



Maharajbag Zoo,

College of Agriculture, Nagpur

Annual Report

For

Year 2024-25



Content

S. no.	Section	Page No.
1.	Report of the office In-charge	3
2.	History of the Zoo	4
3.	Vision	4
4.	Mission	5
5.	Objectives	6
6.	About us	7
7.	Organizational chart	8-9
8.	Human Resources	8-9
9.	Capacity building of the zoo personnel	9
10.	Zoo advisory committee	10
11.	Health advisory committee	10
12.	Statement of income and expenditure of the zoo	11
13.	Daily feeding Schedule of animals	11-13
14.	Vaccination Schedule of animals	13
15.	De-worming Schedule of animals	13
16.	Disinfection schedule	13-14
17.	Health check-up of employees for zoonotic diseases	14-15
18.	Development work carried out in the zoo during the year.	16-18
19.	Education and awareness programs during the year	19-39
20.	Important Events and happenings in the zoo	40
21.	Seasonal special arrangement for upkeep of animals	40
22.	Research work carried out and publication	40
23.	Conservation breeding program in the zoo	40
24.	Animal acquisition/transfer/exchange during the year	40
25.	Rescue and rehabilitation of the wild animal	40
26.	Annual inventory of animals	41-42
27.	Mortality of animals	43
28.	List of free living wild animals within the zoo premises	44-47



1. Report of the office In-charge:

We are pleased to present before you the Annual Report for the year 2024-25, of Maharajbag Zoo, College of Agriculture, Nagpur, Maharashtra, which is identified as a unique Zoo which is being operated by an Agriculture University i.e. Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Krushi Vidyapeeth, Akola throughout the country. Year 2024-25 is ended up with some success and failure. We are proud to announce herewith the Maharajbag Zoo has completed its 131 years of existence in the year 2024-25.

The Maharajbag zoo is located in the heart of the Nagpur city with Lush green belt with huge old trees. The zoo is working as lung of the City to minimize the pollution and temperature. The Zoo is one of the oldest Zoo of India established in 1894, the availability of Grants zoo never faced any scarcity of funds for the maintenance of zoo. This zoo is famous tourist place in the City since last many decades yet waiting for smooth functioning as per Modern Zoo Management practices. The Zoo staff is on the toe around the clock to provide best for the animals and Visitors from the available resources.

I express my sincere thanks to the Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Krushi Vidyapeeth, Akola, Agricultural College, Nagpur and all residential of Nagpur and nearby districts for being with us in all our success and failures and for their endless love upon us.

On behalf of Maharajbag Zoo family



Dr. S. S. Bawaskar
Office In-charge

2. History of the Zoo:

This zoo is known as “Maharajbag Zoo” since 1894. Prior to this, it was a Shikar Khana of the erstwhile Maharaja Raghoji Raje Bhosale, the Ruler of Nagpur. On the establishment of C-P & Berar state this Zoo was taken over by the Department of Agriculture. At that time only 3 cages existed in which Tigers, Hyena, monkeys and some birds were kept. During the period of the British Rulers, the Deer park was constructed and the old Tiger cages were renovated. During the post-independence period in 1954, some new cages for accommodation of Leopards, Lions and some birds were constructed. In 1969 Maharajbag Zoo was transferred to Dr. P.D.K.V. Akola, under the administrative control of the college of Agriculture, Nagpur with the associated dean as the Zoo Controller.

The Maharajbag Zoo has completed its 131 years of establishment and has a rich tradition and green backdrop light in the very fine Horticulture Garden in the heart of city. The Maharajbag Zoo is the pride of ‘Orange city-Nagpur’ and its surrounding area of central India.

The beginning:

In the beginning of Maharajbag Zoo the animal enclosures were very old and in the dilapidated condition. The Dr. Panjabrao Krushi Vidyapeeth started the development work from the day Zoo came in their administrative control but the real momentum to the work was given in 1992.

The new Master Layout Plan was submitted to the Central Zoo Authority, New Delhi and its approval has been received on 25/07/2023. The renovation and modernization of Maharajbagh Zoo is being carried out as per the National Zoo Policy 1998 and as per the rules of CZA, New Delhi.

3. OUR VISION

Making the zoo as one of the most naturalistic and green zoo in the region without disturbing the natural landscape of the area by designing the animal enclosures and supportive infrastructure in a proper way to merge fully in the environment of the zoo by housing only the species which can be provided quality life of adequate longevity so that they can procreate and lead to self-sustaining and genetically and behaviorally viable population at the zoo.



4. OUR MISSION

Compliment the national efforts in conservation of wildlife through planned coordinated conservation breeding of endangered wild animal species of the region. Develop amongst visitor's empathy for wild animals and motivate them to support the cause of conservation of wildlife. Develop amongst the visitors an understanding about the ecological linkages with the life supporting processes of nature and the need for keeping them intact by adopting sustainable life styles and living in harmony with nature. Enhancing role of zoos in wildlife conservation through collaborative research aiming at attaining management skills for in-situ population and carrying out advocacy for protecting the wild animals and their natural habitats.

5. OUR OBJECTIVE

To aid and assist in conservation of wild animals and their habitat. The "Zoo" shall in conformity with the aforesaid trend, shall work for conservation of the rich bio-diversity of the state through following sub objectives:

- ✿ To create amongst the visitors empathy towards wild animals through better understanding of the linkages of long term survival of various species of wild animals and availability of fertile soil, potable drinking water and pollution free environment.
- ✿ Conservation breeding of endangered species of wild animals, available within the bio-geographical range.
- ✿ To provide housing and upkeep to the orphaned animals of endangered species rescued from the wild.
- ✿ To collect and collate the scientific data on the biology, behavior and health care of various species of wild animals housed at the zoo and use the same in the future management of the zoo.
- ✿ To assist in the conservation of the in-situ population of various species of endangered species of wild animals and their habitat by sensitizing the people about the benefits of adopting sustainable lifestyles and shunning off affluent way of living which involves wastage of natural resources

6. About us:

Maharajbag Zoo is the only zoo in the country which is operated by agricultural university. Zoo In-charge has overall control on the administration and planning of zoo. He is assisted in the work by the Sr. clerk, two office attendant and livestock supervisor. The zoo In-charge reports to Zoo controller for overall activities of the Zoo.

Veterinary officer looks after the upkeep and health care of animals including deworming, disinfection and vaccination of animals. The veterinary officer is assisted by livestock supervisor. Major activities of the team are health care and vaccination of captive animal, food and nutrition, maintenance of animal enclosure. Veterinary officer reports to Zoo In-charge.

Curator is responsible for the daily/weekly/monthly zoo routine such as upkeep and maintenance of the animal enclosure, feeding of animal, disinfection of enclosure, enrichment of enclosures, maintenance of daily records, feeding records and also responsible for the zoo estate. Curator is assisted by the head keeper and animal keepers for his day to day zoo routine. The head keeper and animal keeper's reports to curator and curator reports to Zoo In-charge.

Biologist cum Education Officer looks after record on observation of animal behavior and biology, suggesting enrichment ideas for the enclosures, recommending regulation of movement of visitor to minimize its impact on the animal, upgrading the signage displayed on animal enclosures, maintenance of animal history card and stud book of animals, preparing informative, educative signage's to be displayed in the zoo, organizing zoo education and awareness programs and preparation of annual report of the Zoo. Biologist cum education officer reports to Zoo In-charge for overall activities.

Silent features of the Zoo:

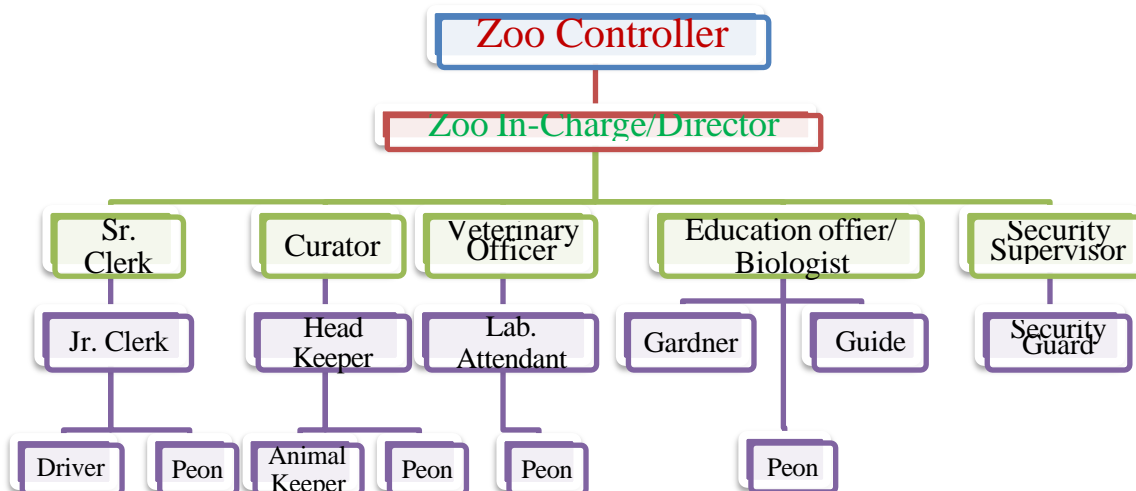
Sr. No.	Particulars	Information
Basic information about zoo		
1.	Name of the Zoo	Maharajbag Zoo, College of Agriculture, Nagpur
2.	Year of establishment	1894
3.	Address of the zoo	Maharajbag Zoo, College of Agriculture, Amravati Road, Sitabuldi, Nagpur, Maharashtra 440001 (India)
4.	State	Maharashtra
5.	Telephone number	0712-2523720
6.	Fax number	91-712-2554820



Sr. No.	Particulars	Information		
7.	e-mail address	maharajbagzoo@gmail.com		
8.	Website	http://www.maharajbagzoo.org		
9.	Distance from nearest	Airport : Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar International airport	8.0 Km (SW)	
		Railway station	Sitabuldi, Central, railway station	3.0 km (NE)
		Bus stand	Ganesh peth Bus stand	3.0 Km (E)
10.	Recognition valid upto (Date)	Application submitted on 13/02/2023 for renewal of recognition.		
11.	Area (in Hectares)	10.3 Hectares		
Management personnel of the Zoo				
12.	Name with designation of the Officer in charge	Dr. Sunil S. Bawaskar Designation: Officer in-charge		
	Name of the veterinary officer	Dr. A. B. Motghare		
	Name of the Curator	Mr. J. M. Darwade		
	Name of the Biologist / Education Officer	Miss. Prajakta C. Tandale		
	Name of the Live stock supervisor	Shri. M.R. Panday		
	Name of the Compounder/Lab Assistant	Outsourced		
Owner/Operator of the Zoo				
13.	Name of the Operator	Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Krushi Vidyapeeth, Akola through Zoo Controller, Maharajbag Zoo, Agriculture College, Nagpur		
14.	Address of the Operator	Registrar, Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Krushi Vidyapeeth, Krushi nagar, Akola, pin code: 444104		
15.	Contact details/Phone number of the Operator	0724-2258372		
16.	E-mail address of the Operator	registrar@pdkv.ac.in		



7. Organizational chart



8. Human resources

Manpower of the Zoo

Sr. no.	Designation	Number of Sanctioned post	Name of Incumbent
1.	Zoo Controller	Designated	Dr. P. R. Kadu
2.	Officer In-charge (Zoo)/Director	1	Dr. S. S. Bawaskar
3.	Officer In-charge (Garden)	1	Mrs. S. A. Thakre
4.	Veterinary officer	1	Dr. A. B. Motghare
5.	Curator	1 (Contractual)	Mr. J. M. Darwade
6.	Education Officer cum Biologist	1 (Contractual)	Ms. Prajakta C. Tandale
7.	Sr. Clerk	1	Mrs. M. R. Dhore
8.	Livestock supervisor	1	Mr. M. R. Pande
9.	Head keeper	1 (Permanent) 1 (Contractual)	Mr. Babulal Yadav Mr. Haribhau Tirmale
10.	Agricultural assistant/Garden supervisor	2	Filled in
11.	Sweeper	1	Vacant
12.	Animal Keeper/labour/Mazdoor	20 (Contractual)	a. Mrs. Sushila R. Khare b. Mr. Vikrant Kitke c. Mr. Rajendra J. Raut d. Mrs. Rajkanya M. Bageshwar e. Mr. Ganesh M. Choudhary f. Mr. Lakhan J. Shende g. Mrs. Dipali D. Bante

Sr. no.	Designation	Number of Sanctioned post	Name of Incumbent
			h. Mr. Shankar G. Kambale i. Mr. Ganesh R. Choudhary j. Mr. Sidhhnath Choudhary k. Mr. Mangesh N. Atalkar l. Mrs. Chaya S. Dhargave m. Mr. Ramjit Yadav n. Mr. Sharad. Choudhary o. Mr. Sandip R. Adbadiya p. Mrs. Shweta R. Tirmale q. Mr. Sandip L. Gedam r. Mrs. Asha R. Nikhare
13.	Attendant	2	1 filled 1 vacant
14.	Security Guards	14 (Outsourced)	Filled in

9. Capacity building of Zoo personnel:

During the financial year 2024-25, as a part of capacity building some of our Zoo personnel were attended the conference. The details of trainee and conference are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name and designation of Zoo personnel	Subject of training	Period of training	Venue of training
1.	Dr. A. B. Motghare Veterinary officer	Zoo Veterinary Training, Organized by The Zoo Authority of Maharashtra, Nagpur	11 th to 12 th July 2024	Wildlife Research & Training Centre, Gorewada, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India
2.	Ms. Prajakta C. Tandale Education Officer cum Biologist	Capacity building Workshop for Zoo Biologist Organized by Central Zoo Authority, New Delhi.	24 th to 26 th , October, 2024	Indira Gandhi Zoological Park, Vishakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh, India
3.	Dr. A. B. Motghare Veterinary Officer	Deputation Request for Veterinary Officer – Wildlife Health Management.	2 nd to 6 th , December, 2024	Wildlife Research & Training Centre, Gorewada, Nagpur, Maharashtra, India



10. Zoo Advisory Committee:

Zoo advisory committee is formed on 23/08/2011 which includes experts from related fields. The last meet was held on 24/02/2023. The list of the members of Zoo advisory committee are given below:

1. Dr. P. G. Ingole
2. Dr. Sharad Nimbalkar
3. Shri Umesh Chaube
4. Dr. Shripad Suklikar
5. Shri Sanjay Deshpande
6. Shri Ashish Goswami
7. Dr. Anil Wagh
8. Dr. D. M. Panchbhai
9. Dr. S. S. Bawaskar
10. Dr. A. B. Motghare
11. Shri Madhukar Wankhade
12. Proff. Ram Gawande

11. Health Advisory Committee:

On 20/06/2021, the health advisory committee was formed which includes 5 members. The last meet was held on 10.03.2023. Members list is given below.

- 1 Dr. S. S. Bawaskar
2. Dr. R. S Khobragade
3. Dr. R. D. Tembhurne
4. Dr. M. P. Roy
5. Dr. A. B. Motghare



12. Statement of income and expenditure of Maharajbag

The Maharajbag Zoo is being operated by Dr. Panjabrao Deshmukh Krushi, Vidyapeeth, Akola. Thus, all the funding comes through Dr. P. K. D. V. Akola. The income from ticketing of Maharajbag Zoo is the part of revolving fund and due to this all the fund requires for the maintenance of Zoo comes from the same. The statement of income and expenditure is as follows.

Sr. No.	Fund granted by	Income	Expenditure
1.	Comptroller, Dr. P. K. D. V. Akola through revolving fund	Rs. 1,3500000/-	Rs. 1,33,08421/-

13. Daily Feed schedule of animal:

Daily Feed schedule of captive animals are detailed in following table:

Sr. no.	Species	Feed item	Quantity		Day of fasting
			Winter	Summer	
1.	Tiger	Milk	300 ml only on Sunday	300 ml only on Sunday	Sunday
		Buffalo Beef/Chicken/Mutton	10kg	10kg	
2.	Leopard	milk	200ml only on Sunday	200ml only on Sunday	Sunday
		Buffalo Beef/Chicken/Mutton	5kg	5kg	
3.	Jackal	Milk	100 ml	100 ml	Sunday
		Buffalo Beef/Chicken/Mutton	1kg	1kg	
4.	Sloth bear	Banana	6 nos.	6 nos.	None
		Milk	750 ml	750 ml	



Sr. no.	Species	Feed item	Quantity		Day of fasting
			Winter	Summer	
		Tomato	250gm	250gm	
		Carrots	300gm	300gm	
		Sweet lime	2 Nos	2 Nos	
		Guava/papaya/ Mango	100gm	100gm	
		Honey	50gm	50gm	
		Mix Grain	1.5kg	1.5kg	
		Root Vegetable	500gm	500gm	
5.	Blue bull	Cattle feed	2kg	2kg	None
		Para/ Berseem/ Green grass/ Vegetables	Adlib	Adlib	
6.	Spotted Deer	Cattle feed	500gm	500gm	None
		Para Grass/ Berseem /Green grass/ Vegetable	Adlib	Adlib	
7.	Blackbuck	Cattle feed	500 gm	500 gm	None
		Para Grass/ berseem/ green grass/ Vegetable	Adlib	Adlib	
8.	Rhesus/Bonnet Monkey	Gram	100gm	100gm	None
		Apple	1 nos.	1 nos.	
		Banana	4 nos.	4 nos.	
		Carrots	50gm	50gm	
		Cabbage	50gms	50gms	
		Sweet lime	2 Nos	2 Nos	
9.	Four Horned	Cattle feed	500 gm	500 gm	none
		Paragrass/berseem/ green grass/ Vegetable	Adlib	Adlib	
10.	Emu	Banana	6 nos.	6 nos.	None
		Bread	250gm	250gm	
		Cabbage	50gm	50gm	
		Spinach	400gm	400gm	
		Gram	100gm	100gm	
		Mix grains	600 gm	600 gm	
11.	Peacock	Mix grains	300gm	300gm	None
		Spinach, Green leaves	Few leaves	Few leaves	
		Kheema	100gm	100gm	
		Onion	25gm	25gm	
		Guava/papaya/ Mango	100 gm	100 gm	
12.	Lovebird	Sunflower Seeds/ Mix grains	10 gm	10 gm	None
		Coriander	5-10gm	5-10gm	
		Rala	20gms	20gms	
		Spinach	Few leaves	Few leaves	
		Chiku/Berry/Grapes	25gm	25gm	
		Sunflower	10 gm	10 gm	
13.	Cockatiels	Sunflower Seeds/ Mix grains	50 gm	50 gm	None



Sr. no.	Species	Feed item	Quantity		Day of fasting
			Winter	Summer	
		Coriander	5-10gm	5-10gm	
		Rala	20gms	20gms	
		Spinach	Few leaves	Few leaves	
		Chiku/Berry/Grapes	25gm	25gm	
		Sunflower	10 gm	10 gm	
14.	Parrots	Sweet lime	25 gm	25 gm	None
		Guava/papaya/ Mango	100 gm	100 gm	
		Honey	10gms	10gms	
		Gram	20gm	20gm	
		Apple	100 gm	100 gm	
		Chiku/Berry/Grapes	25gm	25gm	
		Green Chilly	10gm	10gm	
		Sunflower seed	20 gm	20 gm	
15.	Crocodiles	Fish	1kg	1kg	None
16.	Tortoise	Tomato	50 gm	50 gm	None
		Cabbage	10 gm	10 gm	
17.	Otter	Fish	2kg	2kg	None

** Note: Feeding items quantity/animal.

14. Vaccination schedule of animal:

Sl.No.	Species	Disease vaccinated for	Name of the Vaccine and dosage/ quantity used	Periodicity	Remarks
1.	Tiger	Rabies	Rabivac Vet	Annually	-
2.	Leopard				-
3.	Jackal				-

15. Fecal Sample and De-worming schedule of animal:

Species	Particulars	Drug used	Month
Carnivores	Tiger Leopard Jackal	Fecal sample	-
		Deworming	Tab. Prazisam
Herbivores and	Blue bull Black Buck	Fecal sample	-



Species		Particulars	Drug used	Month
	Spotted Deer Four Horned Antelope Sloth bear	Deworming	Liq. A-Zole/F-Zole, Ivermectin	7 th of January, April, July and October
Primates	Monkey	Fecal sample	-	5 th of January, April, July and October
		Deworming	Liq. F-Zole	7 th of January, April, July and October
Aves	Birds	Deworming	Liq. Piperazine	7 th of January, April, July and October

16. Disinfection schedule:

Sr.No.	Species	Type of enclosure	Disinfectant used and method	Frequency of disinfection
1.	Tiger	Open	ViraCid-S and Kohrsolin-Th (Spraying)	Every Month
2.	Leopard	Closed		
3.	Jackal	Open		
4.	Sloth bear	Closed		
5.	Monkey	Closed		
6.	Birds	Closed		

17. Health check-up of employees for Zoonotic diseases:

Health checkup of all the zoo employees were carried out for the investigation of Zoonotic diseases:

Sr. no.	Name	Designation	Date of health check-up	Findings of health check up
1.	Dr. A. B. Motghare	Veterinary Officer	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
2.	Mr. M. R. Pande	Livestock supervisor	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
3.	Mr. Jaykumar Darwade	Curator	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic



Sr. no.	Name	Designation	Date of health check-up	Findings of health check up
4.	Ms. Prajakta C. Tandale	Education Officer Cum Biologist	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
5.	Mr. Baburao Yadav	Head Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
6.	Mrs. Asha Rajendra Nikhare	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
7.	Mr. Ganesh M. Choudhary	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
8.	Mrs. Chhaya Dhargave	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
9.	Mr. Sharad Choudhary	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
10.	Mr. Rajendra Raut	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
11.	Mrs. Rajkanya Bageshwar	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
12.	Mr. Ganesh R. Choudhary	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
13.	Mrs. Sushila Khare	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
14.	Mr. Shankar Kamble	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non- symptomatic
15.	Mr. Lakhan Jagan Shende	Animal Keeper	02/12/2024	Non-symptomatic



Photographs Showing: Health checkup of all the zoo employees

18. Development work carried out in the zoo during the year:

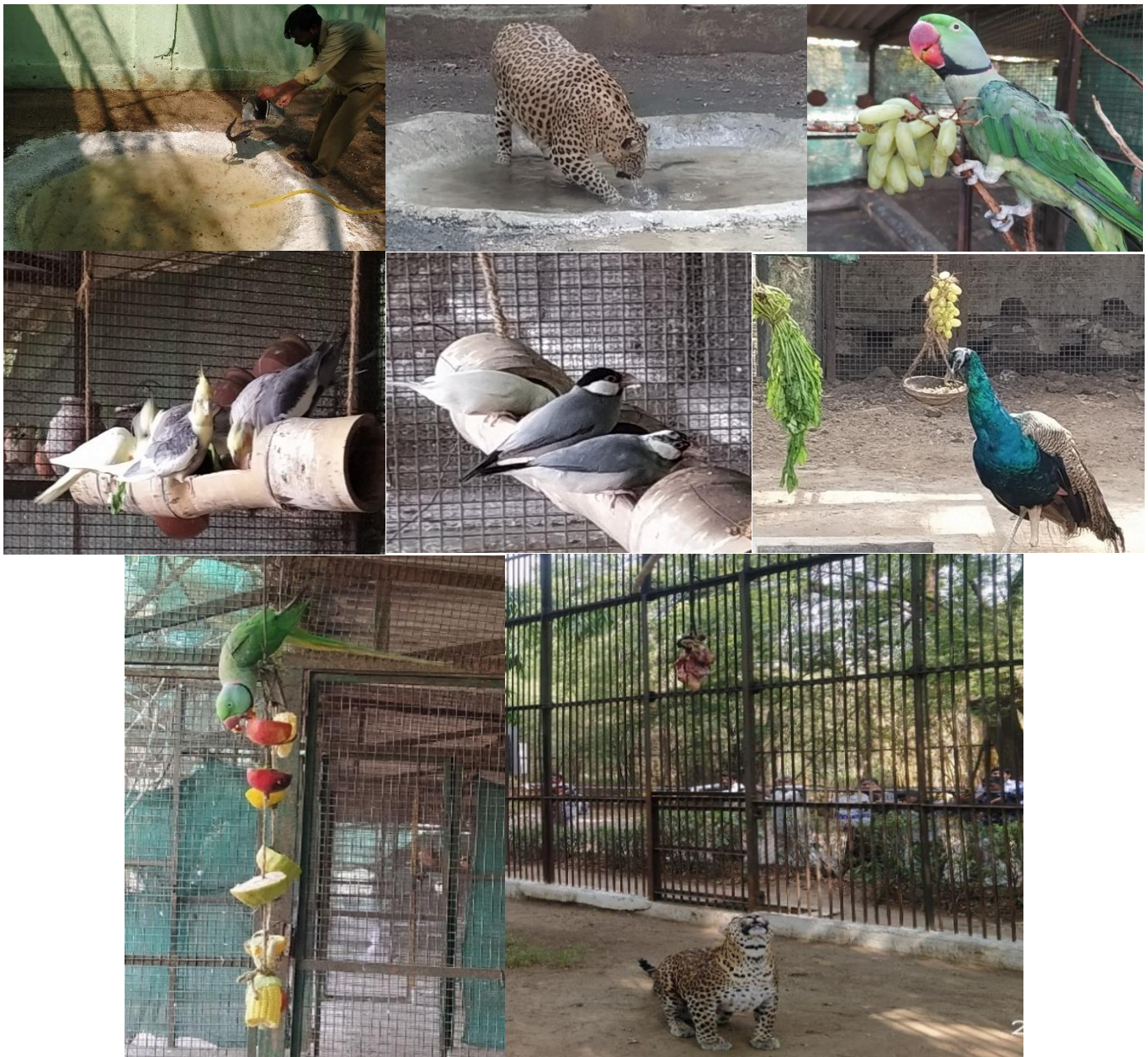
In the Year 2024-25 some development work carried out in the zoo as a compliance of CZA condition, for the upkeep, beautification and as a part of Zoo management. List of renovation, modernization of existing enclosures and development of new enclosure with development work as a part of enhancing the enrichment activities to improve the animal enclosure resembling to its natural habitat is given below.



Photographs Showing: New enrichment probes have been designed and installed in the cages.



Photograph Showing: Species specific enrichment & Seasonal enrichment activities of animals & Birds



Photographs Showing: Species specific enrichment & Seasonal enrichment activities of animals & Birds

19. Education and awareness programs during the year:

Zoo education is significant part of zoo for creating awareness about wildlife and its conservation among the visitors. Zoo education program held during year 2024-25 are listed below:

Sr. No.	Date	Title of Educational programme
1.	5 th June 2024	World Environment Day
2.	30 th June 2024	Ek Ped Maa ke Naam Campaign
3.	1 st Week of July 2024	Van Mahotsav
4.	29 th July 2024	International Tiger Day
5.	5 th August 2024	Friendship Day
6.	19 th August 2024	Vrukshabandhan
7.	17 th Sep to 2 nd Oct 2024	Swachhata he Seva Campaign
8.	2 nd to 8 th October 2024	Wildlife Week
9.	5 th to 12 th November 2024	Bird Week
10.	Every Thursday of the week	Cleanliness drive
11.	3 rd March 2024	World Wildlife Day

1. World Environment Day 05.06.2024.

On 5th June 2024, a tree plantation drive was conducted on the occasion of World Environment Day. All office officers and staff members participated enthusiastically in the program. Various types of native trees were planted in the premises, contributing to the conservation of biodiversity. The primary objective of the initiative was to raise awareness about environmental protection and to increase green cover.





Photograph showing: Environment Day Celebration

2. Ek_Ped_Maa_ke_Naam Campaign

On 30th June 2024, a tree plantation drive was organized under the campaign "Ek Ped Maa Ke Naam". All office officers and staff members actively participated in the initiative. This campaign, dedicated to mothers, emphasized the importance of environmental conservation.





Photograph showing: Ek_Ped_Maa_ke_Naam

3. Van Mahotsav 1st Week of July 2024:

During the first week of July 2024, on the occasion of "Van Mahotsav", slogan writing and tree plantation programs were organized. Through this event, students were informed about the environmental and cultural importance of the Vasant Mahotsav. Around 60 students from Kamla Nehru College, Nagpur actively participated in the initiative.



Photograph showing: Van Mahotsav celebration

4. International Tiger Day: On 29th July 2024, International Tiger Day was celebrated at Maharajbagh Zoo, Nagpur, in collaboration with the Department of Zoology, Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University, and Kamla Nehru Mahavidyalaya, Nagpur. More than 150 students actively participated in the program. An Online Quiz & poster-making competition was organized on various topics such as *Tiger Conservation*, *Tiger Ecology*, and *Studying Tigers*. Prizes were awarded to the winners for their creative efforts. On this occasion, a guest talk was delivered, highlighting the ecological importance of tigers and focusing on raising awareness among youth and the general public about the need for tiger conservation.







Photographs showing: Posters & Guest talk

5. Friendship Day 04 August, 2024: On the occasion of Friendship Day, the officers and workers at the zoo celebrated by tying friendship bands to trees, symbolizing a bond of respect and care toward nature. With the thought that "Trees are our true and lifelong friends," this initiative promoted environmental awareness and emotional connection with nature.



Photographs showing: "Bond with trees, grow friendship with nature!"

6. Vrukshabandhan 19th August 2024: On 19th August 2024, an eco-friendly initiative Vrukshabandhan was celebrated. On this special occasion, all officers and staff of Maharajbagh Zoo tied rakhis to the trees, symbolizing a deep bond of affection and protection towards nature. The event aimed to instill the message that "trees are our eternal companions" and to cultivate this sentiment among the audience. The primary objective of the program was to raise awareness about tree conservation and to promote love and responsibility towards the environment.



Photographs showing: Vrukshabandhan

7. Bird Week: On the occasion of Bird Week, visitors to the zoo were provided with information about various bird species. The initiative aimed to raise awareness about birds' lives, their natural habitats, and their importance in the ecosystem.



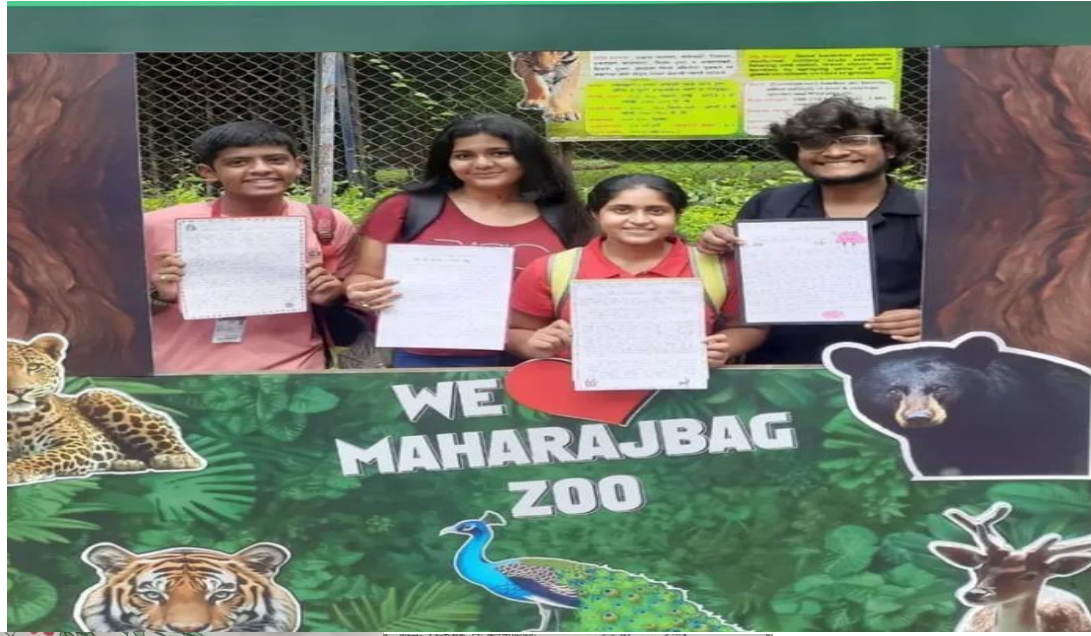
Photographs showing: Bird week celebration

7. World Wildlife Week -2nd to 8th October 2024 :

To spread the awareness about wildlife and its habitat conservation, about better understanding of linkages of long term survival of various wild species with soil, water and environment every year we celebrates Wildlife week. *World Wildlife Week* was celebrated at Maharajbagh Zoo, Nagpur, in collaboration with Kamla Nehru Mahavidyalaya, Nagpur & Hislop College, Nagpur with a variety of educational and creative activities. Students from Hislop College, Nagpur, Kamla Nehru Mahavidyalaya, Nagpur and the Department of Zoology, Rashtrasant Tukadoji Maharaj Nagpur University actively participated in the events throughout the week.



- **Story Writing and Poem Writing Competitions:** These literary competitions encouraged students to express their views on wildlife conservation, nature, and human-animal relationships through creative writing. The events enhanced their imagination, sensitivity toward wildlife, and communication skills.



Once when a lion, the King of the Jungle, was asleep, a little mouse began running up and down on him. This soon awakened the lion, who placed his huge paw on the mouse, and opened his big jaws to swallow him.

"Pardon, O King!" cried the little mouse. "Forgive me this time I shall never repeat it and I shall never forget your kindness. And who knows, I may be able to do you a good turn one of these days!"

The lion was so tickled by the idea of the mouse being able to help him that he lifted his paw and let him go.

Sometime later, a few hunters captured the lion and tied him to a tree. After that they went in search of a wagon, to take him to the zoo.

Just then the little mouse happened to pass by. On seeing the lion's plight, he ran up to him and gnawed away the ropes that bound him, the King of the Jungle.

"Was I not right?" said the little mouse, very happy to help the lion.

MORAL: "Small acts of kindness will be rewarded."

Topic - The Camel
 Class - 4th/5th
 Date - 10/10/2024

C: Baby Camel and his Mother

Once upon a time, a baby camel stood with his mother. The baby camel was happy to be in the land of the desert. When the mother camel asked what was wrong with her, the baby camel remained silent. When the baby camel could not take it any longer, he asked, "Why do camels have humps?" "The next day," she said, "because we are desert animals. The humps help us store water for several days. So we can survive without water." The mother explained with a smile.

"Why do camels have long legs?" she asked. "The mother camel replied, "These are made for walking in hot desert." "The mother responded, "The camel's long legs and rounded feet make it easier for them to walk in desert than anyone else!" "Mother, why do we have long eyelashes?" "The inquisitive baby camel asked once more. "I hate my vision at times." "Baby camel, then long, thick eyelashes are your protective shield," the mother camel said proudly. "They assist us in protecting our eyes from wind of the desert."

"Oh, I see," Baby camel remarked after some thought. "What in your name are we doing here in the Zoo of the humps help us store water while we're in the desert, the legs are for going through the desert, and these eyelashes protect our eyes from the desert?" Mother camel was speechless this time.

Moral: "Your abilities, experiences, knowledge and skills are only useful, if you are in right place."

Topic - चिड़िया

खुले आसमान में पंख पसारें पंखी उड़ता जाए
 अपनी मधुर आवाज से जो सबका मन लुभाए
 जाए जब वो शक बैठाकर पेड़ पे झुकन है जाए
 नाहे हो नम्र चा हो खरा ठेनों की ही करीब जाए
 सखा है ये प्रकृति का, खुंदरता को अपनी बनाए
 निरखत-निष्पप से ये पंखी कितने प्यारे नजर आए
 नृत्य करे मधुर कोई, या कोख कोई मधुर गीत ग
 या निकले आवाज कर्कश कागा, सभी मन को भाए
 खुले आसमान में पंख पसारें पंखी उड़ता जाए
 अपनी मधुर आवाज से जो सबका मन लुभाए



- Poster Presentation Competitions: Students illustrated themes related to endangered species, wildlife habitats, and conservation through artistic visuals. These competitions served as powerful awareness tools while nurturing students' creativity and presentation abilities.





Photograph: Wildlife Week Celebration- Poster making Competition

- Photography Competition, Photo Exhibition, and Drawing Competition: Participants captured compelling images of wildlife and nature, which were displayed in a public photo exhibition. A drawing competition for children aged 5 to 12 was also organized for visiting spectators. The children's artwork on nature and animals added color and enthusiasm to the event, creating early awareness about wildlife among young minds.







Photographs showing: Drawing competition

- Mehendi Competition & Musical Chair activity: With nature and wildlife as the themes, the mehendi designs portrayed creative expressions of conservation using traditional art. This unique blend of culture and environment connected artistic interest with ecological awareness.



Photographs showing: Mehendi Competition



Photographs showing: Musical Chair Activity

- **Bird Watching Session:** A guided bird-watching activity was conducted under the expert guidance of **Dr. Gopal Paliwal, Head, Department of Zoology, SSJC, Arjuni-Morgaon, Gondia**. He educated students about bird species identification, their behavior, and ecological significance, thus deepening their understanding of biodiversity.



Photograph: Bird watching with Expert

- Street Play on Wildlife Conservation : As part of Wildlife Week celebrations, students presented a street play (Pathnatya) focused on the theme of animal conservation. The performance effectively highlighted the importance of protecting wildlife and their natural habitats. Through expressive acting and powerful messaging, the students successfully conveyed their message to the audience. Visitors and spectators gave a very positive response and appreciated the efforts of the performers. The street play proved to be an impactful and engaging medium for raising environmental awareness.

**Photographs showing : Street Play**

- Prize Distribution and Certification: Winners of each event were awarded prizes, and all participants received certificates in appreciation of their involvement and enthusiasm. The week-long celebration successfully fostered creativity, awareness, and a sense of responsibility among students and visitors. These activities not only supported wildlife education but also left a lasting impact by promoting conservation values in an engaging and enjoyable manner.

On the last day of Wild life week , a valedictory program was held with prize distribution and closing remarks.



Prize distribution and closing remarks.





Photographs showing: Prize distribution and closing remarks.



9. Weekly Cleanliness Campaign: The College of Agriculture, Nagpur conducts a cleanliness campaign every Thursday from 5:00 to 6:00 PM under the themes "Green Campus, Clean Campus" and "Waste to Wealth." Students and staff actively participate in this initiative to maintain campus cleanliness, promote sustainable practices, and manage waste through recycling and reuse.



Photograph showing: Cleanliness Campaign

10. World Wildlife Day Celebration, 3rd March 2025: Many schools and colleges organize educational rally at Maharaj Bagh Zoo where students are guided by the Officer In-Charge of Maharajbag Zoo, Nagpur regarding wildlife.









Photograph showing: Wildlife Day Celebration

Zoo Education for School students/special groups and visitors:

Zoo education held every day for the visitors with the aim to attract, excite, enthuse, educate and aware our visitors of different social, cultural and economic background. Maharajbag zoo is prime tourist attraction especially for school educational trip. The school children are our target group for daily Zoo education. Our education officer trying to attend each student visits to zoo.

Display of various wildlife articles along with its explanation, tips for identification of similar appearing wild animals such as leopard and cheetah etc., wildlife conservation and its related Acts, current environmental issues and their solutions are some topics covered under the lecture of education officer.







Photographs showing: Zoo Education

20. Important events and happenings:

- Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) with 2nos. of RTMN University colleges namely;
 - Kamala Nehru Mahavidyalaya, Sakkardara, Nagpur
- Master Plan is in principally approved on dated 25/07/2023.

21. Seasonal special arrangements for upkeep of animals:

Curator in consultation with veterinary officer makes special arrangements with respect change in season. Special seasonal arrangements in practice for zoo captive animals are as follows:

☀ Summer season:

- ✓ Regular cutting of fire lines made before onset of summer all along the boundary of



the zoo.

- ✓ Fire lines are kept clean of leaves and fallen branches all the time throughout the summer.
- ✓ Arrangement of coolers for each animal enclosures,
- ✓ Regular sprinkling of water is practiced regularly in day times.
- ✓ Blanketing the cover of hay or dried twigs on the animal's enclosure, night shelter to provide coolness.
- ✓ Provision of water and feed for free birds, squirrels etc. living in the Zoo.

✿ Winter season:

- ✓ Arrangements of heaters for the animals.
- ✓ Provision of natural bedding materials like leaves, hey etc.
- ✓ Covering of animal enclosure with clothes, blanket or green net to avoid cool air.

✿ Rainy season:

- ✓ Cement sheds already provided for all animals thus no special arrangement made in rainy season. If needs some special arrangement then it will be practiced as per the requirement.

22. Research work carried out and publication- During 2024-25 no research work has been carried out.

23. Conservation breeding program in the zoo- During 2024-25 no conservation breeding program has been carried out.

24. Animal Acquisition/transfer/exchange during the year:

A. Animal Arriving in the zoo					
	H. No.	Species	Number (M:F)	From which Zoo	Date of arrival in the Zoo
	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
B. Animals going from the Zoo					
	H. No.	Species	Number (M:F)	Going to which Zoo	Date of deposition from the Zoo
	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil



25. Rescue and rehabilitation of wild animals carried out by the zoo:

Sr. No.	Date of rescue	Species with number of animals rescued with their sex (M:F:U:T)	Received from	Date of submission of report to the CWLW/CZA	Action Taken	
					Date and place of rehabilitation	Reason for housing in the zoo if not released in their habitat
Nil						

26. Annual inventory of animals:

Inventory report for the year 2024-2025

Endangered species:

S.N.	Animal Name	Scientific Name	Opening Stock as on 1.04.2024				Births			Acquisition			Disposal			Deaths			Closing stock as on 31.03.2025			
			M	F	U	T	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	T
Aves																						
1	Peafowl	<i>Pavo cristatus</i>	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3
	Total Aves		2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3
MAMMALIA																						
1	Sloth Bear	<i>Melursus ursinus</i>	2	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	4
2	Tiger	<i>Panthera tigris</i>	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
3	Leopard	<i>Panthera pardus</i>	1	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	4
4	Indian Jackal	<i>Canis aureus indicus</i>	1	1	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	5
5	Indian Hog deer	<i>Hyelaphus pornicus</i>	2	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	3
6	Black Buck	<i>Antilope cervicapara</i>	4	6	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	6	0	10
7	Rhesus Macaque	<i>Mucaca mulatta</i>	3	3	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	6
8	Bonnet Macaque	<i>Macaca radiata</i>	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
9	Otter	<i>Lontra canadensis</i>	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	2
10	Four Horned Antelope	<i>Tetracerus quadricornis</i>	2	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	4
	Total mammals- 10		19	20	3	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	22	0	42
REPTILIA																						
1.	Marsh Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
	Total Reptilia- 1		1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
	Total		22	22	3	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	22	45

*Animals under Schedule I and Schedule II of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972



Other than endangered species:

S.N.	Animal Name	Scientific Name	Stock as on 31.03.2024				Births			Acquisition			Disposal			Deaths			Closing stock as on 31.03.2025			
			M	F	U	T	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	M	F	U	T
AVES																						
1	Alexandrine parakeet	<i>Psittacula eupatria</i>	7	7	0	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	0	14
2	Rose ring parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	7	3	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3	0	10
3	Cockatiel	<i>Nymphicus hollandicus</i>	0	0	50	50	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	50	50
4	Budgerigar	<i>Melopsittacus undulatus</i>	0	0	80	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	80
5	Emu	<i>Dromaius novaehollandiae</i>	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3
	Total Aves		17	10	130	157	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	10	130	157
MAMMALIA																						
1	Blue Bull	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>	4	6	1	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	6	0	10
2	Spotted Deer	<i>Axis axis</i>	12	19	0	31	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	20	0	33
	Total mammals		16	25	1	42	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	17	26	0	43
REPTILES																						
1	Tortoise Indian Star	<i>Geochelone elaganus</i>	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
	Total Reptiles		2	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2
	Total animals / Birds		35	35	131	201	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	36	36	130	202	
	Grand Total		57	57	134	248	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	58	59	130	247	

*Animals under Schedule I and Schedule II of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972



Mortality of animals:

Sr. No.	Animal name (with individual identification mark, if any)	Scientific name	Sex	Date of death	Reason of the death as per the post- mortem report
1.	Marsh Crocodile	<i>Crocodylus palustris</i>	F	02/04/2024	Died due to Cardio-respiratory failure
			M	14/09/2024	Died due to Cardio-respiratory failure
2.	Bluebull	<i>Boselaphus tragocamelus</i>	M	18/10/2024	Died due to pneumonia



List of free living wild animals within the zoo premises:

Free living wild animals found within the zoo premises are listed below:

a. Mammals	
1	Rhesus Macaque (<i>Macaca mulatta</i>)
2	Indian Palm Civet (<i>paradoxurus hermaphroditus</i>)
3	Three Striped Palm Squirrel (<i>Funambulus palmarum</i>)
4	Common Grey Mongoose (<i>Herpestes edwardsi</i>)
b. Birds	
1.	Little Egret (<i>Egretta garzetta</i>)
2.	Cattle Egret (<i>Bubulcus ibis</i>)
3.	Indian Pond Heron (<i>Ardeola grayii</i>)
4.	Oriental Honey Buzzard (<i>Pernis ptilorhynchus</i>)
5.	Black-shouldered Kite (<i>Elanus axillaris</i>)
6.	Black Kite (<i>Milvus migrans</i>)
7.	Shikra (<i>Accipiter badius</i>)
8.	Eurasian Sparrow hawk (<i>Accipiter nisus</i>)
9.	White-eyed Buzzard (<i>Buteo butor</i>)
10.	Grey Francolin (<i>Francolinus pondicerianus</i>)
11.	Common Quail (<i>Coturnix coturnix</i>)
12.	Rain Quail (<i>Coturnix coromandelica</i>)
13.	Jungle Bush Quail (<i>Perdica asiatica</i>)
14.	Rock Bush Quail (<i>Perdica argoondah</i>)
15.	Small Button Quail (<i>Turnix sylvaticus</i>)
16.	Common Peafowl (<i>Pavo cristatus</i>)
17.	White-breasted Waterhen (<i>Amaurornis phoenicurus</i>)
18.	Red-wattled Lapwing (<i>Vanellus indicus</i>)
19.	Little Ringed Plover (<i>Charadrius dubius</i>)
20.	Common Sandpiper (<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>)
21.	Wood Sandpiper (<i>Tringa glareola</i>)
22.	Little Brown Dove (<i>Spilopelia senegalensis</i>)
23.	Spotted Dove (<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>)
24.	Yellow-footed Green Pigeon (<i>Treron phoenicoptera</i>)
25.	Rock Pigeon (<i>Columba livia</i>)
26.	Plum-headed Parakeet (<i>Psittacula cyanocephala</i>)
27.	Rose-ringed Parakeet (<i>Psittacula krameri</i>)
28.	Eurasian Cuckoo (<i>Cuculus canorus</i>)
29.	Indian Cuckoo (<i>Cuculus micropterus</i>)
30.	Common Hawk-Cuckoo (<i>Hierococyx varius</i>)
31.	Pied Cuckoo (<i>Clamator jacobinus</i>)
32.	Asian Koel (<i>Eudynamis scolopacea</i>)
33.	Greater Coucal (<i>Centropus sinensis</i>)



34.	Collared Scops Owl (<i>Otusletitia</i>)
35.	Jungle Owlet (<i>Glaucidiumradiatum</i>)
36.	Spotted Owlet (<i>Athenebrama</i>)
37.	Asian Palm Swift (<i>Cypsiurusbalasiensis</i>)
38.	House Swift (<i>Apusnipalensis</i>)
39.	Indian Roller (<i>Coraciasbenghalensis</i>)
40.	Black-hooded Oriole (<i>Oriolusxanthornus</i>)
41.	Indian Pitta (<i>Pitta brachyura</i>)
42.	Ashy crowned Sparrow Lark (<i>Eremopterixgriseus</i>)
43.	Rufous-tailed Lark (<i>Ammomanesphoenicura</i>)
44.	Sykes Lark (<i>Galerida deva</i>)
45.	Oriental Skylark (<i>Alaudagulgula</i>)
46.	Dusky Crag Martin (<i>Ptyonoprogneconcolor</i>)
47.	Wire-tailed Swallow (<i>Hirundosmithii</i>)
48.	Red-rumped Swallow (<i>Cecropisdaurica</i>)
49.	Streak-throated Swallow (<i>Petrochelidonfluvicola</i>)
50.	Black Drongo(<i>Dicrurusmacrocerus</i>)
51.	Common Woodshrike(<i>Tephrodornispondicerianus</i>)
52.	Long-tailed Shrike (<i>Laniusschach</i>)
53.	Bay-backed Shrike (<i>Laniusvittatus</i>)
54.	Chestnut-tailed Starling (<i>Sturniamalabarica</i>)
55.	Brahminy Starling (<i>Sturniapagodarum</i>)
56.	Rosy Starling (<i>Pastor roseus</i>)
57.	Asian Pied Starling (<i>Gracupica contra</i>)
58.	Common Myna(<i>Acridotherestrictis</i>)
59.	Indian House Crow (<i>Corvussplendens</i>)
60.	Large Cuckoo shrike (<i>Coracinamacei</i>)
61.	Black headed Cuckoo-shrike (<i>Coracinamelanoptera</i>)
62.	Small Minivet(<i>Pericrocotuscinnamomeus</i>)
63.	Red-vented Bulbul (<i>Pycnonotuscafer</i>)
64.	White-browed Bulbul (<i>Pycnonotusluteolus</i>)
65.	Tawny-bellied Babbler (<i>Dumetiahypertytra</i>)
66.	Yellow-eyed Babbler (<i>Chrysommasinense</i>)
67.	Jungle Babbler (<i>Turdoidesstriata</i>)
68.	Asian Brown Flycatcher (<i>Muscicapalatrostris</i>)
69.	Red throated Flycatcher (<i>Ficedulaalbicilla</i>)
70.	Tickell's Blue Flycatcher (<i>Cyornistickelliae</i>)
71.	Asian Paradise Flycatcher (<i>Terpsiphoneparadisi</i>)
72.	Black-naped Monarch (<i>Hypothymisazurea</i>)
73.	White-browed Fantail (<i>Rhipiduraaureola</i>)
74.	Whitet-hroated Fantail (<i>Rhipiduraalbicollis</i>)
75.	Ashy Prinia(<i>Priniasocialis</i>)
76.	Plain Prinia(<i>Priniainornata</i>)
77.	Jungle Prinia(<i>Priniasylvatica</i>)



78.	Clamorous Reed Warbler (<i>Acrocephalusstentoreus</i>)
79.	Great Tit (<i>Parus major</i>)
80.	Paddy field Pipit (<i>Anthusrufulus</i>)
81.	White browed Wagtail (<i>Motacillamaderaspatensis</i>)
82.	White Wagtail (<i>Motacilla alba</i>)
83.	Purple-rumped Sunbird (<i>Leptocomazeylonica</i>)
84.	Purple Sunbird (<i>Cinnyrisasiaticus</i>)
85.	Oriental White-eye (<i>Zosterospalpebrosus</i>)
86.	Pale-billed Flowerpecker(<i>Dicaeumerythrorhynchos</i>)
87.	Red Avadavat (<i>Amandavaamandava</i>)
88.	Indian Silverbill(<i>Lonchuramalabarica</i>)
89.	White-rumpedMunia(<i>Lonchurastrciata</i>)
90.	Scaly-breasted Munia(<i>Lonchurapunctulata</i>)
91.	House Sparrow (<i>Passer domesticus</i>)
92.	Baya Weaver (<i>Ploceusphilippinus</i>)
93.	Common Stonechat (<i>Saxicolatorquatus</i>)
94.	White throated Ground Thrush (<i>Geocichlacitrinacyanotis</i>)
95.	Brown Rock Chat (<i>Cercomelafusca</i>)
96.	Oriental Magpie Robin (<i>Copsychussaularis</i>)
97.	Indian Robin (<i>Saxicoloidesfulicatus</i>)
98.	Pied Bushchat(<i>Saxicolacaprata</i>)
99.	BlackrumpedFlameback(<i>Dinopiumbenghalense</i>)
100.	Yellow-crowned Woodpecker (<i>Dendrocoposmahrattensis</i>)
101.	Common Iora(<i>Aegithinatiphia</i>)
102.	Golden-fronted Leafbird(<i>Chloropsisaurifrons</i>)
103.	Booted Warbler (<i>Idunacaligata</i>)
105.	Common Tailorbird (<i>Orthotomussutorius</i>)
105.	Orphean Warbler (<i>Sylvia hortensis</i>)
106.	Lesser Whitethroat (<i>Sylvia curruca</i>)
107.	Common Chiffchaff (<i>Phylloscopuscollybita</i>)
108.	Greenish Warbler (<i>Phylloscopustrochiloides</i>)
109.	Black Redstart (<i>Phoenicurusochruros</i>)
110.	Pied Kingfisher (<i>Cerylerudis</i>)
111.	Common Kingfisher (<i>Alcedoatthis</i>)
112.	White-throated Kingfisher (<i>Halcyon smyrnensis</i>)
113.	Green Bee-eater (<i>Meropsorientalis</i>)
114.	Coppersmith Barbet (<i>Megalaimahaemacephala</i>)
115.	Common Hoopoe (<i>Upupaepops</i>)
116.	Common Grey Hornbill (<i>Ocycerosbirostris</i>)
c. Reptiles	
1	Common Sand (Russell's Earth) (<i>Boa Gongylophis (Eryx) conicus</i>)
2	Indian Rock Python (<i>Python molurismolurus</i>)
3	Trinket Snake (<i>Coelognathus (Elaphe) helena Helena</i>)
4	Common Rat Snake (<i>Ptyas mucosa</i>)



5	Checkered Keelback (<i>Xenochrophis piscator</i>)
6	Common Kukri Snake (<i>Oligodon arnensis</i>)
7	Common Wolf Snake (<i>Lycodon aulicus</i>)
8	Indian Egg-eater (<i>Elachistodon westermanni</i>)
9	Cat Snake (<i>Boiga trigonata</i>)
10	Indian Cobra (<i>Naja naja</i>)
11	Common Indian Krait (<i>Bungarus caeruleus</i>)
12	Russell's Viper (<i>Daboia russelli</i>)