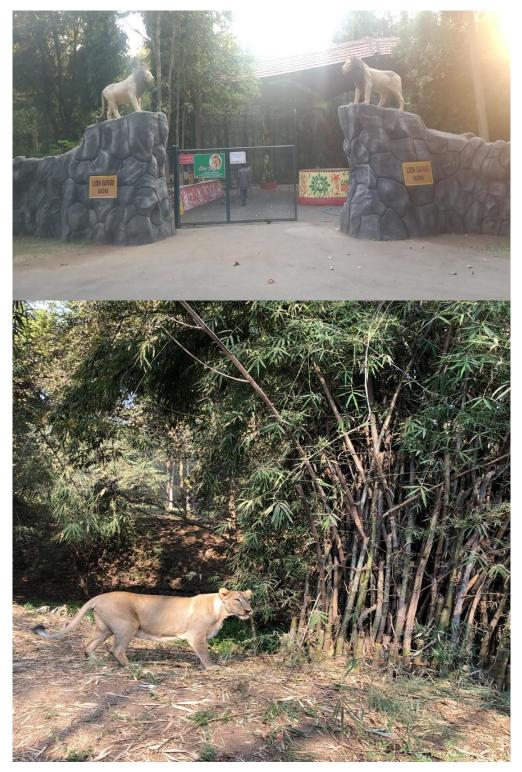
LION SAFARI VASONA

Annual Report for the year 2021-22





Prepared by FOREST DEPARTMENT WILDLIFE DIVISION DADRA & NAGAR HAVELI SILVASSA LION SAFARI VASONA

CONTENTS

S. No.	Section	Page Number
1.	Report of the Officer-in-charge	4
2.	History of the Zoo	4
3.	Vision	5
4.	Mission	5
5.	Objective	6
6.	About us	6
7.	Organizational Chart	8
8.	Human Resources	9
9.	Capacity Building of the zoo personnel	9
10.	Zoo Advisory Committee	10
11.	Health Advisory Committee	10
12.	Statement of income and expenditure of the zoo	10
13.	Daily feed Schedule of animals	10
14.	Vaccination Schedule of animals	10
15.	De-worming Schedule of animals	10
16.	Disinfection Schedule	10
17.	Health Check-up employees for zoonotic diseases	11
18.	Development works carried out in the Zoo during the year	11
19.	Education and Awareness programmes during the year	11
20.	Important Events and happenings	12
21.	Seasonal Special arrangements for upkeep of animals	12
22.	Research Work carried out and publication	12
23.	Conservation Breeding Programme of the Zoo	12
24.	Animal acquisition/transfer / exchange during the year	12
25.	Rescue and Rehabilitation of the wild animals carried out by the zoo	12
26.	Annual Inventory of animals	13
27.	Mortality of animals	14
28.	Status of the Compliance with conditions stipulated by the Central Zoo Authority	
29.	List free living wild animals within the zoo premises	18

1. <u>Report of the Officer-in-charge</u>

The Lion Safari Vasona Dadra and Nagar Haveli is one of the centre of wildlife conservation through which recreation and environmental education is imparted. Every effort has been made to provide required housing, feed and health care to all the animals in the zoo. The number of visitors visiting to the Lion Safari, Vasona is increasing year after year. Adequate measures are carried out to provide required visitor amenities like Resting Shelters, Drinking Water, and Toilets. Awareness programmes are conducted regularly to educate the visitors especially students and teachers about the significance of wildlife conservation for the general well being of the people and the role played by the zoos in this regard. Top priority is given to animal health care. It is our endeavour to ensure that the animals are screened regularly for preventing the occurrence of any disease by adopting prophylactic measures timely. The animal sanitation and hygiene is also maintained well. During the year 2021-22 all the zoo staffs worked sincerely, shown devotion towards their job and ensured a healthy environment for the animals.

2. <u>History of the Zoo</u>

The UT of Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu has a history starting from 1779 when the Marathas gave the revenue of these 72 villages to the Portuguese. Portuguese rule continued till 1954 when they were driven out of the territory by rebellion. Then followed a Dadra & Nagar Haveli Free Administration till 1961 after which this territory merged with the union of India. The UT has 72 villages spread over an area of 491 sq.kms in 2 enclaves in "Dadra" and "Nagar Haveli" areas. The population was 2, 20,452 as per the 2001 census with 62% of the population tribal with Varli, Dhodia, Kokna,Kathodi, Koli, Dhorand Naik tribes. Now the population increased and as per details from Census 2011 the total population was 343709 of which male and female is 193760 and 121666 respectively. The recorded forest area 204 sq.km which is 41.55 % of Geographical area.

The continuing existence of zoos and their role in conservation, science, education, and recreation are recognized worldwide. Realizing the importance of zoos, the UT Administration of Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman and Diu decided in 1987 to establish Lion Safari at Vasona in Dadra & Nagar Haveli by adopting innovative methods of display of zoo animals that is congenial to the welfare of the animals and motivates the visitors for conservation by providing highest standards of housing, upkeep and healthcare to significant number of animals.

The proposal to create a Lion Safari at Vasona was initiated in 1987-88 due to the proximity of the site adjacent to Gujarat State and owing to its favourable locality factors. Major works were accomplished in the year 1999-2001 and the CZA gave permission for functioning of mini-zoo in the year 2002.In 2017-18 three lions (one male and two female) were kept in the Safari. But due to illness two of them (one male and one female) died and presently only one lioness namely Girija is available in the Zoo.

3. <u>Vision</u>

CARE (Conservation, Awareness, Research & Education)

4. <u>Mission</u>

To promote wildlife conservation through quality recreation and educational environment (i.e.to provide conducive facility to promote captive breeding of Asiatic Lion and to advance wildlife conservation through research, by creating general awareness, while simultaneously serving as a quality eco-educational facility, for the visitors).

Climate – The climate is warm humid and equitable due to the proximity to the Arabian Sea. The diurnal range variation in temperature normally does not exceed 17°C. The months of October and November are warm, cloudy and humid followed by wintery December, January, and February. The summer is severe from March to June and the monsoons are from July to September. The average annual rainfall is about 100-120 inches. There is no frost occurrence in the area; however dew is observes till the end of Jan. Dew in the non-rainy months significantly contributes to precipitation. The humidity varies from 30% to 85% throughout the year.

Demography of the surrounding area – Village Vasona – The existing land use pattern is 0.04 sq. km. as Gaothan/hamlet area, 0.08 sq.km is industrial area, 3.96 sq. km. is irrigation command area, 0.55sq.kms is reserves forest area, 0.18 is road, and 0.04 is water body. The population of Vasona is 4707 (2011 census). There is no urban center in Vasona,

Legal status of the land – The Lion Safari is a part of the Dadra and Nagar Haveli Wildlife Sanctuary as notified by Gazette number 7-2/30-FD/WL/133, dated 23-11-2000. The Lion Safari is situated 10 km away from Silvassa and is well connected by road. The UT is visited by more than 1 (one) lakh tourists per year and the lion safari is one of source for tourist attraction where nearly 70 thousand tourist visit per year.

The habitats inside the Lion safari has been especially created and maintained as per the natural habitat of the Asiatic lion. Lion Safari was opened for public w.e.f. 04th October 2005. The Forest Department had initiated the lion safari project at village Vasona survey No. 147 and 148 by initially enclosing 6.68 hector area of Reserve Forest on 04/07/88 in the first phase. This area was expanded to the present area in the second phase of expansion.

Collection Plan- The Lion Safari is dedicated to the pure Asiatic lion and the overall collection plan is with the objective of maintaining a viable population level of the lion. Breeding programmers with others zoos will be executed after checking their pedigrees for pure breeds only. The DCF (WL) is the authority to deal with the CZA correspondence assisted by ACF (WL).

Conservation breeding- The Lion Safari is a part of in-situ captive breeding of Asiatic lion, however breeding of two cubs are on record but there was mortality. Efforts are being made by the Wildlife Division in

coordination with the Junagad Veterinary facility and the CCMB, Hyderabad, Anand Vet College to carry out scientific investigation into the reasons for this failure and the means to rectify the same.

5. <u>Objective</u>

The objectives of the Lion Safari (Mini Zoo) are given below:-

1) Conservation of an endangered species – The lion available in this Lion Safari is of pure breed of Asiatic lion (*Panthera leo persica*).Now action is being taken to procure few lions from Junagad and Rajkot where the Zoos are presently maintaining the breeding stocks of purebred Asiatic lions.

2) To develop eco-education facilities and general awareness regarding the importance and conservation of wildlife and its natural habitat through interpretation at the adjoining Nature Education Center.

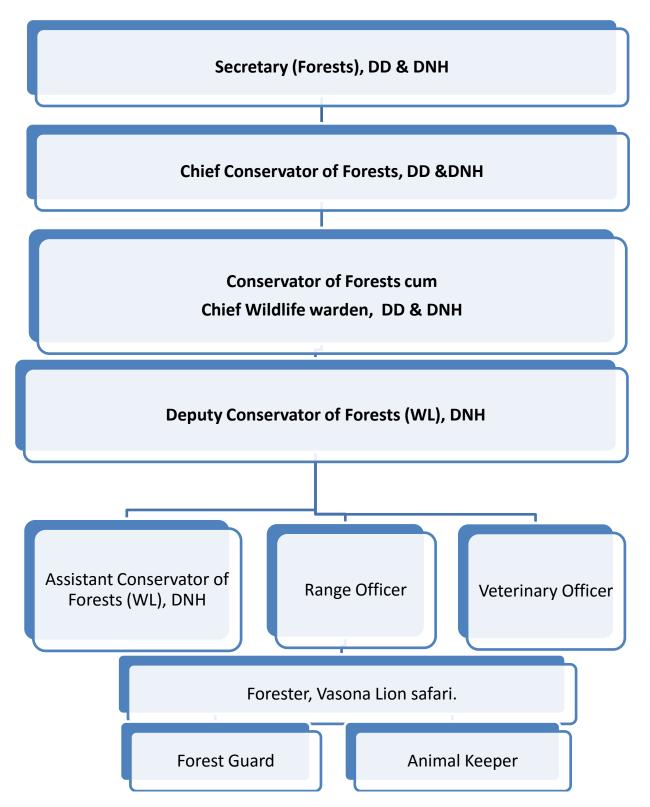
3) To provide an opportunity for scientific study and creation of a database useful for ex-situ conservation.

4) To increase the ecotourism potential of the Union Territory by establishment of the Zoo.

S1. No.	Particulars	Information
A. Ba	asic Information about the Zoo	·
1	Name of the Zoo	Vasona Lion Safari
2	Year of Establishment	04/10/2002
3	Address of the Zoo	Vasona Lion Safari, Vasona village Road, Dadra and Nagar Haveli, PIN 396230
4	State	Dadra & Nagar Haveli and Daman & Diu (UT)
5	Telephone Number	0260-2963693
6	Fax Number	
7	E-mail address	dcfwl-dnh@nic.in
8	Distance from nearest Airport	Surat- 147 km & Mumbai-149 km
9 (a)	Distance from nearest Railway Station	Vapi- 26 km
(b)	Distance from nearest Bus Stand	Silvassa 10 km
10	Recognition Valid up to Date)	19 th August, 2021.
11	Category of zoo	Mini Zoo
12	Area (in Hectares)	19.64 Ha
13	Number of Visitors (2021-22)	Adult:13566
		Children:2681
		Total Indian:16247
		Total Foreigners: 07
		Total Visitors:16256

6. <u>About us</u>

		1
14	Visitors Facilities Available in	Parking Area,
	Zoo	Reception/waiting area, Kiosk,
		Ticket Window, Wheel chair for
		Divyang Visitors, Garden area,
		Tree Shade sit out, Drinking
		Water Facility, Wash Rooms,
		First Aid Kit, Vehicles for
		Safari.
15	Weekly Closure Day of the Zoo	Every Monday
B. N	Management Personnel of the zoo	
16	Name with designation of the	Shri Thomas Varghese, IFS
	Officer In-charge	DCF(WL)
	Name of the Veterinary Officer	Dr Vijay B Parmar, I/C V.O
	Name of the Curator	
	Name of the Biologist	
	Name of the Education Officer	
	Name of the Compounder/Lab	
	Assistant	
C. C	Owner /Operator of the Zoo	
17	Name of the Operator	Shri. Vikas Anand, IAS,
		Secretary (Forests), DNHⅅ
18	Address of the Operator	The Secretary (Forests),
		Administration of Dadra and
		Nagar Haveli & Daman and
		Diu, Vidyut Bhavan, Daman
19	Contact details/Phone number	0260-2963693
	of Operator	
20	E-mail address of Operator	dcfwl-dnh@gov.in



8. Human Resources

Manpower of the 200*								
S1.	Designation	Number	Names of the	Remark				
No.		of Posts	incumbent					
1	Deputy Conservator of Forests (WL)	01	Shri Thomas Varghese, IFS	All the posts at (Sl. No. 1, 2.3,				
2	Assistant Conservator of Forests (WL)	01	Shri. Vijay Kumar Anil Kumar Patel	4 &7) are functioning from existing				
3	Forest Ranger	01	Shri. Kiran Kumar Balvantsinh Parmar	strength of the Wildlife				
4	Forester	01	Shri. Rajendra Kumar Karsandas Parmar	Division.				
5	Veterinary Officer	01	Dr. Vijay B Parmar, I/C V.O	Posts at Sl.No.5&6 are				
6	Stockman	01	Shri. N.D.Bhandari.	managed by the Officer/ Staff of Govt. Veterinary Department.				
7	Forest Guard	02	Shri. Udaynath Magansihn Yadav Shri. Hemendra Pravindas.	Posts at Sl.No. 8&9 is managed by Experienced				
8	Animal Keeper cum attendant	03	Shri Jitesh Kashi Mahala Shri Somu Bablu Bhoya	Mazdoor (DW)				
			Shri Suresh Arjun Boba					
9	Driver	02	Shri. Pankaj Devu Tumbda					
			Shri. Bediya Tumbda					
	Total	13		1.0				

Manpower of the Zoo*

*Please give above mentioned information in respect all zoo personnel, from the Office In-charge up to the Animal Keeper.

9. Capacity Building of zoo personnel

S1.	Name	and	Subject		Period	of	Name	of	the
No.	designation	of the	matter	of	Training		Institution where th		e the
	zoo personnel		Training		_		Training	attend	ed
1	-		-		-			-	

Note: Training to manage the Zoo and its animals are provided to the Zoo personnel regularly by the Veterinary officer at local level.

10. Zoo Advisory Committee -

- a. Date of constitution: --NIL--
- b. Members
- c. Dates on which Meetings held during the year

11. Health Advisory Committee -

- a. Date of constitution: 20/09/2004
- b. Members:
- c. Dates on which Meetings held during the year : No

12. Statement of income and expenditure of the Zoo

- 1. Income Rs. 3,67,960.00
- 2. Expenditure Rs. 35,26,040.00

13. Daily feeding Schedule of animals

Sl. No.	Species	Feed item	Quantity (per day)		Day	of
			Winter	Summer	fasting	
1	Panthera leo	Buffalo	8 Kg per Animal		Monday	
	persica	Meat				

06

14. Vaccination Schedule of animals

S1.	Species	Disease		Name of the	Periodicity	Remarks
No.	-	vaccinated for		Vaccine and		
				dosage/		
				quantity used		
1	Panthera	Against	feline	Biofel PCHR	Annual	Vaccinated
	leo	pan leucopenia,		(1 ml per		on
	persica	herpes	virus,	Animal)		25.12.2021
		calici	virus,			
		rabies virus.				

15. De-worming Schedule of animals

S1.	Species	Drug used	Month	Remarks
No.				
1	Panthera	Albendazole	April (06/04/2021)	De-worming
	leo	Fenbendazole	July (06/07/2021)	by changing
	persica	(Fentas plus,	October (07/10/2021)	of drug on
		Albomar,	February (08/02/2022)	Quarterly
		Panacur, aloxy		basis.
		bolus, all clear		
		tab)		

16. Disinfection Schedule

S1.	Species	Type of	Disinfectant used and	Frequency
No.		enclosure	method	of
				disinfection
1	Panthera	1. RCC with	1. Kohrsolin is used for as	Daily
	leo	Iron Cages	Disinfectant	
	persica	2. Secondary	2. Gas fire treatment to floor	Every
		Cages	and walls /corner	Fifteen (15)
		3. Krawl		days

	······································					
S1.	Name	Designation	Date of	Findings of		
No.			Health Check	Health Check		
			up	up		
1	ShriJiteshKashiMahala	Zoo Keeper	29/04/2022	Normal		
2	Shri Somu Bablu Bhoya	Zoo Keeper	29/04/2022	Normal		
3	Shri Suresh Arjun Boba	Zoo Keeper	29/04/2022	Normal		

17. Health Check-up of employees for zoonotic diseases

18. Development works carried out in the zoo during the year

The major works like Tree shade, Children playing area, Visitors Parking area, Shade in the Bus waiting area and Automation of Main Gate works are done and maintained.



19. Education and Awareness programmes during the year

Education awareness Programme carried out during celebration of wildlife week 2021.Students and Children from different localities of territory visited the safari and the Zoo- In charge briefed them about the importance of zoo and animals. Safai Abhiyan awareness works were carried out with people's participation in the nearby villages.

20. Important Events and happenings

No such events and happenings

21. Seasonal special arrangements for upkeep of animals

Arrangements for the cooler cum heater are made for summer and winter respectively.

During summer to protect the animals from heat wave jute cloth are placed from outside the cages and moistened by sprinkling water regularly.

In summer during early morning and evening hrs water is sprinkled on land area near the cage area to keep down the temperature of the area. Sand bed arrangements made in advance in the lioness cage.

22. Research work carried out and publications

Although no such research and publication works carried out during the period but monitoring of the Zoo animals are carried out on regular basis.

23. Conservation Breeding Programme of the Zoo

Process of procurement of Male Lion is under way.

24. Animal acquisition / transfer / exchange during the year

Α.	A. Animals arriving in the Zoo							
	H. No. Species		Number (M:F)	From which Zoo	Date arrival in the			
					Z00			
			-NI	L-				
В.	Animal	going from	the zoo					
	H. No.	Species	Number (M:F)	Going to which	Date of deposition			
				Zoo	from the zoo			
	-NIL-							

25. Rescue and Rehabilitation of wild animals carried out by the Zoo

S1.	Date of	Species with	Receiv	Date of	Action 1	taken
No.	Rescue	number of	ed	Submission		
		animals	from	of Report to		
		rescued with		the		
		their		CWLW/CZA		
		sex(M:F:U:T)				
					Date and	Reasons
					place of	for
					rehabilitation	housing in
					in their	the zoo, if
					habitat	not
						released in
						their
						habitat
			-	NIL-		

26. Annual Inventory of Animals

Form-II [See Rule 11(1)] Part – A Inventory Report for the Year: 2021-22

Endangered Species*

Sr.	Animal	Scientific	Op	enin	g Sto	ck	Births		Acquisitio		Disposals		Deaths		Closing Stock		ck					
No	Name	Name	as (01.		2021					ns					as on 31.03.					n 3.2022		
			Μ	F	U	Т	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Т
Ι	Mammal:																					
1.	Lion	Panthera leo persica	-	1	-	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1
Total	Lion	Panthera leo persica	-	1	-	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1

*Animals under Sch. I and II of Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972

Note: Presently Lion Safari (Mini Zoo) having only one Lion.

Part – B

Other than Endangered Species

Sr.	Animal	Scientific	Oper	ning	Stoc	k	Bir	ths		Acc	uisi	tion	Dis	posa	als	Dea	aths		Clo	sing	Stoc	ck as
No	Name	Name	as or	n						S									on			
			М	F	U	Т	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Μ	F	U	Т
1.			•	•	•	•	-			NIL-			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

27. Mortality of animals

S1.	Animal Name	Scientific	Sex	Date of	Reason of Death as			
No.	(with individual	Name		Death	per the post-			
	identification mark, if any				mortem report			
1	NIL							

28. Compliance with conditions stipulated by the Central Zoo Authority

	uthority				
S1.	Norm No	Condition Stipulated	Time	Since	Status with
No	under		Period	when	regard to
	RZR,		to	pending	compliance of
	2009		Comply		the conditions
1	General r	equirements	·		
	1.2	The complex containing	Within	-	Complied and
		night houses,	one		Reported
		administrative building	year		-
		etc. should be	5		
		camouflaged by			
		planting the suitable			
		plant species like			
		bamboo etc so they are			
		not visible to the			
		visitors inside the safari			
		to create natural			
		environment inside the			
		safari. The animal			
		houses should be			
		painted with			
		camouflaging colour			
		with the nature. The			
		present colour of the			
		complex is prominently			
		visible from a distance			
		while taking round			
		inside the safari.			
	1.7	The Safari should make	Within	-	Complied and
	-	proper arrangement for	a year		Reported
		managing solid and	5		1
		liquid waste and storm			
		water.			
2	Administ	rative and Staffing patter	n		·
	2.2	The Safari should	Within	Since	Not yet made
		appoint full time	a year	beginning	but the Work
		veterinary office to look			is being taken
		after the upkeep and			care of by
		health of animals.			Govt.
					Veterinary
					5
					doctor,

	2.3	The scientific and technical posts should be created and filled up by direct recruitment. The recruitment Rules for such posts should provide for their carrier progression including the benefit of flexible complementing scheme for their promotions.		-do-	Silvassa. Proposal to sanction the post is already submitted to theMoEF, GOI New Delhi. Matter under correspondenc e with Competent Authority of State Govt.
3	Developm	ent and Planning	II		<u>I</u>
	3.1	The Master Plan for the future long-term development of safari should be prepared and got approved from CZA	two	-do-	Complied and submitted the Plan to the CZA for approval.
4	Animal ho	ousing, display of animal	enclosures	i	
	4.3	The operation of the doors of the enclosures should be made safe and secure for the animal. At present the animal is not visible at the point from which it is operated.	Within six month	-	Complied and reported.
5	Upkeep a	nd healthcare of animal	1		
	5.2 (1) (a)	The calcium carbonate powder should be mixed in the diet in appropriate quantity to meet the nutritional need of the animal.	immediate effect	-	Complied and the arrangement is made.
	5.1 (5)	The beef should be necessarily checked by the vet on daily basis for its quality.	immediate	-	Complied and the beef is checked regularly.
	5.2 (6)	The Safari should start testing random food and water sample for microbiological and toxicological parameters. The safari should	immediate effect	-	The tests are done regularly. Complied.
L	3.5(1)	suluri silvulu		1	Joinphou.

	[• . •	· · · ·		I
		maintain written schedule of vaccination and de-worming of each of the animals and it should be displayed at the enclosure of the			
		animal.			
	5.3 (5)	The safari should maintain detailed records of observations of biological and social behavior and health status of the animals including feed intake, medication and treatment in the Keeper's Diary, Daily Reports, animal History Cards and Treatment Cards, as per standards specified by the CZA.	immediate effect	-	Records are maintained.
	5.3 (8)	The safari should have formal linkages with Veterinary College through an MoU on healthcare, preventive medicine, surgical interventions, clinical tests, diagnosis and consultation etc.		-	Formal linkages are in progress with NAU and drawing MoU is yet to be done.
6	Veterinar	y and infrastructure facil	ities		
	6.1 (b)	Life saving drugs for animals should be readily made available in the stock.	With immediate effect	-	The drugs are made available under the supervision of Govt. Veterinary Department.
	6.1 (e)	The safari should have basic health monitoring equipment in the hospital.	immediate	-	Yes, provided.
	6.3	The veterinary support personal should be recruited or engaged on contract.	immediate	-	Presently managed by the Govt. Veterinary Department and Consulting veterinary doctor visits

	6.4	The veterinary officer should be imparted requisite training/education in wildlife medicine/health		-	periodically within 3 month. The present Veterinary doctor used to visit other Centres and
		through proper exposure/visit and orientation courses.			used to consult the experts as per requirement.
7	Post Mort	em and disposal of carca	sses of anim	als	
	7.1	The post-mortem should be conducted of every animal that die in the safari and finding be recorded and maintained as per the format prescribed by CZA for s period of six years.	immediate	_	This is in practice
12	Visitors F	acilities			
	12.1 & 12.3	The Safari should provide ramps and wheel chairs for the divayang visitors in the bus meant to take visitors on a round of safari.	immediate	_	Complied and reported.

29. List of free living wild animals within the zoo premises

- a. Mammals: No such free ranging mammal has been seen in the area.
- b. Birds: -Peacock, kingfisher, Crow pheasant, Woodpecker etc, commonly sighted in the forests.
- c. Reptiles: -Cobra, Russel Vipers, Rat Snake, Water Snake, and Indian rock python, frog, tortoise, are sighted in the area.

