# HIMALAYAN ZOOLOGICAL PARK

## BULBULEY, GANGTOK-737103

## SIKKIM

Annual Report for the year

## 2019-20



## CONTENTS

S.No	Section	Page Number
1.	Report of the Officer-in-charge	4
2.	History of the Zoo	5
3.	Vision	6
4.	Mission	6
5.	Objective	6
6.	About us	6-8
7.	Organizational Chart	9
8.	Human Resources	10
9.	Capacity Building of the zoo personnel	11
10.	Zoo Advisory Committee	11
11.	Health Advisory Committee	11
12.	Statement of income and expenditure of the Zoo	12
13.	Daily feed Schedule of animals	Annexure I enclosed
14.	Vaccination Schedule of animals	12
15.	De-worming Schedule of animals	12-14
16.	Disinfection Schedule	14-15

S.No	Section	Page Number
17.	Health Check-up of employees for zoonotic diseases	16
18.	Development Works carried out in the zoo during the year	
19.	Education and Awareness programmes during the year	16
20.	Important Events and happenings in the zoo	16
21.	Seasonal special arrangements for upkeep of animals	16
22.	Research Work carried out and publications	16
23.	. Conservation Breeding Programme of the Zoo	
24.	Animal acquisition / transfer / exchange during the year	
25.	Rescue and Rehabilitation of the wild animals carried out by the zoo	17-18
26.	Annual Inventory of animals	Annexure II enc.
27.	Mortality of animals.	
28.	Status of the Compliance with conditions stipulated by the Central Zoo Authority	19-20
29.	List of free living wild animals within the zoo premises	20

#### **REPORT OF THE OFFICER-IN-CHARGE:**

Cradled in Gangtok's picturesque hill crest, Bulbulay, at altitudes ranging from 6,545ft-8,125ft asl, the Himalayan Zoological Park sprawls over an impressive expanse of 230 Ha of lush virgin reserve forest, overlooking the magnificent Khangchendzonga Range. Its varied terrain, ranging from steep rocky surfaces to gentle grassy slopes complimented by varying types of vegetation offers congenial natural surroundings for many of Sikkim's Himalayan species, thus providing safe haven for the park's captive collection housed in mostly naturalistic enclosures.

The Himalayan Zoological Park is not merely for the display of wild animals but was originally established with the objective of conserving the State's rapidly dwindling wildlife. The HZP contributes towards conservation breeding of endangered species such as the state animal Red Panda, Blue Sheep and Himalayan Tahr.

Most enclosures within the Himalayan Zoological Park are based on "Immersion Exhibit" concept allowing the animals and visitors to be immersed within the animal's natural habitat without creation of additional artificial structures, save barriers. Enclosures are kept as natural as possible by simply creating enclosed spaces around existing landscapes allowing animals to encounter varied land formations as they would naturally do in the wild. Such enclosures have also encouraged our captive animals to breed extremely well. HZP has witnessed successful breeding in its captive populations of Red Panda, Goral, Blue Sheep and Himalayan Tahr.

In the financial year of 2019-20, the HZP saw the birth of two Himalayan Goral females, one Barking Deer and one Himalayan (Tahr female). With the upgradation of the Zoo Hospital the HZP is also now able to conduct in house blood tests and fecal examination of the animals housed. The rescue team of the park as also, as always contributed much to the Sikkim Forests & Environment Department during rescue missions of Himalayan Black Bear and Rhesus macaque involved in man-animal conflicts.

#### **HISTORY:**

The history of zoos in Sikkim dates back to the 1950s when there was just the Rustomji Deer Park created around a hill top near the Old Tashiling Secretariat, Gangtok established by the then monarchical Government The Deer Park, as it was more popularly known, used to house mainly Sambar, Spotted Deer, Barking Deer, Asiatic Black Bear and Red Panda. The Deer Park was small in size and had no place for further animals with no scope for breeding. It was only in the late 1990s that the higher echelons in administration desired to establish a proper zoological park in Gangtok to promote wildlife conservation, tourism, aesthetic values and also to shift the Deer Park animals to the new, more spacious set-up. This initiative yielded into the present Himalayan Zoological Park at Bulbulay.

Bulbulay Reserve Forest falls under the jurisdiction of the Gangtok Territorial range in the East Forest Division. The lower part of the RF bound by the Eastern Bye-Pass Road above Raj Bhawan commencing from 2<sup>nd</sup> Mile through Ganesh Tok towards Tashi View Point and the approach road to Ratey Chu was earmarked for the establishment of the Himalayan Zoological Park by the then Government in the late 1990s. This part of the forest was earlier accessible to the locals residing in the villages of Upper Burtuk, SelepTanki, Upper Chandmari, Tathangchen, 2<sup>nd</sup> Mile JN Road, 3<sup>rd</sup> Mile JN Road and 4<sup>th</sup> Mile JN Road for collection of fuel wood, fodder plants, grazing of livestocks and to some extent- collection of medicinal plants for traditional use. Wildlife such as Barking Deer, Serow, Kalij Pheasant and smaller birds fell prey to local hunters. The forest area began to show degradation with human interference. Before it was too late, the lower part of the reserved forest was selected and taken up for the present Himalayan Zoological Park. The natural forest mainly of smaller bamboos, trees, shrub, herbs, shrubs ferns and a few exotic Dhuppi (Cryptomeria japonica) introduced in the area flourished well under care and protection. The forest denizens-mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians and insects also started multiplying with the increase in forest cover. The area was surveyed and a detailed project report was drawn for establishing a new Zoo at Bulbulay, Gangtok.

The Himalayan Zoological Park was formally opened to the public in 1997 and through the years has slowly made developments in terms of basic infrastructure, veterinary care and animal management. Although it covers a large area, the animal collection is small in comparison as the HZP primarily focuses on housing locally available wildlife species that do well in the unique micro-climate of the park. The HZP has successfully reared and bred Red Panda over the years as a participating zoo in the Conservation breeding program for the species. The HZP has also been successful in breeding and raising Blue Sheep and Himalayan Tahr and hopes to continue its efforts in conservation of these species.

## VISION:

To ensure conservation of all endangered animals and their environment through a holistic approach towards captive management, education and research.

## **MISSION AND OBJECTIVES:**

- Promoting :
  - ➤ ex-situ conservation breeding of endangered Himalayan species.
  - wildlife education, conservation, research and create awareness regarding the importance of wildlife.
- Protection and Preservation- HZP flora and fauna
- Visitor education and recreation
- Employment for the local people and help support their sustenance in their livelihood.

#### 1. <u>About us</u>

S.No.	Particulars	Information
Basic ]	Information about the Zoo	
1	Name of the Zoo	Himalayan Zoological Park
2	Year of Establishment	1997
3	Address of the Zoo	Himalayan Zoological Park, Bulbuley,737103, Gangtok, Sikkim
4	State	Sikkim
5	Telephone Number	+91-9933025113
6	Fax Number	NA
7	E-mail address	hzpsikkim@gmail.com
8	Website	NA
9	Distance from nearest	Airport:130kms
		Railway Station: 120kms
		Bus Stand: 15kms
10	Recognition Valid upto (Date)	20.01.2019 (new date not yet given post evaluation)

	Particulars	Information
11	Category of zoo	Small Zoo
12	Area (in Hectares)	230 Ha.
13	Number of Visitors (2018-2019)	Total Adult : 60, 445 numbers
		Total Children : 3736 numbers
		Total Indian : 59,946 numbers
		Total Foreigners : 499 numbers
		Total Visitors: 64,181 numbers
14	Visitors' Facilities Available in Zoo	Jeep-able road Cafeteria, Wash rooms with running water, Potable water taps around the park, Resting
15	Weekly Closure Day of the Zoo	sheds and benches around the park         Thursday
Manag	gement Personnel of the zoo	
16	Name with designation of the Officer in-charge	Sangay Gyatso Bhutia – Director HZP
16	6	Sangay Gyatso Bhutia – Director HZPC.P. Sharma – Divisional Forest Officer
16	6	
16	in-charge	C.P. Sharma – Divisional Forest Officer Dr. Kongcho O. Lachenpa (from
16	in-charge Name of the Veterinary Officer	<ul> <li>C.P. Sharma – Divisional Forest Officer</li> <li>Dr. Kongcho O. Lachenpa (from 02.04.2018-30.07.2019)</li> <li>Shri Tshering Thendup Bhutia – ACF HZP</li> <li>Dr. Minla Z. Lachungpa (resumed veterinary duties post departure of Dr. Kongcho Ongmoo Lachungpa in addition to existing position of Zoo</li> </ul>
16	in-charge Name of the Veterinary Officer Name of the Curator	<ul> <li>C.P. Sharma – Divisional Forest Officer</li> <li>Dr. Kongcho O. Lachenpa (from 02.04.2018-30.07.2019)</li> <li>Shri Tshering Thendup Bhutia – ACF HZP</li> <li>Dr. Minla Z. Lachungpa (resumed veterinary duties post departure of Dr. Kongcho Ongmoo Lachungpa in</li> </ul>

S.No.	Particulars	Information
17	*Name of the Operator	Himalayan Zoological Park Society of Sikkim
18	Address of the Operator	Himalayan Zoological Park, Bulbuley, 737103, Gangtok, Sikkim
19	Contact details/Phone number of Operator	+91-9933025113
20	E-mail address of Operator	hzpsikkim@gmail.com

\* Rule 2(m) of the Recognition of Zoo Rules, 2009.

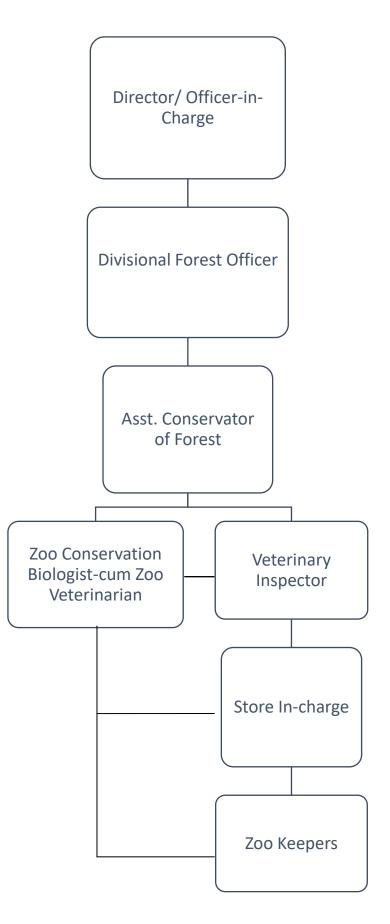
"Zoo Operator" means the person who has ultimate control over the affairs of the zoos provided that\_\_\_\_\_

*I. in the case of a firm or other association of individuals, any one of the individual partners or members thereof; or* 

*II. in the case of a company, any director, manager, secretary or other officer, who is in-charge of and responsible to the company for the affairs of the zoo; or* 

III. In case of zoo owned or controlled by the Central Government or any State Government or Union Territory Administration or any Trust or Society funded by the Central Government or a State Government or a Union Territory Administration, the Secretary of the concerned Department of that Government, or as the case may be the Union Territory Administration, shall be deemed to be the Zoo Operator.

## 2. Organizational Chart



#### 3. Human Resources

Sl.No.	Designation	Number of	Names of the incumbent
		Sanctioned	
		Posts	
1.	Director	1	Sangay Gyatso Bhutia
2.	Divisional Forest Officer	1	C.P. Sharma
3.	Assistant Conservator of Forest	1	T.T Bhutia
4.	Block Officer	1	Pemba Dorjee Tamang
5.	Forest Guard	2	Chetan Sharma Ran Maya Limboo
6.	Assistant Zoo Conservation Biologist	1	Dr. Minla Z. Lachungpa
7.	Zoo Veterinarian	1	Dr. Kongcho O. Lachenpa
8.	Zoo Veterinary Compounder	1	Mr. Sohn Tshering Lepcha
9.	Jr. Zoo Keeper	17	Mr. Ram Bahadur Tamang
10.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Sonam Tshering Bhutia
11.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Passang Namgyal Bhutia
12.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Ongdi Bhutia
13.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Kishan Rai
14.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Choesang Samten Bhutia
15.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Nim Tempa Sherpa
16.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Sherab Dorjee Sherpa
17.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr.Dhan Bahadur Chettri
18.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Manoj Gurung
19.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mrs. Dil Maya Rai
20.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Tashi Namgyal Bhutia
21.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Dawa Tamang
22.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mr. Ratna Bahadur Rai
23.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mrs. Chenga Lhamu Bhutia
24.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mrs. Bhawana Chettri
25.	Jr. Zoo Keeper		Mrs. Shova Subba
26.	Ticket Collector	2	Mrs. Pushpa Sharma
27.	Ticket Collector		Mrs. Januki Khati

Note: Zoo Veterinarian (at No.7) returned to Parent department. Zoo Veterinarian's responsibilities now fall to Dr. Minla Z. Lachungpa (B.V.Sc & AH) in addition to duties of Zoo Conservation Biologist.

#### 4. Capacity Building of zoo personnel

Sl.No.	Name and designation	Subject	Period of	Name of the
	of the zoo personnel	matter of	Training	Institution where
		Training		the Training
				attended
1	Mr. Sangay Gyatso	2 <sup>nd</sup> Global	23.04.2019-	Padmaja Naidu
	Bhutia (Director HZP)	Species	28.04.2019	Himalayan
		Management		Zoological Park,
		Plan for Red		Darjeeling, W.
		Panda		Bengal
2	Dr. Minla Z. Lachungpa	2 <sup>nd</sup> Global	23.04.2019-	Padmaja Naidu
	(Zoo Conservation	Species	28.04.2019	Himalayan
	Biologist, HZP)	Management		Zoological Park,
		Plan for Red		Darjeeling, W.
		Panda		Bengal
3	Sherab Dorjee Sherpa	Training	03.02.2020 -	Assam State Zoo-
		Program for	07.02.2020	cum-Botanical
		Capacity		Garden, Guwahati,
		building for		Assam
		Zoo Keepers		
4	Dawa Tamang	Training	03.02.2020 -	Assam State Zoo-
		Program for	07.02.2020	cum-Botanical
		Capacity		Garden,, Guwahati,
		building for		Assam
		Zoo Keepers		

\*all information is entered in order of dates of the respective programmes attended.

## 5. Zoo Advisory Committee –

#### a. Date of constitution: 09.11.2015

Members:	Chief Wildlife Warden – Chair Person
	Conservator of Forest (Wildlife) – Member
	Addl. Director/CAO (Accounts) Forest - Member
	Addl Secy./ Jt. Secy (ADM) Forest – Member
	Veterinary Officer HZP (Vet Section) – Member
	Joint Director / DFO/ ACF – HZP – Member
	Director, HZP – Member Secretary

## b. Dates on which Meetings held during the year:

## 6. Health Advisory Committee-

## a. Date of constitution- 09.03.2018

b. **Members** - Chief Wildlife Warden, FEWMD – Chairman

Director Himalayan Zoological Park – Member Secretary

Dr. Madam Kr. Shiv Shankar (Joint Dir – Ah LF & VS) – Member

Dr. Thinley N. Bhutia, SARAH - Member

Dr. Pushpanjali Balmiki - Veterinary Consultant

c. Dates on which Meetings held during the year:

#### 7. Statement of income and expenditure of the Zoo:

#### Income for the financial year (as on 29.02.2020):

₹27,52,940.00/- (Rupees Twenty Seven Lakh, Fifty Two Thousand, Nine Hundred and Forty Only

#### Expenditure for the financial year (as on 29.02.2020):

From 01.04.19 – 29.02.20 –₹13,74,782.00/- (Rupees Thirteen Lakhs Seventy Four Thousand Seven Hundred and Eighty Two Only)

#### 8. Daily feed Schedule of animals:

\*Annexure I attached

#### 9. Vaccination Schedule of animals

Sl.No.	Species	Disease	Name of the	Periodicity	Remarks
		vaccinated for	Vaccine and		
			dosage/		
			quantity used		

#### 10. De-worming Schedule of animals

Sl	Species	Drug used per animal	Month
Ν			
0			
1.	Yak (2nos)	Fentas bolus – 4tabs	March 2019
		Fentas bolus – 4tabs	June 2019
		Fentas bolus – 4tabs	September 2019
		Fentas bolus – 4tabs	December 2019
		Fentas bolus – 4tabs	March 2020
2.	Red panda (3nos)	Fentas plus - ½ tab	March 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	March 2020
3.	Barking deer (5nos)	Fentas plus - 1 tab	March 2019
		Fentas plus – 1 tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	March 2020
4.	Leopard (3 nos)	Fentas plus – 4tabs	March 2019
		Fentas plus – 4tabs	June 2019
		Fentas plus – 4tabs	September 2019
		Fentas plus – 4tabs	December 2019
		Fentas plus – 4tabs	March 2020

5.	Leopard cat (6nos)	Fentas plus - 1/2 tab	March 2019
5.	Leopard cat (01103)	Fentas plus - $\frac{1}{2}$ tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	March 2020
6.	Large Indian civet	Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	March 2019
	(1no)	Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> ⁄ <sub>2</sub> tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	March 2020
7.	Himalayan Palm	Fentas plus - ½ tab	March 2019
/.	civet (1no)	Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus $-\frac{1}{2}$ tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - $\frac{1}{2}$ tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - $\frac{1}{2}$ tab	March 2020
8.	Blue sheep (3nos)	Fentas plus - 1 tab	March 2019
		Fentas plus – 1 tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus – 1 tab	March 2020
9.	Himalayan black	Fentas plus - 7 tabs	March 2019
	bear (4nos)	Fentas plus – 7 tabs	June 2019
		Fentas plus - 7 tabs	September 2019
		Fentas plus - 7 tabs	December 2019
		Fentas plus - 7 tabs	March 2020
10.	Himalayan tahr	Fentas plus - 1½ tab	March 2019
	(2nos)	Fentas plus - 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	March 2020
11	Goral (14nos)	Fentas plus - 1 tab	March 2019
		Fentas plus – 1 tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - 1 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	March 2020
12.	Porcupine (5nos)	Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	March 2019
		Fentas plus - <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> tab	June 2019
		Fentas plus - ½ tab	September 2019
		Fentas plus - $\frac{1}{2}$ tab	December 2019
		Fentas plus - $\frac{1}{2}$ tab	March 2020
13.	Kalij	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	June 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	September 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	December 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2020
14.	Silver pheasant	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2019
	(2nos)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	June 2019
	()	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	September 2019

		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	December 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2020
15.	Peafowl (2nos)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2019
15.	1 calow1 (21108)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	June 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	September 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	December 2019
			March 2020
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2020
16.	Tragopan (1no)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	June 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	September 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	December 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2020
17.	Golden pheasant	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2019
	(2nos)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	June 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	September 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	December 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2020
18.	Lady Amherst	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2019
10.	(2nos)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	June 2019
	(21100)	Albomar 20mg/kg bw	September 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	December 2019
		Albomar 20mg/kg bw	March 2020
		7 Hoomar 20mg/Kg 0w	

## 11. Disinfection Schedule

Sl.no	Species	Type of enclosure	Disinfectant used and method	Frequency of disinfection
1.	Himalayan black bear (4nos)	Display enclosure	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre water)	Daily
			Microgen D-125 (15ml/litre water)	Once weekly
			Fumigation (KMnO4 and Formalin)	Once monthly and during disease outbreak as per CZA notifications
2.	Red panda (3nos)	Display enclosure	Microgen D-125 (15ml/litre water)	Daily
			Fumigation (KMnO4 and Formalin)	Once monthly / Daily during Canine Distemper Outbreak / as per CZA notifications

3.	Himalayan palm	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	civet (1no)	enclosure	water)	
4.	Large Indian civet	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	(1no)	enclosure	water)	
5.	Goral (14nos)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	
6.	Barking deer (4nos)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	
7.	Blue sheep (2nos)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	
8.	Yak (2nos)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	
9.	Himalayan thar	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	(2nos)	enclosure	water)	
10.	Himalayan serow	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	(1no)	enclosure	water)	
11.	Pea fowl (2nos)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	
12.	Tragopan (1no)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	-
13	Silver pheasants	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	(2nos)	enclosure	water)	-
14.	Lady Amherst (2nos)	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	•	enclosure	water)	
15.	Golden pheasant	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
	(2nos)	enclosure	water)	
16.	Kalij pheasant	Display	Kohrsolin (10ml/litre	Daily
		enclosure	water)	
18.	Leopard	Display	Microgen D-125	Daily
10.	Leopard	enclosure	(15ml/litre water)	Daily
		eliciosule	(15mi/nue water)	
			Fumigation (KMnO4 and	Once monthly /
			Formalin)	Daily during
			Tormann)	Canine Distemper
				Outbreak
				/ as per CZA
				notifications
19.	Leopard cat	Display	Microgen D-125	Daily
17.	Leopard Cat	enclosure	(15ml/litre water)	Dally
		enciosure		
			Fumigation (KMnO4 and	Once monthly /
			Formalin)	Once monthly /
				Daily during
				Canine Distemper Outbreak
				/ as per CZA
				notifications

\*Microgen D-125 is an expensive and not readily available Disinfectant. It is currently being used only for species with higher susceptibility to viral infections like Canine Distemper / Feline Panleukopenia on a regular basis. D-125 is being used in other enclosures during disease outbreaks, as a precautionary measure, as per the instructions of the Veterinary section.

## 12. Health Check-up of employees for zoonotic diseases

Sl.No.	Name	Designation	Date of Health	Findings of
			Check up	Health
				Check up

## 13. Development Works carried out in the zoo during the year 2019-20:

Sl. No.	Activity carried out
1.	Construction of new Aviary
2.	Upgradation of Zoo Veterinary Hospital

## 14. Education and Awareness programmes during the year:

- a. World Environment Day (5<sup>th</sup> June 2019)– Zoo Cleanliness Drive
  b. Ten Minutes To Earth (25<sup>th</sup> June 2019) Avenue Plantation within Zoo Premises
- c. Wildlife Week 2017 (1<sup>st</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> October 2019) Educational Zoo Walk for School students with free entry for all schools, Bird Watching and Wildlife Watching
- d. FMD and Canine Distemper Vaccinations in Fringe Areas of Himalayan Zoological Park conducted biannually.

## **15. Important Events and happenings:**

- a. World Environment Day (5<sup>th</sup> June 2019)– Zoo Cleanliness Drive
- b. Ten Minutes To Earth (25<sup>th</sup> June 2019) Avenue Plantation within Zoo Premises
- c. Wildlife Week 2017 (1<sup>st</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> October 2019) Educational Zoo Walk for School students with free entry for all schools, Bird Watching and Wildlife Watching

## 16. Seasonal special arrangements for upkeep of animals:

Electrification for provision of room heater in the following enclosures:

- 1. Red Panda enclosure: Red Pandas in HZP have been vulnerable to Canine Distemper on three occasions in the past, prompting the need for a room heater to keep the feeding house dry and warm during inclement weather so that the risk of disease is minimized.
- 2. Himalayan Black Bear: Extreme cold and wet winter prompted the necessity of room heater for young bears housed.
- 3. Leopard: Extreme cold and wet winter prompted the necessity of room heater for young bears housed.

## 17. Research Work carried out and publications: NA

## **18.** Conservation Breeding Programme of the Zoo:

- i. Red Panda: Birth of total 2 Red Panda cubs-Ram X Pokchi – 2 cubs 26.06.2017 - surviving
- ii. Himalayan Tahr Birth of one female offspring Somdev X Anita – 1 female (24.08.2019)

#### **19.** Animal acquisition / transfer / exchange during the year:

A.	Animals a	rriving in the Zoo			
	H.NO.	Species	Number (M:F)	From which Zoo	Date of arrival in the zoo
<b>B</b> .	Animals g	oing from the zoo			
	H.NO.	Species	Number (M:F)	Going to which Zoo	Dateofdepositionfrom the zoo

#### 20. Rescue and Rehabilitation of wild animals carried out by the Zoo

Sl. No	Date of Rescue	Species with number of animals rescued with their sex (M: F:U:T)	Received from	Date of Submissio n of Report to the CWLW / CZA	Actio	n taken
					Date and Place of rehabilitati on in their habitat	Reasons for housing in the zoo, if not released in their habitat
1.	07.06.2019	Himalayan Crestless Porcupine ( <i>Hystrix</i> <i>indica</i> ) 2 (1:0:1)	Local villagers trapped one Female with its young offspring when it was			The animal displayed signs of stress and minor injuries caused during the capture. The offspring was also too young. Both

			· · ·	
			raiding	mother and
			their	offspring were
			crops	housed in the
				Zoo hospital
				and treated for
				shock and
				injuries for a
				month. The
				adult female
				was very
				accustomed to
				human
				handling and
				hence
				declared unfit
				for release.
2.	31.08.2019	Leopad Cat	Handed	Too young to
		(Prionailurus	over to	be released.
		bengalensis)	HZP by	Animal was
			Range	hand raised
		1:0	Officer	and integrated
			Wildlife	into captive
			East	collection on
			Division.	31.10.2019
			Found at	
			pharmace	
			utical	
			factory.	

## 21. Annual Inventory of animals

Inventory Report for the Year : 2019-2020 \*Annexure II attached

## 22. Mortality of animals

Sl.No ·	Animal Name (with individual identification mark, if any)	Scientific Name	Sex	Date of Death	ReasonofDeathasperthePost-
1.	Munu BD/F/W/2010/HZP/GTK/2 0	Muntiacus muntjak	F	12.07.2019	<b>mortem report</b> Infighting related cardiomyopathy
2.	Kanchi BD/F/CB/2017/HZP/GTK/2 3	Muntiacus muntjak	F	02.07.2019	Infighting related cardiomyopathy
3.	Kalu LC/M/W/2011/HZP/GTK/1 5 Tno: 956000002148160	Prionailurus bengaensis	M	24.07.2019	Old age associated multiple organ failure and pneumonia

4.	Phigu HT/M/CB/2018/HZP/GTK/ 3	Hemitragus jemlahicus	М	06.12.2019	Acute pneumonia
5.	Doma LIC/F/W/2008/HZP/GTK/3	Vivvera zibetha	F	28.02.2020	Old age associates multiple organ failure.

## **23.** Compliance with conditions stipulated by the Central Zoo Authority

Sr	Norm	Condition	Time	Since	Remarks		
	No.	Stipulated	Period	when	Status with regard to compliance of         Status		
· N	under	Supulateu	to	pending	<b>e</b>	with	
			Comply		the conditions as submitted by the	regard	
0	RZR, 2009				Officer-in-charge of the Zoo	to	
	2009					complia	
						nce as noted	
						physicall	
						y by the	
						evaluato	
						r during	
						the visit	
Ani	mal Hou	ising, Display of Ar	nimals ar	nd Anin	nal Enclosures:		
1 4(6) The Zoo should w.e.f 1.All enclosures are built under							
1	4(0)		w.e.1			Compli	
		make special efforts to enrich			immersion exhibit concepts with	Compli ed	
		the environment			minimal change to the natural terrain.	eu	
		of the enclosure to			2. Enclosures are semi natural with		
		meet the species specific			indigenous / native species of vegetation.		
		behavioural			vegetation.		
		requirements of			3. Enrichment for Himalayan Black		
		the animals in			Bear is being created and changed		
		accordance with			on yearly basis. Large bamboo		
		the standards			grove has been allowed to flourish		
		specified by the			to keep bears entertained during		
		CZA. While			Bamboo Shoot season. Local		
		enriching the			fruiting trees have been retained in		
		exhibits emphasis			the enclosure for the bears to forage.		
		on the animal			the enclosure for the bears to forage.		
		exhibits for			4. Enrichment for Red Panda is created		
		Himalayan Black			using locally sourced timber.		
		Bear, Red Panda			Nesting boxes and ramps are created		
		Clouded Leopard			using locally sourced natural		
		and Leopard			materials.		
		should be given					
		Should be given			5. Enrichment for Leopards is created		
					using locally sourced natural		
					materials. Rain sheds and ramps are		
					created with trees salvaged from		
					wind storms in 2015.		
L					wind storins in 2013.		

Vot	oringry	and Infrastructure t	facilities		
2	6(b)	and Infrastructure a Officers and staff working at the zoo should undergo training, and asn when organized by CZA or any oter organization and upgrade technical skills of zoo staff.	w.e.f	Veterinary Doctor, Zoo Conservation Biologist and Zoo Keepers are attending CZA organized workshops and programmes for Zoo Veterinarians, Middle Level Officials Training, Workshop on Zoological Information Management Systems and Zoo Keeper Training.	Compli ed
Edu	logion a	and Outreach activit	tiog		
3	11	The Zoo may utilize the help of volunteers and zoo guides for management of the zoo. The guidelines prescribed by the CZA in this regard should be followed.	w.e.f	State Forest & Environment Department is currently in the process of organizing orientation programmes for zoo guides for people living in and around fringe areas of the HZP.	Partiall y compli ed.
Visi	itor facil	ities:		 	
4	12 (1)	Appropriate ramps to have access to toilets and other public facilities and animal exhibits for differently abled visitors should be provided.	Six months	Some enclosures have ramps and more will be created in the process of up gradation of zoo as per availability of funds.	In process as per fund availabi lity

## 24. List of free living wild animals within the zoo premises

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- a. Mammals
- b. Birds
- c. Reptiles

\*Himalayan Zoological Park is a large expanse of 230 Ha is land covered in virgin forest ranging from Sub temperate to Sub alpine vegetation belts. The forest supports a large number of wildlife species (Mammals, Birds & Reptiles) that are free ranging. Some species also come down to the warmer altitude of the HZP during winters to graze.