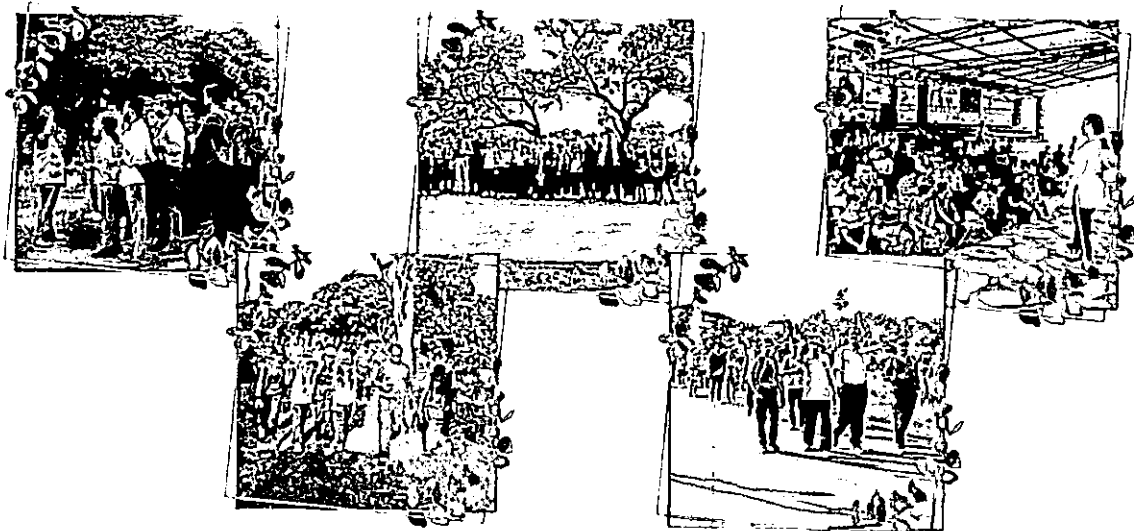
Bird watching camps were organized early morning 06:30 AM to 09:30 AM on 2nd, 3rd, 4th, 5th & 6th days for students and other bird watching enthusiasts. Total 451 persons participated in these camps Ms. Sangeeta Rajgeer and Mohd. Khaliq of Bhopal Birds and Mr. A.K. Khare, Retired Dy. CF and Dr. Baghmare, Retired Dy. CF were present in these camps as resource persons.

First day -

Date 01.10.2022

On the first day, October 1, the painting competition took place at Vihar Vithika. The competition featured diverse themes customized to different age groups: "Wildlife of Van Vihar" for classes one to five, "Beauty of Nature" for classes six to eight, and "My favorite Ecotourism Place in Madhya Pradesh" for students in classes nine to twelve, differently-abled students made the painting on their own choice. This thematic diversity aimed to engage participants in expressing their creativity and perspectives on various aspects of wildlife, nature, and ecotourism. Participants were given the freedom to choose a specific topic within the assigned theme, allowing for a wide range of artistic interpretations. The event successfully attracted a significant turnout, with approximately 1085 participants representing nearly 40 educational institutions. The enthusiastic participation reflected the widespread interest and engagement of students from diverse backgrounds, contributing to the vibrancy and success of the painting competition.

Second Day -



Date 02.10.2022

Bird Watching and Biodiversity Camp

The Bird Watching and Biodiversity Camp

Approximately 135 participants from diverse backgrounds, including Youth Hostel, International Public School, and individuals with a keen interest in birds watching. During the camp, participants had the privilege of observing a wide array of bird species, with notable sightings including the Golden Oriole, Dudhraj, Egret, Magpie Robin, Bronze Wing Jacana, Kingfisher, Green Bee Eater, Tithari, Pond Heron, Red Munia, Iora, Whistling Teal, Moorhen, Drongo, Silver Bill Munia, and many more. In addition to bird sightings, the participants were treated to the enchanting world of butterflies. Species such as Gray Pansy, Common Evening Brown, Plain Tiger, Common Grass Yellow, Blue Tiger, and Crimson Rose.

Run for the cheetah

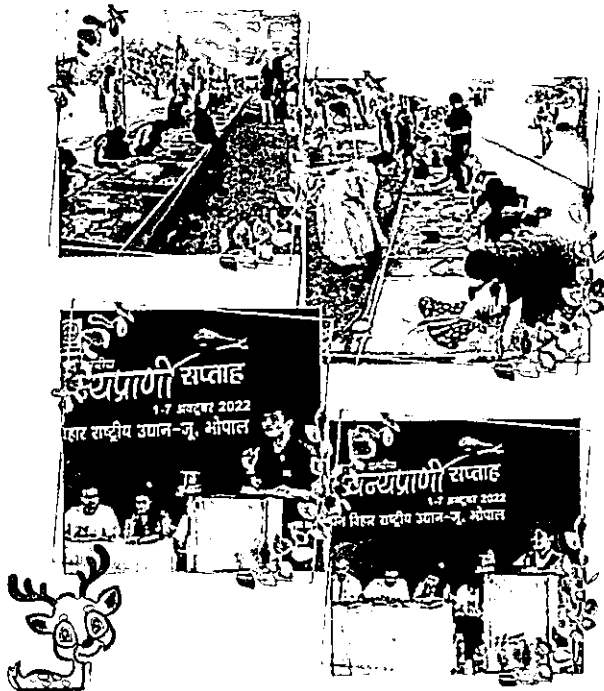
A Run for cheetah was organized from 07.00 am to 09.00 am, about 170 participants including various organizations and people interested in environment participated in this

program. This race starts from Gate No. 2 of Van Vihar and passes through Bhadbhada, Depot Square, Smart City Tiraha, Tribal Museum, Manav Museum, Boat Club and ends at Gate No. 1 of Van Vihar. In the race for cheetah program, 10 female winners and 10 male winners were given trophies and all the participants were given certificates as well as t-shirts and caps.

Date 03.10.2022

Bird Watching and Biodiversity Camp

In the bird watching and biodiversity camp, about 80 bird lovers, including participants from Sant Hirdaram and Saifiya College, saw various species of birds.



Major birds include Large Gray Babbler, Gray Heron, Purple Heron, Little Cormorant, Night Heron, Flame-backed Woodpecker, Pied Bushchat, Magpie Robin, Green Bee Eater, Laughing Dove, Spotted Dove, White-browed Fantail Flycatcher, Jacobin Cuckoo, Ashy Drongo, Darter, Gray Hornbill, etc.

Photography competition

A photography competition on the topic "Van Vihar" was organized for junior class and open class, in which 75 participants participated and submitted their photographs in the office.

Rangoli Competition

For junior class (class 6 to 12) "Rangoli competition was organized on the topic "Butterflies found in Madhya Pradesh" and for open class "Carnivorous wild animals found in Madhya Pradesh" in which a total of 99 participants participated.

School debate competition

In collaboration with World Nature Fund India, a debate competition was organized on the topic "Coexistence of humans and wildlife is possible" in which 24 participants participated in the debate.



Date 04.10.2022

Bird Watching and Biodiversity Camp

In this program Same Girls College and VNS. About 65 participants of the college saw various species of birds, the main ones being Large Gray Babbler, Oriental Darter, Small Minivet, Spotted Dove, Laughing Dove, Gray Heron, Purple Heron, Night Heron, Common Iora, Gray Hornbill, and White Throated Kingfisher. The participants were excited to see Woolly Necked Stork, Bronze Wing Jacana, Black Drongo, Green Bee Eater, White Breasted Water Hen and Pond Heron etc.

College debate competition

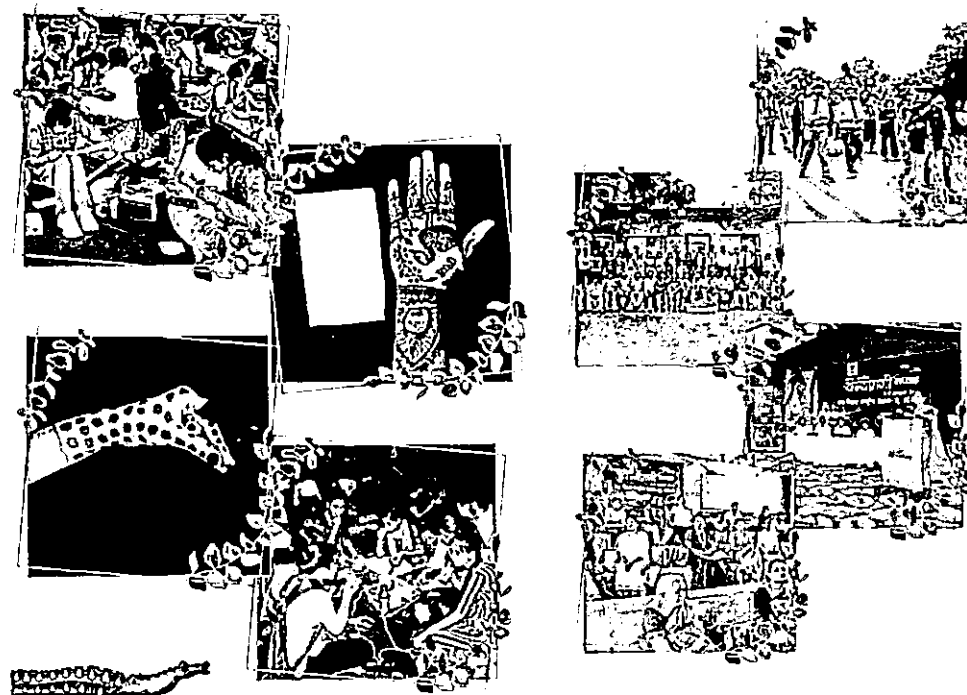


A college debate competition was organized in collaboration with the World Nature Fund India on the topic "Development is the cause of environmental imbalance" in the

promenade located at Van Vihar from 11.00 am, in which 32 participants participated in the competition.

Date 05.10.2022

Bird Watching and Biodiversity Camp



In this program, about 34 participants from Excellence College and Tuba College saw various species of birds, the main ones being Gray Hornbill, Tri-Colored Munia, Scaly Breasted Munia, Large Gray Babbler, Oriental Darter, Small Minivet, White Throated Kingfisher, and Laughing Dove. The participants were excited to see Gray Heron, Purple Heron, Night Heron, Little Cormorant, Common Iora, Spotted Dove, Woolly Necked Stork, Black Drongo, Green Bee Eater, White Breasted Water Heon and Pond Heron etc.

Teacher debate competition

A teachers' debate competition was organized on the topic "Conservation of vultures is as important as tiger conservation" in the Vihar Auditorium located at Van Vihar from 11.30 am, in which 15 participants participated and expressed their views.

Mehndi Competition, Palm Painting Competition

Under the State Level Wildlife Week 2022, in other competitions, Mehndi competition was organized for open class on the theme of "Wildlife" from 10.30 am and Palm Painting competition from 12.30 pm. In which 77 participants participated in the Mehndi competition and 79 participants participated in Palm Painting.



Date 06.10.2022

Bird Watching and Biodiversity Camp

In this program, about 137 participants from Nutan College, Regional College and Mittal College saw various species of birds, the main ones being Gray Heron, Oriental Darter, Black Red Start, Bay Backed Shrike, Gray Hornbill, Black Drongo, Red Vented Bulbul, The participants were excited to see Common Iora, Pied Bushchat, Golden Oriole, Dudhraj, Egret, Magpie Robin, Bronze Wing Jacana, Kingfisher, Green Bee Eater, Pond Heron, Red Munia, Whistling Teals, Moorhen, Silver Bill Munia etc.

Creative workshop for awareness (organized for school children) A creative workshop was organized from 11.30 am for the purpose of creating awareness among school children in which a total of 30 children from different schools participated. These students were taught by Mr. Vinay Sapre, S.N., Teacher Jawaharlal Nehru, Bal Bhavan, Bhopal, to make figures of various birds, butterflies, wild animals and flowers through colored paper and students were taught to make cheetah through clay modeling by Shri Arvind Anupam, Sculptor, Regional Natural Science Museum.



Date 07.10.2022

Fancy Dress Competition / Face Painting Competition

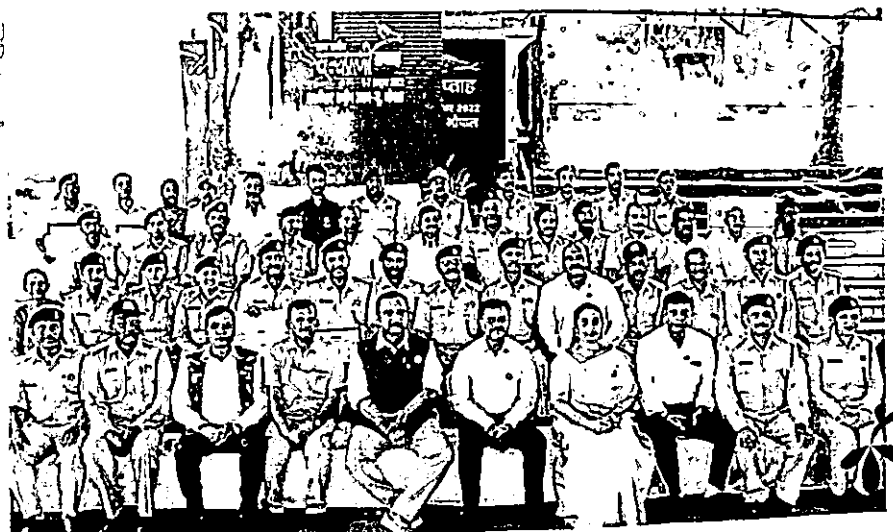
A fancy dress and face painting competition based on wild animals was organized for school students at 10.00 am in which 41 students from different schools participated in fancy dress and 39 students in face painting. Competitions like painting, rangoli, palm painting, Mehndi, photography, face painting, fancy dress, debate etc. were organized for

the students of schools and colleges and open classes. About 2217 participants participated in all these competitions.



Closing Ceremony:

On 07 October, the concluding and prize distribution ceremony of the State Level Wildlife Week 2022 was organized at Van Vihar National Park Zoo, Bhopal under the chief hospitality of Dr. Kunwar Vijay Shah, Honorable Minister of Forest, Madhya Pradesh Government. The chief guest distributes the prizes and certificates to the winning participants and also awarded prizes to the winning participants of the documentary film competition held at Pench Tiger Reserve. Also, wildlife conservation awards and certifications were given to officers/employees by the chief guest for the excellent work done for wildlife conservation in various categories. The winning participants of photography competition, videography competition and trekking route competition organized by Eco Tourism Development Board were also rewarded.





On this occasion, release of "Forestry Message based on Cheetah Restoration" by the Chief Guest, release of booklet "Van Vihar's Wildlife through the eyes of Raju", Release the poster of "MP State Biodiversity Quiz 2022" organized by Madhya Pradesh State Biodiversity Board. Release of booklet on "Dragon Fly" jointly published by State Biodiversity Board and World Nature Fund India and The book "Manual for post-mortem of wild cats" written by the Dr. A. B. Srivastava, Center for Wildlife Forensics and Health, College of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Husbandry, Jabalpur, was also released.

ANUBHUTI CAMPS

ANUBHUTI PROGRAMME - In the year 2022-23 six camps were organised during Anubhuti Programme. where students from various schools and organizations participated in the camp.

The main activities are-

1. Information about snakes: - Venomous and venomous snakes

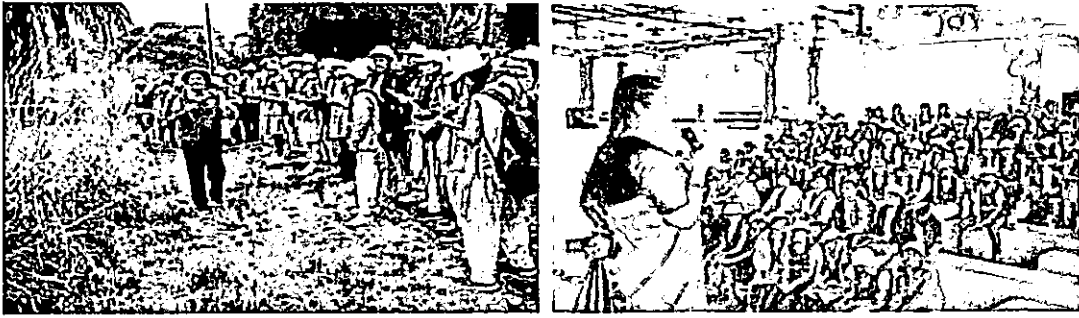
Information about Mission LiFE: Awareness about the basic mantras of Mission LiFE "Lifestyle for Environment

Rescue operation information:- In the demonstration of a rescue operation, children gave demonstration by becoming tiger and rescue team members. The importance of trap cage, squeeze cage and transport cage was shown to other children through demonstration by the children themselves.

In the Anubhuti camp, breakfast was served at the snake interpretation center. At the end of each camp, after prize distribution arrangements were made for tea and followed by oath-taking and encouraging group songs, group photographs. The feedback of their experience by the students and their parents was also written on the boards of Van Vihar. Signature camp were organized for students, Parents and visitors.

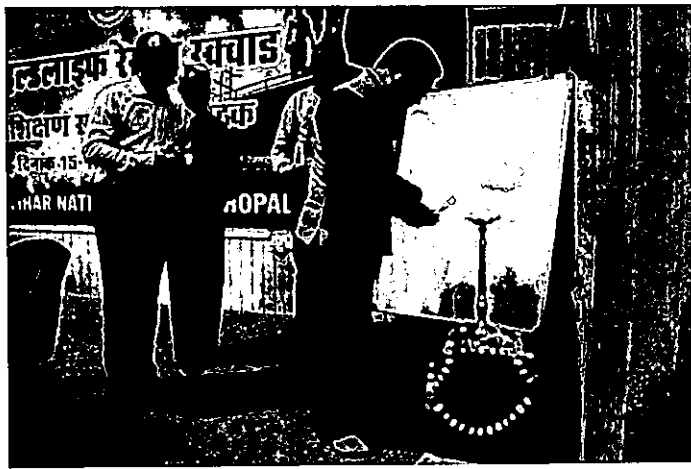
On giving correct answers to the questions from time to time in the camp, the children were given tattoos, stickers, pencils, chiku printed mugs, caps etc. of wild animals and on the basis of competition the children were selected for the rescue

demonstration.



Important Events and happenings

Rescue Workshop 2022



A two-day Wildlife Rescue Squad Workshop was organized by Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal at Indian Institute of Forest Management on 15 and 16 December 2022. Officers were presented in the workshop; officers and the entire rescue squad gave a presentation. Information about the wildlife rescue done by them in different areas in the last 2 years was shared.

At the beginning of the workshop, Director Van brief about the workshop and the objectives.

Shri J.S. Chauhan, Principal Chief Conservator of Forests (Wildlife), highlighted the importance of Rescue Squad and the importance of such a conference of Rescue Squad in the present context and while welcoming the invited guests, explained in detail about the need for research in the wildlife sector.

Dr. Mohan Ram also explained about the wildlife management in Gir National Park and the rescue of wild animals in Gir forests of Gujarat, how human-wildlife conflict, rescue response mechanism and mitigation have led to the rescue of wild animals in Gir landscape. After that Dr. A.B. Srivastava discussed the precautions to be taken while handling wild animals during rescue. After this, Dr. Mohan Ram once again discussed the research work being done on various wild animals in Gir National Park and Gujarat and

the management of wild animals using technology.



One by one the members of 17 regional squads gave a detailed description of the rescue work done since the year 2021 and four divisional rescue squads also presented the details of their work and discussed among them. IIFM conducted in the last session on IIFM in Wildlife Management. Highlighted the role of I.I.F.M. Promised to provide full cooperation in this area. The workshop ended with distribution of certificates.



Nature camp



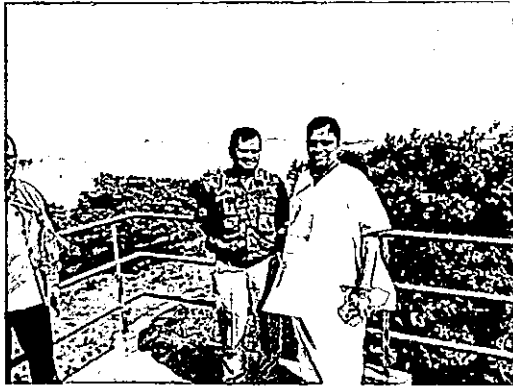
Nature camp organized by Van Vihar for government school of Bhopal city and its surrounding villages the purpose of the nature trail to develop interest as well as awareness among the students about forests, wildlife and environment and sensitivity towards nature conservation. Total four camps were organized on date 29.11.2022, 06.12.2022, 13.12.2022, 17.12.2022. About 205 students from about 10 educational institutions participated in the nature camp. Interesting activities related to forest, wildlife and environment were conducted and their curiosities were quenched by subject matter expert providing information about the animals, wildlife and its role in ecosystem. During the trial participants saw various species such as Egret, Magpie Robin, Bronze Wing Jacana, Kingfisher, Green Bee Eater, Pond Heron, Red Munia, Whistling Teals, Cormorant, Moorhen, Drongo, Silver Bill Munia etc. The participants got excited after seeing wild animals and learned many ecological roles of each and every species in the wild.

VISIT OF DIGNITARIES IN VAN VIHAR



IFS officers training tour

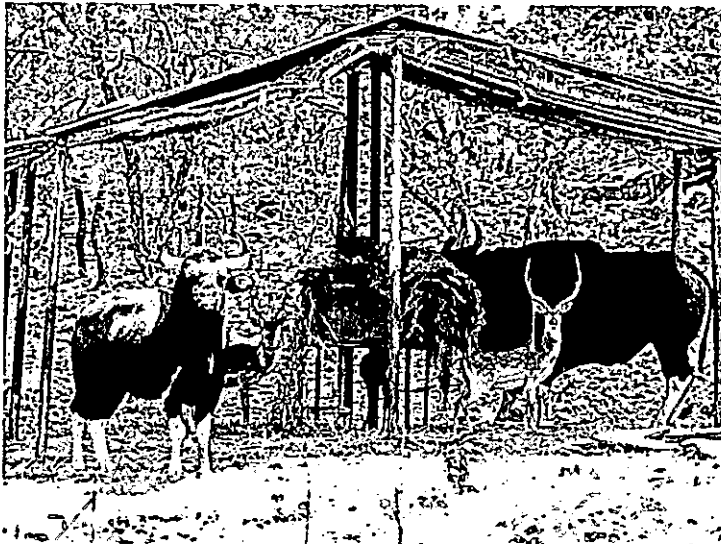
On 06.09.2022, Indian Forest Service officers who had come for mid-career training at IIFM, Bhopal, visited Van Vihar.



Visit of Baba Ramdev's follower

On the arrival of State Guest Acharya Shri Balkrishna at Van Vihar on 04.09.2022, he was given a tour of Van Vihar and provided necessary information to him and visited the tourist area of the park.

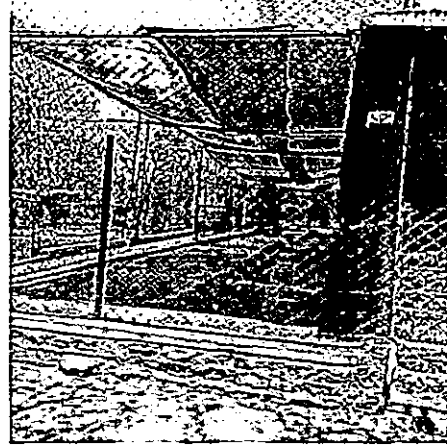
SEASONAL SPECIAL ARRANGEMENTS FOR UPKEEP OF ANIMALS



SUMMER ARRANGEMENTS FOR ANIMALS IN VAN VIHAR

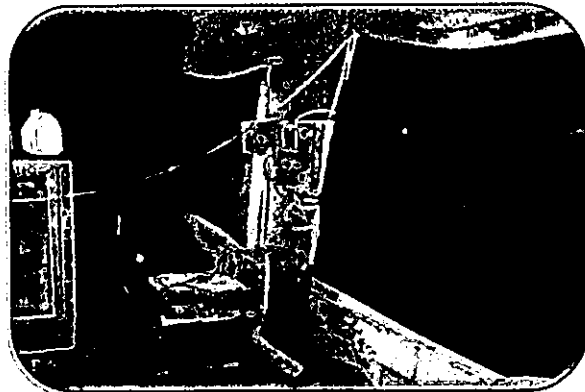
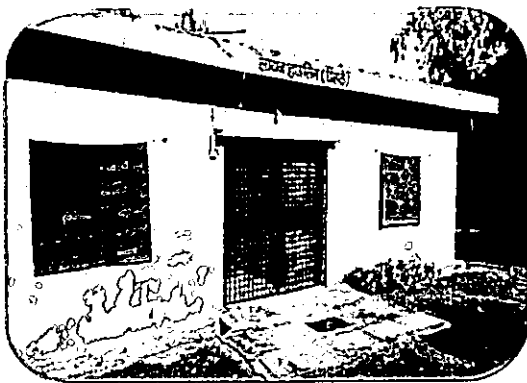
Van Vihar has made arrangements for its captive as well as free ranging animals to provide comfort from constant rise in temperature. Housing of captive animals have been fitted with curtain made of Khas Grass which are sprinkled with water to cool down the temperature along with that coolers have also been fitted in housing. Small shade has been made in Krall and the water holes have been provided with green mesh shade to keep the water cool.

25 natural/artificial water holes are clear daily and filled with clean water for free ranging animals. Green fodder and mineral supplement (Sudana and Chuni) is provided for herbivores at 10 different places.



Animals also change their behavior during summer they tend to rest during hot hours of the noon and move around in morning and late evening. Van Vihar is committed to provide all necessary facilities to its animal.

Winter arrangements - During this period housing of captive animals are covered with curtains and at the peak period of winter heating facility in the housings is also provided. All the housings of Cats are provided with wooden *Thakats* for providing insulation to the animals. Special attention is given to the reptiles and Sulcata tortoise housings by providing heater for warmth.



RESEARCH WORK CARRIED OUT AND PUBLICATION

BIRD SURVEY

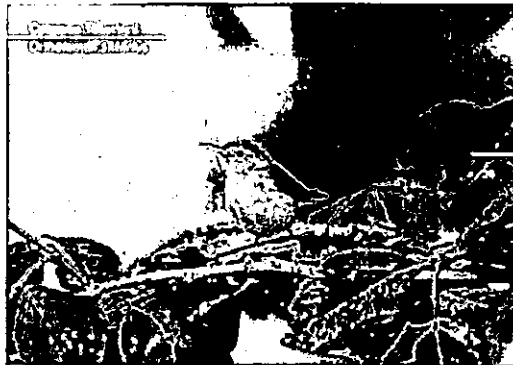
Introduction: Bird survey was carried out in Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal in collaboration with the non-government organization "Bhopal Bird" in the months of November and December 2022 when the arrival of migratory birds starts. 32 volunteers participated in this survey work and the survey Methods:



Two different method were used in the survey

- (1) Point count method
- (2) Direct count method.

Conclusion:



The main objectives of this survey are as follows: -

- (a) Preparing baseline data and checklist of birds in the national park.
- (b) Resident birds species found in the national park.
- (c) To help in preparing the strategy for conservation of birds in the national park.



The following results were obtained from these surveys: -

- (1) 175 species of birds from 52 families were recorded during the survey.
- (2) The total number of birds found during the survey was 2657.
- (3) During the survey, According to the I.U.C.N. category, 6 threatened species were found.
- (4) The highest number of birds was of "Little Cormorant" which was 220.
- (5) "Gay Headed Flying Eagle" was seen for the first time inside the National Park.

BUTTERFLY SURVEY

Introduction: Butterfly survey was done in Vin Vihar National Park, Bhopal with the collaboration with non-governmental organization "Bhopal Bird" on 08, 19, 26 in the

month of November and on 03, 17, 24 in the month of December.

Method; 32 volunteers participated in this survey and the survey work was done using transect or pollard walk method. Along with this, a baseline survey of nectar plants and host plants was also conducted in this survey.



Common Cuckoo



Grey Pansy



Striped Tiger



Chocolate Pansy

Result: The following results were obtained from this survey:-

- (1) 63 species of butterflies from 6 families were recorded during the survey.
- (2) The total number of butterflies found during the survey was 1656.
- (3) The highest number of butterflies was of "Common Grass Yellow" which was 130.

FLORA SURVEY

Introduction:

Vin Vihar National Park, Bhopal Flora survey was done on 22.11.2022. Before the survey, on 21.11.2022, two experts, Dr. Hilendra R., were appointed to provide training in vegetation survey. A training cum workshop was conducted in the presence of Ram and Dr. Sudesh Baghmare and survey of flora was done on 28, 29 and 30.11.2022

Result

During the survey 19 species of trees, 3 species of vines, 23 species of shrubs and 38 species of plants were found. Grass and weeds were marked.

CONSERVATION BREEDING PROGRAMME OF THE ZOO

Van Vihar Zoo is associated with two important conservation breeding programme apart from been a participatory zoo for conservation breeding of Tigers and Lions. Conservation breeding of Hard ground Swamp Deer (Barasingha) in Van Vihar premises and Vulture conservation cum breeding center in Kerwa approximately 9 Km. away from Van Vihar. Both are very ambitious programmes being undertaken with help of M.P. Forest Department and B.N.H.S. for Vultures.



A nestling of Long-billed vulture hatched at the centre

VULTURE CONSERVATION BREEDING CENTRE, BHOPAL, MADHYA PRADESH

Introduction

The Vulture Conservation Breeding Centre (VCBC), Bhopal, located near Kerwa Dam, is a collaborative project of the Forest Department of Madhya Pradesh and Bombay Natural History Society. The centre was established in 2014, to save two Critically Endangered *Gyps* species of vultures—White-rumped vulture and Long-billed vulture from looming extinction.

Objective

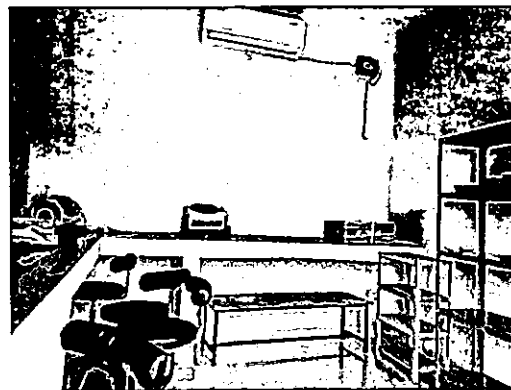
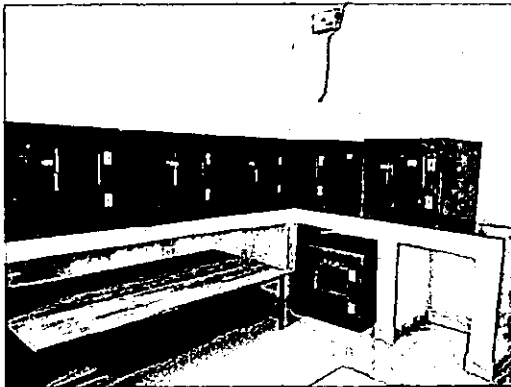
The primary objective of the centre was to keep and breed 25 pairs of each of the two species and release 100 pairs of each species, within ten years from the beginning of the release programme. The centre also acts as an insurance against potential extinction of the vultures in the wild.

Location

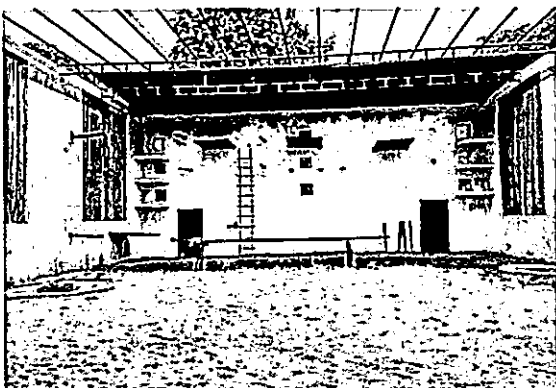
The VCBC is located at the edge of a Reserve Forest area near Kerwa Dam in Bhopal. It is located 9 km from Bhopal city and 7 km from Van Vihar National Park and Zoological Park. The centre covers 5.5 acres of Madhya Pradesh Forest Department land near village Mendori.

Highlights

- 1. Breeding at the centre:** The centre had its first successful breeding season in 2016-17, when one pair each of White-backed vulture and Long-billed vulture nested successfully and the nestlings fledged the nest by July 2017. Since then, a total of 20 Long-billed vulture and 7 White-backed vulture nestlings have hatched over the years. During the year 2022-23, seven nestlings (6 of Long-billed vulture and 1 of White-backed vulture) hatched successfully, of which, five nestlings of Long-billed vulture fledged and one nestling of White-backed vulture fledged and are doing well.
- 2. Infrastructure at the centre:** The centre has three colony aviaries (100x40x20'), two holding aviaries, one hospital aviary, one nursery aviary, and two quarantine aviaries. The aviaries are designed and constructed such that the vultures live in near-natural conditions with plenty of exposure to the natural surroundings. There is also one CCTV camera monitoring room-cum-office, haematology laboratory, artificial incubation and brooder rooms, and staff accommodation at the centre. The entire infrastructure was built by the Madhya Pradesh Forest Department, by the funds provided by the Central Zoo Authority.



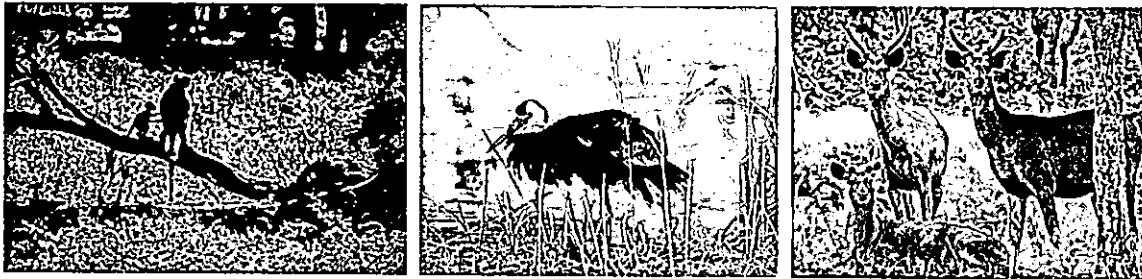
Brooder room (left) and incubator room (right) constructed by the M.P. Forest Department and Van Vihar National Park during the financial year 2021-22



The new colony aviary constructed during the year

ACQUISITION / TRANSFER / EXCHANGE DURING THE YEAR 2022-23

A Animal arriving in the Zoo					
S. no.	H.No.	Species	Number (M:F)	From which Zoo	Date of arrival in the zoo
1	-	-	-	-	-
2					
B Animals going from the Zoo					
S. no.	H.No.	Species	Number (M:F)	going to which Zoo	Date of deposition from the zoo
1	-	-	-	-	-
2					



RESCUE AND REHABILITATION OF WILD ANIMALS CARRIED OUT BY THE ZOO

S.n.	Date of Rescue	Species with number of animals rescued with their sex (M:F:U:T)	Received from	Date of Submission of Report to the CWLW / CZA	Action taken	
					Date and Place of rehabilitation in their habitat	Reasons for housing in the zoo, if not released in their habitat
1	24.04.22	Leopard (1)	Range Gadi Raisen		25.04.22 Range Gadi Raisen	-
2	07.06.22	Tiger(1)	Barasingha Bada VVNP		07.06.22 VVNP	Rescue centre VVNP
3	16.10.22	Tiger(1)	MANIT Bhopal		16.10.22 STR	-
4	03.02.23	Leopard (1) M	Samardha range, Bhopal Division		08.02.23 Ratapani Sanctuary	-
5	18.03.23	Leopard (1) F	Veerpur Range, Sehore Division		-	Rescue in critical injured condition Death in VVNP during treatment 19.03.2023

ANNUAL INVENTORY OF ANIMALS

FORM-II
[See rule 11 (1)]

PART - A
Van Vihar National Park Zoo, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh

Proforma for Annual Inventory Report
Inventory Report for the Year : 2022-2023

Endangered Species*

- Modified Closing Balance

S.No.	Animal Name	Scientific Name	Opening Stock (01-Apr-2022)			Births			Acquisitions			Disposals			Deaths			Closing Stock (31-Mar-2023)			
			M	F	T	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	
	Mammalia																				
1.	Blackbuck	<i>Antelope cervicapra</i>	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Indian Bison, Gaur	<i>Bos gaurus</i>	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
3.	Jackal	<i>Canis aureus</i>	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0
4.	Chinkara	<i>Gazella bennettii</i>	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
5.	Sloth Bear	<i>Melursus ursinus</i>	11	9	0	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	10	9
6.	Asiatic Lion	<i>Panthera leo persica</i>	1	2	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	2
7.	Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	6	6	0	12	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	5	6
8.	Tiger (leucistic/White)	<i>Panthera tigris</i>	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

S.No.	Animal Name	Scientific Name	Opening Stock (01-Apr-2022)			Births			Acquisitions			Disposals			Deaths			Closing Stock (31-Mar-2023)				
			M	F	T	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	T		
9.	Bengal Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris tigris</i>	8	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	7	6	0	13
10.	Barasingha (Swamp Deer)	<i>Rucervus duvaucelii</i>	5	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	3
11.	Four-horned Antelope	<i>Tetracerus quadricornis</i>	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Mammalia	11		36	28	5	0	0	0	2	4	0	6	2	4	5	3	0	27	27	1	55	
1.	Marsh Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	10	10
2.	Gharial	<i>Gavialis gangeticus</i>	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	5	
3.	Indian Softshell Turtle, Ganges Softshell Turtle	<i>Nilssonia gangetica</i>	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	24
Total Reptilia	3		3	3	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	3	34	39	
Total			39	31	41	0	0	0	2	4	0	6	2	4	6	3	2	29	30	35	94	

*Animals under Sch-I and Sch-II of Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972

PART - B
Van Vihar National Park Zoo, Bhopal, Madhya Pradesh

Proforma for Annual Inventory Report
Inventory Report for the Year : 2022-2023

- Modified Closing Balance

- Modified Closing Balance

S.No.	Animal Name	Scientific Name	Opening Stock (01-Apr-2022)			Births			Acquisitions			Disposals			Deaths			Closing Stock (31-Mar-2023)			
			M	F	T	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	T
1.	Striped Hyena	<i>Hyaena hyaena</i>	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Total Mammalia	1		0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
1.	Indian Star Tortoise	<i>Geochelone elegans</i>	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Reptilia	1		0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total			0	1	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total			39	32	53	124	0	0	0	2	4	0	6	2	4	3	4	29	31	45	105

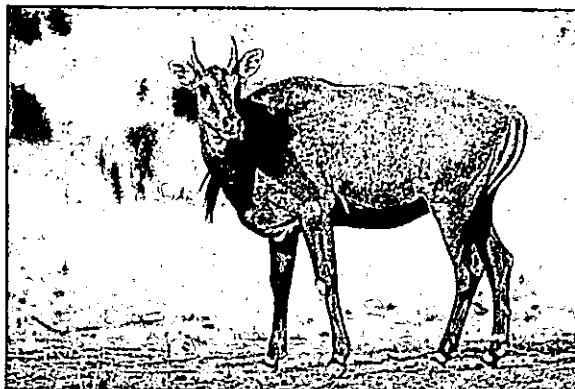
The Adoptees of our Animals during the year 2022-23

S.no.	Name of Person	Date	Species	Name of Animal	Duration	Amount
1	Sidhartha Agrawal	26.09.22	Tiger	Shourya	Six months	100000
1	Youth Hostel	02.10.22	Crocodile		One month	4000

LIST OF FREE LIVING WILD ANIMALS WITHIN THE ZOO PREMISES

a. Mammals-

1. Sambhar
2. Cheetal
3. Neelgai
4. Black buck
5. Hanuman langur
6. Wild boar
7. Golden Jackal
8. Porcupine
9. Pangolin
10. Jungle Cat



Birds - Avifauna Checklist of Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal - Van Vihar and Bhopal Birds Conservation Society Bhopal has prepared bird count record since year 2000 to 2020 and till now 266 species have been recorded so far. Dr. Sangeeta Rajgir Founder and Member secretary and Md. Khaliq Founder and CEO and his team have contributed a lot to prepare this important avifauna record of Van Vihar.

S.NO	FAMILY	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	MIGRATORY/ LOCAL RESIDENT	HABITAT	CONSERVATION STATUS	REMARKS	Year 2000	Year 2008	Year 2010	Year 2018	Year 2020
PODICIPEDIDAE													
1		Little Grebe	<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i>	Chota Dubdubi	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
PHALACROCCORACIDAE													
2		Large Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	Bada Pankowa	LM	W	LC			☑	☑	☑	☑
3		Indian Cormorant	<i>P.fuscicollis</i>	Desi Pankowa	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
4		Little Cormorant	<i>P.niger</i>	Chota Pankowa	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
ANHINGIDAE													
5		Oriental Darter	<i>Anhinga melanogaster</i>	Banwe	WM	W	NT		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
ARDEIDAE													
6		Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	Sileti Anjan	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
7		Cattle Egret	<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>	Gaye Bagula	R	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
8		Large Egret	<i>Casmordius albus</i>	Bada Bagula	R	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
9		Intermediate Egret	<i>Mesophayx intermedia</i>	Majhola Bagula	R	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
10		Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	Karchiya Bagula	R	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
11		Black-crowned Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax nycticorax</i>	Vak Bagula	R	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
12		Purple Heron	<i>Ardea purpurea</i>	Nari Anjan	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
13		Pond Heron	<i>Ardeola grayll</i>	Andha Bagula	R	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
14		Striated Heron	<i>Butorides striata</i>		R	W	LC				☑	☑	☑
15		Cinnamon Bittern	<i>Ixobrychus cinnamomeus</i>	Lal Bagli	SW	W	LC			☑	☑	☑	☑
16		Black Bittern	<i>Dupetor flavicollis</i>	Kali Bagli	LM	W	LC						☑
CICONIIDAE													
17		Painted Stork	<i>Mycteria leucocephala</i>	Janghil	LM	W	NT		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
18		Openbill Stork	<i>Anastomus oscitans</i>	Ghonghil	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
19		Woolly-necked Stork	<i>Ciconia episcopus</i>	Haji Laglag	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
20		Black-necked Stork	<i>Ephippiorhynchus asiaticus</i>	Loharjung	M	W	LC			☑	☑		

S.NO	FAMILY	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	MIGRATORY/ LOCAL RESIDENT	HABITAT	CONSERVATION STATUS	REMARKS	Year 2000	Year 2008	Year 2010	Year 2018	Year 2020
21		White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	Ujla Laglag	PM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑		
22		Lesser Adjutant	<i>Leptoptilos javanicus</i>	Chandiyari	V	W	VUL		☑				
THRESKIORNITHIDE													
23		Black-headed Ibis	<i>Threskiornis melanocephalus</i>	Safed Bujja	LM	W	NT		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
24		Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucoroda</i>	Chamcha	M	W	LC			☑	☑	☑	
25		Black Ibis	<i>Pseudibis papillosa</i>	Kala Bujja	LM	W	LC			☑	☑	☑	☑
26		Glossy Ibis	<i>Plegadis falcinellus</i>	Koari Bujja	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
ANATIDAE													
27		Lesser whistling Teal	<i>Dendrocygna javanica</i>	Choti Silehl	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
28		Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Trdorna ferruginea</i>	Surkhab	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
29		Northern Pintail	<i>Anas acuta</i>	Sinkhpar	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	
30		Common Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>	Choti Murgabi	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑		
31		Spot-billed Duck	<i>Anas poecilorhyncha</i>	Gugra Batak	LM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
32		Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	Neel Sar Batak	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑		
33		Comb Duck	<i>Sarkidornis melanotos</i>	Nakta	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
34		Norther Shoveler	<i>Anas clypeata</i>	Tidari Batak	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑		
35		Common Pochard	<i>Aythya ferina</i>	Choti Lal Sar Batak	WM	W	VUL		☑	☑	☑		
36		Red crested Pochard	<i>Rhodonessa rufina</i>	Lal Sar Batak	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
37		Ferruginous Pochard	<i>Aythya nyroca</i>	Kurchiya Batak	WM	W	NT		☑	☑	☑		
38		Gadwall	<i>Anas strepera</i>	Bekhur Batak	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
39		Eurasian Wigeon	<i>Anas penelope</i>	Plyasan Batak	WM	W	LC				☑	☑	☑
40		Gargeny	<i>Anas querquedula</i>	Cheta Batak	WM	W	LC		☑	☑	☑		
41		Cotton Pygmy-goose	<i>Nettapus coromandelianus</i>	Giri-Batak	LM	W	LC				☑	☑	☑
ACCIPITRIDAE													
42		Black-Shouldered Kite	<i>Elanus caeruleus</i>	Kapasi Cheel	R	T	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
43		Oriental Honey-Buzzard	<i>Pernis ptilorhyncus</i>	Sahutela	R	T	LC			☑	☑		☑
44		Black Kite	<i>Milvus migrans</i>	Samanya	R	T	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑

S.NO	FAMILY	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	MIGRATORY/ LOCAL RESIDENT	HABITAT	CONSERVATION STATUS	REMARKS	Year 2000	Year 2008	Year 2010	Year 2018	Year 2020
				Cheel									
45		Shikra	<i>Accipiter badius</i>	Sikra	R	T	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
46		White-eye Buzzard	<i>Bustastur teesa</i>	Teesa	R	T	LC				☑		☑
47		Long-legged Buzzard	<i>Buteo rufinus</i>	Lamtang Chuha Maar	V	T	LC		☑				
48		Red headed Vulture	<i>Sarcogyps calvus</i>	Raj Gidh	R	T	CR		☑	☑			
49		Egyptian Vulture	<i>Neophorn percnopterus</i>	Safed Gidh	R	T	EN		☑	☑	☑		☑
50		White-rumped Vulture	<i>Gyps beangalensis</i>	Chamar Gidh	R	T	CR			☑	☑		☑
51		Greater Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila clanga</i>	Kaljangha	V	T	VUL				☑	☑	
52		Steppe Eagle	<i>Aquila nipalensis</i>	Ragad Ukab	WM	T	EN		☑	☑	☑		
53		Imperial Eagle	<i>Aquila heliaca</i>	Bada Jumji Ukab	V	T	LC			☑	☑		
54		Booted Eagle	<i>Hieraetus pennatus</i>	Gilharimar Baaz	V	T	LC			☑	☑	☑	
55		Marsh Harrier	<i>Circus aeruginosus</i>	Daldali Patal	WM	T	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
56		Crested serpent Eagle	<i>Spilornis cheela</i>	Dogra Cheel	R	T	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
57		Black Eagle	<i>Lctinaetus malayensis</i>	Syah Cheel	V	T	LC			☑			
58		Osprey	<i>Pandion haliaetus</i>	Machlmar	WM	W	LC		☑	☑		☑	
59		Indian Spotted Eagle	<i>Aquila hastata</i>	Desl Ukab	V	T	VUL			☑			
60		Brahminy Kite	<i>Hallasur indus</i>	Safed Sar Cheel	LM	W/T	LC					☑	
FALCONIDAE													
61		Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	Samanya Khermutiya	WM	T	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
62		Eurasian Hobby	<i>Falco subbuteo</i>	Morarasni	WM	T	LC			☑			
63		Peregrine Falcon	<i>Falco peregrinus</i>	Saheen	WM	T	LC			☑	☑		
PHASIANIDAE													
64		Painted Francolin	<i>Francolinus pictus</i>	Chitrit Teetar	R	G	LC			☑	☑		
65		Black Francolin	<i>Francolinus francolinus</i>	Kala Teetar	R	G	LC		☑				
66		Grey Francolin	<i>F.pondicerianus</i>	Safed Teetar	R	G	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
67		Common Quail	<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>	Bada Bater	R	G	LC		☑	☑	☑	☑	☑
68		Small Buttonquail	<i>Turnix sylvatica</i>	Chota Gulu	LM	G	LC			☑	☑		
69		Barred Button Quail	<i>Turnix susciator</i>	Dharlya Gulu	R	G	LC			☑			
70		Indian Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	Mor	R	S	LC	National Bird	☑	☑	☑	☑	☑

S.NO	FAMILY	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	MIGRATORY/ LOCAL RESIDENT	HABITAT	CONSERVATION STATUS	REMARKS	Year 2000	Year 2008	Year 2010	Year 2018	Year 2020
TURNICIDAE													
71		Indian yellow Legged Button Quail	<i>Turnix tanki</i>	Pit Pair Gulu	R	G	LC			☐			
GRUIDAE													
72		Sarus Crane	<i>Grus antigone</i>	Sarus	LM	W	VUL	World tallest flying bird	☐	☐	☐		☐
RALLIDAE													
73		White breasted Waterhen	<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>	Safed Chati Jalmurgi	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
74		Purple Swampen	<i>Porphyrio porphyrio</i>	Jamluni Jalmurgi	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
75		Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>	Samanya Jalmurgi	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
76		Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	Tikdi	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
77		Brown Crake	<i>Amaurornis akool</i>	Bhuri Crake	LM	W	LC			☐			
78		Baillon's Crake	<i>Prozana pusilla</i>	Belon Crake	WM	W	LC		☐				
79		Slaty breasted Rail	<i>Gallirallus striatus</i>	Kheri Pankukri	LM	W	LC			☐			
80		Watercock	<i>Gallixrex cinerea</i>	Kora	V	W	LC	Data Deficient			☐		
JACANIDAE													
81		Bronze-winged Jacana	<i>Metopidius indicus</i>	Jalpipl	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
82		Pheasant-tailed Jacana	<i>Hidrophasianus chrurgus</i>	Piho	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
ROSTRATULIDAE													
83		Painted Snipe	<i>Rostratula benghalensis</i>	Raj Chaha	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐		
RECURVIROSTRIDAE													
84		Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	Gajpaon	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
85		Pied Avocet	<i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i>	Kasya Chaha	WM	W	LC			☐			
SCOLOPACINAE													
86		Eurasian Curlew	<i>Numenius arquata</i>	Bada Gullinda	WM	W	NT		☐	☐	☐		
87		Black-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa limosa</i>	Bada Gudera	WM	W	NT			☐	☐	☐	

S.NO	FAMILY	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	MIGRATORY/ LOCAL RESIDENT	HABITAT	CONSERVATION STATUS	REMARKS	Year 2000	Year 2008	Year 2010	Year 2018	Year 2020
88		Bar-tailed Godwit	<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	Chota Gudera	WM	W	LC		☐	☐		☐	
89		Temminck's Stint	<i>Calidris temminckii</i>	Temnik Panlava	WM	W	LC			☐			
90		Little Stint	<i>Calidris minuta</i>	Chota Panlewa	WM	W	LC			☐			
91		Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>	Samanya Chaha	WM	W	LC			☐	☐		
92		Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>	Bada Timtima Chobaha	WM	W	LC			☐	☐		
93		Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>	Hara Chobaha	WM	W	LC			☐			☐
94		Marsh Sandpiper	<i>Tringa stagnatilis</i>	Chota Timtima Chobaha	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
95		Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	Samanya Chobaha	WM	W	LC		☐	☐		☐	
96		Wood Sandpiper	<i>Tringa glareola</i>	Bhura Chobaha	WM	W	LC		☐				
97		Common Redshank	<i>Tringa tetanus</i>	Chota Surma Chobaha	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
98		Spotted Redshank	<i>Tringa erythropus</i>	Bada Surma Chobaha	WM	W	LC			☐	☐		
CHARADRIIDAE													
99		Red wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus indicus</i>	Sharari Titahri	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
100		Yellow-wattled Lapwing	<i>Vanellus malabaricus</i>	Zard Titahri	R	W	LC			☐	☐		
101		Grey-headed Lapwing	<i>Vanellus cinereus</i>	Sileti Sar Titahri	WM	W	LC	Recorded By Dr. Gita Rani Gupta first time on 16 th March 2017					
102		Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>	Jira Batan	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
LARIDAE													
103		River Tern	<i>Sterna aurantia</i>	Jal Kurari	R	W	NT		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
104		Black-bellied Tern	<i>Sterna acuticauda</i>	Kalpeti Kurari	LM	W	EN			☐	☐		
105		Brown headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus brunnicephalus</i>	Samanya Ghomra	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
106		Black-headed Gull	<i>Larus ridibundus</i>	Kal Sar Ghomra	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
107		Pallas's Gull	<i>Larus ichthyæetus</i>	Bada Ghomra	WM	W	LC			☐	☐		

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108	Caspian Gull	<i>Larus cachinnana</i>	Casplan Ghomra	WM	W	LC			☐				
109	Little Tern	<i>Sterna albifrons</i>	Choti Kurari	LM	W	LC		☐					
110	Whiskered Tern	<i>Chlidonias hybridus</i>	Muchal Kurari	R	W	LC							☐
BURHINIDAE													
111	Great Thick-knee	<i>Esacus recurvirostris</i>	Bada Karwan	R	W/RA	NT			☐				
COLUMBIDAE													
112	Blue rock Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	Samanya Kabutar	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
113	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopella decaocto</i>	Dhawar Fakta	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
114	Red Collared Dove	<i>S.tranquebarica</i>	Int Kohari Fakta	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
115	Spotted Dove	<i>S.chlnensis</i>	Chitrokha Fakta	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
116	Laughing Dove	<i>S.senegalensis</i>	Tutru	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
117	Oriental Turtle Dove	<i>Sterptopella oreintals</i>	Kalhak Fakta	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
118	Orange – breasted Green Pigeon	<i>Treron bicinctus</i>	Kesar Chatl Hariyal	V	T	LC			☐				☐
119	Yellow-footed Green Pigeon	<i>Treron phoenicopterus</i>	Samanya Hariyal	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
PSITTACIDAE													
120	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	Kanthe Wala Tota	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
121	Plum-headed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>	Tuniya Tota	R	T	LC		☐	☐			☐	☐
122	Alexandrine Parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>	Hiraman Tota	R	T	NT		☐	☐				
CUCULIDAE													
123	Jacobin Cuckoo	<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>	Ablak Chatak	SM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
124	Common Hawk Cuckoo	<i>Hierococcyx varius</i>	Samanya Papiha	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
125	Asian Koel	<i>Eudynamis scolopacea</i>	Koel	LM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
126	Greater Coucal	<i>Centropus sinensis</i>	Mahok	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

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127		Indian Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus micropterus</i>	Kafal Pakka	SM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
128		Eurasian Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	Kufu Khuk	SM	T	LC				☐	☐	
129		Plaintive Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis merulinus</i>	Lalpeti Khuk	V	T	LC	Vary rare sighting				☐	☐
130		Grey-bellied Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis passerinus</i>	Surmai Khuk	SM	T	LC			☐			
131		Sirkeer Malkoha	<i>Phaenicophaeus leschenaultii</i>	Lalmukhi Malkoha	R	T	LC			☐			
TYTONIDAE													
132		Barn Owl	<i>Tyto alba</i>	Karel Ullu	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
STRIGIDAE													
133		Eurasian Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo bubo</i>	Samanya Ghughu	LM	T	LC				☐		
134		Spotted Owlet	<i>Athene brama</i>	Samanya Khusat	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
135		Jungle Owlet	<i>Glaucidium radlatum</i>	Jungli Dundul	R	T	LC		☐				
136		Indian Scops Owl	<i>Otus bakkamoena</i>	Galpatti Chugad	R	T	LC			☐			
137		Mottled Wood Owl	<i>Strix ocellata</i>	Chitra Van Ullu	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
138		Brown Wood Owl	<i>Strix lepogrammica</i>	Samanya Van Ullu	V	T	LC			☐			
139		Dusky Eagle Owl	<i>Bubo coromandus</i>	Ghulyan Ghughu	LM	T	LC			☐	☐		
140		Brown Fish Owl	<i>Ketupa Zelonensis</i>	Amrai Ka Ullu	LM	T	LC		☐	☐			
CAPRIMULGIDAE													
141		Indian Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus asiaticus</i>	Samanya Chapka	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
142		Savanna Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus affinis</i>	Savana Chapka	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
143		Large-tailed Nightjar	<i>Caprimulgus macrurus</i>	Bad-Poonch Chapka	LM	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
APODIDAE													
144		Little Swift	<i>Apus affinis</i>	Gharelu Ababil	R	A	LC		☐		☐		
145		Asian Palm Swift	<i>Cypselurus balasensis</i>	Tadi Ababil	V	A	LC		☐	☐			☐
146		Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>	Badi Ababil	LM	A	LC		☐		☐		
HEMIPROCNIIDAE													

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147		Crested Treeswift	<i>Hemiprocne coronata</i>	Chotidar Ped Ababil	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
ALCEDINIDAE													
148		Pied Kingfisher	<i>Ceryle rudis</i>	Korila Kilkila	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
149		Common Kingfisher	<i>Alcedo atthis</i>	Chota Kilkila	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
150		Stork-billed Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon capensis</i>	Bada Chonch Kilkila	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
151		White-throated Kingfisher	<i>Halcyon smyrrensis</i>	Safed Chatl Kilkila	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
MEROPIIDAE													
152		Blue- tailed Bee- eater	<i>Merops philippinus</i>	Neel Dum Ptringa	PM	T	LC	Passage Migrant	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
153		Green Bee-eater	<i>Merops orientalis</i>	Hara Ptringa	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
CORACIIDAE													
154		Indian Roller	<i>Coracias benghalensis</i>	Neekanth	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
155		European Roller	<i>Coracias garrulus</i>	Vilyati Neelkanth	V	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
UPUPIDAE													
156		Common Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	Hudhud	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
BUCEROTIDAE													
157		Indian Grey Hornbill	<i>Ocyrocus bitorstris</i>	Sileti Dhanesh	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
CAPITONIAE													
158		Coppersmith Barbet	<i>Megalaima haemacephala</i>	Tathera Basant	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
159		Brown-headed Barbet	<i>Megalaima zeylanica</i>	Bada Basant	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
PICIDAE													
160		Lesser Goldenback	<i>Dinopium benghalense</i>	Kalpath Angara Katfoda	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
161		Yellow-crowned Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos mahrattensis</i>	Piltaj Katfodiya	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
162		White-naped Woodpecker	<i>Chrysocolaptes festivus</i>	Safed Gudi Katfoda	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
163		Eurasian Wryneck	<i>Jynx torquilla</i>	Gardan Entha	M	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

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164		Brown-capped Pygmy Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos nanus</i>	Bhura Sar Katfodiya	R	T	LC			☐	☐		
PITTIDAE													
165		Indian Pitta	<i>Pitta brachyura</i>	Navranga	SM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐		
ALAUDIAE													
166		Indian Bushlark	<i>Mirafra erythroptera</i>	Bhartiya Jhad Bharat	LM	G	LC		☐	☐	☐		
167		Crested Lark	<i>Galerida cristata</i>	Chotidar Chandul Bharat	R	G	LC			☐	☐		
168		Rufous-tailed Lark	<i>Ammomanes phoenicurus</i>	Lal Pucha Bharat	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
169		Singing Bushlark	<i>Mirafra cantillans</i>	Gayak Jhad Bharat	LM	G	LC			☐			
170		Ashy-crowned Sparrow lark	<i>Eremopterix grisea</i>	Sileti Sar Dabcachari	R	G	LC				☐	☐	☐
HIRUNDINIDAE													
171		Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	Samanya Ababil	WM	A	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
172		Wired-tailed Swallow	<i>Hirundo smithii</i>	Leshar Ababil	R	A	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
173		Red-rumped Swallow	<i>Cercopis daurica</i>	Lalputhi Ababil	R	A	LC			☐	☐		
174		Dusky Crag Martin	<i>Hirundo concolor</i>	Dhumil Shel Ababil	R	A	LC			☐	☐		
LANIIDAE													
175		Bay-backed Shrike	<i>Lanius vittatus</i>	Matlya Lahtora	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
176		Long-tailed Shrike	<i>Lanius schach</i>	Lamb Poonch Lahtora	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
177		Brown Shrike	<i>Lanius cristatus</i>	Bhura Lahtora	WM	T	LC		☐	☐			
178		Southern Grey Shrike	<i>Lanius meridionalis</i>	Dakshin Sileti Lahtora	LM	T	LC		☐	☐			☐
ORIOIIDAE													
179		Eurasian Golden Oriole	<i>Oriolus oriolus</i>	Swarn Peelak	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

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180		Black-hooded Oriole	<i>Oriolus xanthornus</i>	Topidar Peelak	R	T	LC		☐		☐		
DICURURIDAE													
181		Black Drongo	<i>Dicrurus macrocerus</i>	Kala Bhujanga	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
182		White-bellied Drongo	<i>Dicrurus caerulescens</i>	Safed pet bhujanga	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
MONARCHIDAE													
183		Black-naped Monarch	<i>Hypothymis azurea</i>	Kala Katkatiya	R	T	LC			☐	☐		
184		Asian Paradise Flycatcher	<i>Terpsiphone paradisi</i>	Doodhraj	LM	T	LC	State Bird of M. P.	☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
STRUNIDAE													
185		Chestnut-tailed Starling	<i>Sturnus malabarica</i>	Pawai Myna	LM	T	LC			☐	☐		
186		Brahminy Starling	<i>Sturnus pagodarum</i>	Puhya	R	HH	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
187		Asian Pied Starling	<i>Sturnus contra</i>	Ablaki Myna	R	HH	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
188		Rosy Starling	<i>Sturnus roseus</i>	Gulabi Myna	WM	T	LC			☐	☐		
189		Common Myna	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	Desi Myna	R	HH	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
CORVIDAE													
190		Rufous Treepie	<i>Dendroclitta vagabunda</i>	Tarupik	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
191		House Crow	<i>Corvus splendens</i>	Desi Kowa	R	HH	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
192		Jungle Crow	<i>Corvus macrorhynchos</i>	Jungli Kowa	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
MOTACILLIDAE													
193		Blyth's Pipit	<i>Anthus godlewski</i>	Blyath Charchari	WM	G	LC			☐			
194		Paddyfield Pipit	<i>Anthus rufulus</i>	Khet Charchari	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
195		Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivalis</i>	Taru Charchari	WM	T	LC			☐			
196		White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	Safed Khanjan	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
197		Yellow Wagtail	<i>Motacilla flava</i>	Pilkiya Khanjan	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

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198		Citrine Wagtail	<i>Motacilla citreola</i>	Pila Khanjan	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
199		White-browed Wagtail	<i>Motacilla maderaspatensis</i>	Safed Bhon Khanjan	R	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
CAMPEPHAGIDAE													
200		Common Woodshrike	<i>Tephrodornis pondicerianus</i>	Samanya Tarti Tuinyan	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐		
201	Large Cuckoo	Shrike	<i>Coracina macei</i>	Bada Kasya	R	T	LC			☐	☐		
202		Black-headed Cuckoo shrike	<i>Coracina melanoptera</i>	Jungli Kasya	LM	T	LC			☐	☐		
203		Small Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus cinnamomeus</i>	Chota Rajalal	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
204	White-bellied Minivet		<i>Pericrocotus</i>	Safed pet Rajalal	LM	T	LC			☐	☐		☐
			<i>erythropgyus</i>										
205	Long-tailed Minivet		<i>Pericrocotus</i>	Chota Pahadi Rajalal	WM	T	LC			☐			
			<i>ethologus</i>										
206		Scarlet Minivet	<i>Pericrocotus flammeus</i>	Bada Pahadi Rajalal	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐		
RHIPIDURIDAE													
207		White-browed Fantail	<i>Rhipidura aureola</i>	Safed Nachni	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
IRENIDAE													
208		Common Iora	<i>Aegithina tiphia</i>	Shobhigl	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
209		Marshall's Iora	<i>Aegithina nigrolutea</i>	Marshall Shobhigl	LM	T	LC			☐			
210		Golden-fronted Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis aurifrons</i>	Swarnbhal Herewa	R	T	LC			☐	☐	☐	☐
211		Jerdon's Leafbird	<i>Chloropsis Jerdoni</i>	Neela Pankh Herewa	R	T	LC			☐			
PYCNONOTIDAE													
212		Red vented Bulbul	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>	Gul Dum Bulbul	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
TIMALIINAE													
213		Yellow eyed Babbler	<i>Chrysomma sinense</i>	Shon Chasm Charkhi	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
214		Twany-bellied Babbler	<i>Dumetia hyperythra</i>	Laichon Pet Charkhi	R	S	LC			☐	☐		☐

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215	Common Babbler	<i>Turdoides caudates</i>	Dumari Gogai Charkhi	R	S	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
216	Large grey Babbler	<i>Turdoides malcolmi</i>	Badi Goagi Charkhi	R	S	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
217	Jungle Babbler	<i>Turdoides striatus</i>	Jungli Gogai Charkhi	R	S	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
NECTARINIIDAE													
218	Purple Sunbird	<i>Cinnyris asiatica</i>	Begani Sakarkhora	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
219	Purple-rumped Sunbird	<i>Leptocoma zeylonica</i>	Bada Panchrangl Sakarkhora	LM	T	LC			☐	☐		☐	
PARIDAE													
220	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>	Sileti Ramgangra	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
PLOCEIDAE													
221	House Sparrow	<i>Passer domesticus</i>	Gharelu Gorraiya	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
222	Yellow throated Sparrow	<i>Petronia xanthocollis</i>	Lal Kandha Gorraiya	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
223	Baya Weaver	<i>Ploceus philippinus</i>	Samanya Baya	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
DICAIDAE													
224	Thick-billed Flowerpecker	<i>Dicaeum agile</i>	Bheem Chonch Fulchuki	R	T	LC						☐	☐
ESTRILDIDAE													
225	Red Avadavat	<i>Amandava amandava</i>	Lal Munia	LM	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
226	Black-headed Munia	<i>Lonchura malacca</i>	Kal Sar Munia	LM	G	LC			☐	☐		☐	
227	White-rumped Munia	<i>Lonchura striata</i>	Safed Puth Munia	LM	G	LC				☐			
228	Scaly-breasted Munia	<i>Lonchura punctulata</i>	Chitti Munia	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
229	Indian Silverbill	<i>Lonchura malabarica</i>	Sada Munia	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	
CISTICOLIDAE													
230	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	Zit Zit Dum Fudki	R	G	LC		☐	☐				
231	Common Tailorbird	<i>Orthotomus sutorius</i>	Darjin	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐	


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232		Grey-breasted Prinia	<i>Prinia hodgsonii</i>	Sileti Chati Dum Fudki	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐		
233		Jungle Prinia	<i>Prinia sylvatica</i>	Jungli Dum Fudki	LM	G	LC		☐				
234		Ashy Prinia	<i>Prinia socialis</i>	Sileti Dum Fudki	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
235		Plain Prinia	<i>Prinia inornata</i>	Sada Dum Fudki	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
MEGALURINAE													
236		Bristled Grass Bird	<i>Chaetornis striata</i>	Dharlya Ghas Fudki	LM	G	Globally Threatened	Rediscovered			☐		
MUSCICAPIDAE													
237		Blyth's Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus dumetorum</i>	Podena Narkul Fudki	WM	G	LC			☐			
238		Greenish Warbler	<i>P.trochiloides</i>	Hari Padfudki	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
239		Booted Warbler	<i>Hippolais caligata</i>	Badpaon Fudki	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
240		Tickell's Leaf Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus affinis</i>	Pil Pet Padfudki	WM	T	LC			☐			
241		Clamorous Reed Warbler	<i>Acrocephalus stentoreus</i>	Badi Narkul Fudki	WM	G	LC			☐			
242		Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>	Chota Tiktiki Fudki	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
243		Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>	Samanya Chip Chip Fudki	WM	T	LC			☐			
244		Bluethroat	<i>Luscinia svecica</i>	Nil Kanthi Lusinia	WM	W	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
245		Magpie Robin	<i>Copsychus saularis</i>	Dayal	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
246		Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochrurus</i>	Kala Thirthira	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
247		Brown Rock-chat	<i>Cercomela fusca</i>	Tharthar Kampni	R	T	LC			☐	☐		☐
248		Pied Bushchat	<i>saxicola caprata</i>	Ablak Jhadi Pida	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
249		Indian Robin	<i>saxicoloides fulcata</i>	Kalchuri	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
250		Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>	Kashmiri Kastura	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐		

S.NO	FAMILY	COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	LOCAL NAME	MIGRATORY/ LOCAL RESIDENT	HABITAT	CONSERVATION STATUS	REMARKS	Year 2000	Year 2008	Year 2010	Year 2018	Year 2020
251		Orange-headed Thrush	<i>Zoothera citrina</i>	Kesri Sar Kastura	LM	T	LC			☐			
252		Indian Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	Kal Par Pawai Kastura	R	T	LC		☐	☐			
253		Asian Brown Flycatcher	<i>Muscicapa dauurica</i>	Bhura Kitmar	LM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
254		Red-breasted Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula parva</i>	Sifiya Machariya	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
255		Taiga Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula albicilla</i>	Taiga Machariya	WM	T	LC			☐			
256		Ultramarine Flycatcher	<i>Ficedula superciliaris</i>	Samundri Neel Machariya	WM	T	LC			☐			
257		Verditer Flycatcher	<i>Eumylas thalassina</i>	Varditer Machariya	WM	T	LC				☐	☐	☐
258		Tickell's Blue Flycatcher	<i>Cyronis tickelliae</i>	Tickli Machariya	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
259		Grey-headed Canary Flycatcher	<i>Culicicapa ceylonensis</i>	Pilpeti Machariya	WM	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
260		Common Stonechat	<i>Saxicola leucura</i>	Samanya Bhat Pidda	WM	G	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐
261		Chestnut-bellied Nuthatch	<i>Sitta Castanea</i>	Khair Pet Siri	LM	T	LC			☐			
EMBERIZINAE													
262		Crested Bunting	<i>Melophus lathamii</i>	Choti Patthar Chirta	R	G	LC		☐	☐	☐		☐
263		Grey-necked Bunting	<i>Emberiza buchanani</i>	Sileti Gardan Chirta	WM	T	LC			☐	☐		
264		Black-headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza melanocephala</i>	Kalsar Chirta	WM	G	LC			☐	☐		
265		Red-Headed Bunting	<i>Emberiza bruniceps</i>	Lalmukhi Chirta	WM	G	LC				☐		
ZOSTEROPIDAE													
266		Oriental White-eye	<i>Zosterops palpebrosus</i>	Purvi Babuna	R	T	LC		☐	☐	☐	☐	☐

Media Coverage

बर्ड वॉच और कठपुतली के जरिए छात्रों को दी वन्य जीवों की जानकारी

वन विहार में अनुभवी शिक्षक ने 14 विद्यार्थियों ने सिका मद्र...



बर्ड वॉच और कठपुतली के जरिए छात्रों को दी वन्य जीवों की जानकारी

पर्यटकों को वितरित किए घोंसले


विहार में पर्यटकों को वन्य जीवों के घोंसले वितरित किए गए।



पर्यटकों को वन्य जीवों के घोंसले वितरित किए गए।

वन विहार घूमने के लिए पर बंदे बुक कर सकते रिक्टर

वन विहार घूमने के लिए पर बंदे बुक कर सकते रिक्टर



वन विहार घूमने के लिए पर बंदे बुक कर सकते रिक्टर

वोतल जैन: 2 रुपए में मिलेगा आधा लीटर पानी

वोतल जैन: 2 रुपए में मिलेगा आधा लीटर पानी



वोतल जैन: 2 रुपए में मिलेगा आधा लीटर पानी

सृजनात्मक कार्यशाला में बच्चों ने चीता के साथ बनाए अन्य वन्यप्राणी

सृजनात्मक कार्यशाला में बच्चों ने चीता के साथ बनाए अन्य वन्यप्राणी



सृजनात्मक कार्यशाला में बच्चों ने चीता के साथ बनाए अन्य वन्यप्राणी

वन विहार से स्वस्थ होकर सतपुड़ा टाइगर रिजर्व पहुंची मादा बाघ शाकल

वन विहार से स्वस्थ होकर सतपुड़ा टाइगर रिजर्व पहुंची मादा बाघ शाकल



वन विहार से स्वस्थ होकर सतपुड़ा टाइगर रिजर्व पहुंची मादा बाघ शाकल

अप्रैल में हरियाणा से आएंगे 20 गिद्ध

अप्रैल में हरियाणा से आएंगे 20 गिद्ध



अप्रैल में हरियाणा से आएंगे 20 गिद्ध

Tiger trapped in MANIT, released in Satpura


Tiger trapped in MANIT, released in Satpura



Tiger trapped in MANIT, released in Satpura

दो पैदा की बाघ फरार तेंदुर की सुरोसित निकाला


दो पैदा की बाघ फरार तेंदुर की सुरोसित निकाला



दो पैदा की बाघ फरार तेंदुर की सुरोसित निकाला

सिटी इवेंट वन विहार में पैदल नेचर ट्रेक कर ली वन्यप्राणियों की जानकारी

सिटी इवेंट वन विहार में पैदल नेचर ट्रेक कर ली वन्यप्राणियों की जानकारी



सिटी इवेंट वन विहार में पैदल नेचर ट्रेक कर ली वन्यप्राणियों की जानकारी

वन विहार में पहली बार नर बाघ शाकल का आपरेशन


वन विहार में पहली बार नर बाघ शाकल का आपरेशन



वन विहार में पहली बार नर बाघ शाकल का आपरेशन

पत्रिका भोपाल प्राइम

वन विहार: प्रकृति के विविध रंग देखने हैं तो कीजिए 'विहार'



वन विहार: प्रकृति के विविध रंग देखने हैं तो कीजिए 'विहार'

Way to know more about the Brochures

वन विहार

वन विहार राष्ट्रीय उद्यान की पक्षी विविधता

स्थलीय पक्षी
Terrestrial Birds

वन विहार राष्ट्रीय उद्यान में स्थित पक्षी विविधता का अध्ययन करने के लिए यह पुस्तिका तैयार की गई है। इसमें उद्यान में पाए जाने वाले विभिन्न पक्षी प्रजातियों के बारे में जानकारी दी गई है।

मध्य प्रदेश के गिलह

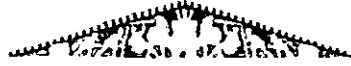
तितली पार्क

तितली पार्क का उद्देश्य है कि बच्चों को तितलियों के बारे में अधिक जानकारी देना और उन्हें तितलियों को संभालने में मदद करना।

वन विहार राष्ट्रीय उद्यान की पक्षी विविधता

जलीय पक्षी
Wetland Birds

वन विहार राष्ट्रीय उद्यान में पाए जाने वाले जलीय पक्षी प्रजातियों के बारे में जानकारी दी गई है।



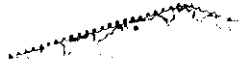
S. No. 1
 Date 9/9/2022
 Name & Address Mr. engaged in other work
 Phone 968935730
 Comments We engaged very much
 inside our friends from
 • E. Mrs. P. S. a a
 Facebook
 I received
 fantastic
 feedback



S. No.	Date	Name & Address	Phone	Comments
*				A VERY IMPORTANT & SENSITIVE MATTER. PLEASE DO NOT BE MISSED AND WEBSITE. IN CASE OF COMMENTS UNDER THIS SECTION 'COMMENTS' PLEASE READ!



S. No.	Date	Name & Address	Phone	Comments
2	25/10/22	N. Shukha Pradh Patel Member Telangana BC Commission	970069678	pleasant feel to visit
3	26/10/22	KISHOR KUD Member Telangana state Commission for BC's	9912-806686	National park Vanthar <i>Kishor</i> So beautiful urban forest park. Very happy moments
20 Nov. 2022		Dr. P.S. Easa, Formerly with Kerala Forest Res. Institute (Member, G.I. MEE Team) Mr. Sushil Sharma (Former. HoFF, Rajasthan) Dr. Abhinav Bhatnagar (WWF-India)	9446324070	Wonderfully maintained, professionally managed urban wildlife area. Compliments the Team of officials, Mr. Padma, Mr. Sushil, Dr. Atul Gupta and their Team. Wish them all the best. <i>Atul Gupta</i> <i>Mr. Sushil</i>



S. No.	Date	Name & Address	Phone	Comments
1	13/4/2022	Mr. Yashpreet Patel B-10 4 Indir Bhopar		Very Nice place wonderful Enjoy all step is good.
2	13/4/2022	Mr. Pratyush Patel B-10 4 Indir Bhopar	9302422121	Very nice place
	11/5/22	Renu Chauhan District Samudra H.P.	9816451999	Its a good place. Very well organized and staff was very superior. Will use it some more again with my family. Thank you.

VAN VIHAR NEWS LETTER



JAN-FEB-MAR 2023



संचालक डेस्क

वन विहार नैशनल पार्क एवं जिम्नैया पर द्वारा अपने म्युज सेटर के द्वितीय अंक में माह जनवरी 2023 से मार्च 2023 के बीच वन विहार में हुई मुख्य गतिविधियों के बारे में एक नजरीया में प्रस्तुत किया जा रहा है। यह अंक गिद्ध संरक्षण के लिए समर्पित है। दिनांक 20 व 21 मार्च 2023 को वन विहार द्वारा "मध्य प्रदेश में गिद्ध संरक्षण और पुनरुत्पादन" पर राष्ट्रीय सम्मेलन, आरसीवीपी नरोन्दा एकेडमी फॉर एडमिनिस्ट्रेशन एंड मैनेजमेंट भोपाल में शामिल होने के साथ मितकर आयोजित किया गया था जिसमें देश भर में किए जा रहे गिद्ध संरक्षण एवं संवर्धन कार्यों के ऊपर विचार-विमर्श किया गया, साथ ही भोपाल स्थित गिद्ध संरक्षण केंद्र के एक्सन प्लान को विद्यार्थियों को संबोधित किया।

वन विहार द्वारा इन तीन माह में प्रवासी पक्षियों की गिनती, नेपर कैम्प, अनुभूति एवं अन्य गतिविधि जैरो-गैरेया दिवस मनाया गया। हमें हर्ष है कि इस म्युज सेटर के माध्यम से वन विहार की क्रियाकलापों के साथ-साथ गिद्धों के संरक्षण हेतु वन विहार द्वारा किए जाने वाले गतिविधियों से आपका परिचय कराया जा रहा है।

(श्रीमती पद्मिनी बाताकुम्वान)
(अ.सं.सं.सं.)
संचालक



वन्यप्राणी अंगीकृत करें

वन विहार के वन्यप्राणियों को किसी भी व्यक्ति अथवा संस्था द्वारा, मासिक, त्रैमासिक, छमाही या बर्ष भर के लिए गोद लिया जा सकता है। वन्यप्राणी अंगीकरण योजना के अंतर्गत व्यय की गई रकम 800 के अंतर्गत विमानानुसार अपडन से भुक्त होगी। निम्न वन्यप्राणियों को उनके समक्ष दर्शित करें, Executive Director M.P. Tiger Foundation Society, Van Vihar National Park, Bhopal के नाम पर भेज जाना बंद गोद लिया जा सकता है:-

प्रजाति	मासिक राशि ₹	अर्द्धवार्षिक राशि ₹	त्रैमासिक राशि ₹	मासिक राशि ₹
बाघ	2,00,000	1,00,000	50,000	17,000
शेर	2,00,000	1,00,000	50,000	17,000
तेन्दुआ	1,00,000	50,000	25,000	9,000
भालू	1,00,000	50,000	25,000	9,000
लकड़हड्डा	36,000	19,000	10,000	4,000
जैकल	30,000	16,000	9,000	3,500
मगर	36,000	19,000	10,000	4,000
घड़ियाल	50,000	26,000	14,000	5,000
अजगर	8,000	4,500	2,300	800



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Van Vihar is open to tourist on all days of the week except Friday

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VAN VIHAR NEWS LETTER



OCT-NOV-DEC 2022



संदेश



वन विहार राष्ट्रीय उद्यान, मध्यप्रदेश की राजधानी भोपाल शहर के मध्य बड़ी झील के किनारे स्थित है, जिसे वर्ष 1983 में अधिष्ठाित किया गया था। वन विहार को केन्द्रीय विज्ञानाचार प्राधिकरण, पूर्व दिल्ली द्वारा विज्ञानाचार के रूप में भी मान्यता दी गयी है। वन विहार प्रबंधन द्वारा जन मानस में पर्यावरण, वन एवं वन्यजीव संरक्षण के प्रति जागरूकता साने के उद्देश्य से कई प्रतिविधियों जिनमें प्रमुख रूप से "एक दिवसीय बर्ड वॉचिंग कैम्प", "नैचर कैम्प", "वन्य स्तरीय वन्यामाली सदाह " तथा विशेष दिनों पर "बस्पर डे", "अर्थ डे", "विश्व वन्यामाली दिवस" पर विशेष जागरूकता कार्यक्रम आयोजित किये जाते हैं। वन विहार में वन्यामाली स्वास्थ्य प्रबंधन की बेहतर सुविधाएं उपलब्ध है जहां वन विहार के वन्यामालियों के साथ-साथ अन्य शोर्लों से रेस्क्यू कर सारे गये प्राणत वन्यामालियों का पोष्य एवं अनुभव वन्यामालियों चिकित्सक द्वारा उपचार हेतु उन्नत सुविधा विरूथित की है। वन्यामालियों को उपयुक्त सारे जाने पर उपचार उपलब्ध प्रावृथिक सदास में छोड़ दिया जाता है। वन विहार में वन्यामालियों हेतु रेस्क्यू सेंटर भी स्थापित किया गया है जहां सर्कस से प्राप्त वन्यामाली एवं विभिन्न शोर्लों से रेस्क्यू कर सारे वन्यामालियों को रखा जाकर उनका प्रबंधन किया जाता है। अग्य मागीरको द्वारा वन विहार के प्रति विशेष आकर्षण है। यहां प्रतिवर्ष सगभा 06 से 07 लाख पर्यटक भगण हेतु आते हैं। वन विहार की वैसासिक प्रतिविधियों का सामनेरा कर म्युज सेंटर जारी किया जा रहा है, जो वन विहार प्रबंधन का साराहनीय प्रयास है।

(जसवीर सिंह चौहान)
(I.F.S.)

प्रधान मुख्य वन संरक्षक (वन्यामाली)

संचालक डेस्क



Van Vihar is a unique center and an example of how to amalgamate in-situ and ex-situ conservation. Located at the foot hills of Shyamala Hills and encircled by the Bhojtal of Bhopal, this picturesque landscape not only serves as an educational and recreational center for a Bhopalite, it is also the cultural center for central India. In one of the efforts to educate the public and as an awareness building activity the Van Vihar has come up with a quarterly news letter show causing various activities carried out by the Van Vihar.

In this publication, the wildlife week celebration, nature camps and anubhuti camps conducted at Van Vihar in the last quarter are highlighted. I hope the readers will be able to appreciate various efforts taken by our Van Vihar towards conservation of wildlife. Through this news letter we will also come up with know your animal and zoo keeper to educate the Van Vihar enthusiast about our animals and zoo keepers.

(Mrs. Padmapriya Balakrishnan)
(I.F.S.)
DIRECTOR, VAN VIHAR NATIONAL PARK



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दरम्यान मजकूर
वन विहार राष्ट्रीय उद्यान व जंगल
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वन विहार

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