



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT, FORESTS & CLIMATE CHANGE
Central Zoo Authority

F. No. 19-90/93-CZA(110)(NS) / 6969

DATE: 16.04.2015

To

The Executive Director
Children's Park Mini Zoo,
Gulbarga (Karnataka)

Noted

Sub:- Renewal of recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga, Karnataka under Section 38H of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972 beyond the period of 30.06.2015.

Sir,

The evaluation of the Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga, Karnataka was carried out by Mr. Alankar K. Jha on 29.08.2014. The evaluation report of the Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga, Karnataka as submitted by the evaluating officer was considered by the Technical Committee in its 73rd Meeting held on 10th March, 2015.

The Central Zoo Authority has decided to grant recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga, Karnataka under Section 38H of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, for a period up to 30.04.2017 subject to the compliance of the following directives under the Recognition of Zoo (Amendment) Rules, 2013 and mid-term evaluation of the zoo:-

S. No.	Norm No.	Condition Stipulated	Time Period to Comply
3. Development and Planning			
1.	3(1)	The Master Layout Plan should be prepared as specified by CZA and submitted within 30 days.	30 days
2.	3(6)	Animal collection plan as part of management plan must be prepared and submitted to CZA for approval.	Immediately


4. Animal housing, display of animals and animal enclosures			
3.	4(2)	The Pheasant and crocodiles are housed more than the carrying capacity of the enclosures. They should be shifted in the vacant enclosures.	With immediate effect
4.	4(3)	Most of the enclosures are accessible to public all round the enclosures. This will create disturbance to the animals and effect the natural behavior of the animals. Hence, only the frontage of the enclosure should be accessible to the people. This can be achieved by erecting blocks at appropriate places.	With immediate effect
5.	4(6)	There is large number of cages for birds, monkeys like bonnet monkey, common langur, python, crocodiles etc. But simulated natural habitat has not been developed to express the natural behavior and instincts. This can be achieved by providing suitable vegetation, perches, wallows, sand baths, burrows, dens rock out crops, fixing of mud post, tree hollows, bamboo baskets to meet the nesting requirements of birds.	Six months
6.	4(6)	Enrichment of enclosures must be done to provide shade to animals as well as retreat area. In general enrichment needs proper attention. Proper furniture inside the enclosures as well as change of floor to suit animal behavior, perches, climbs, flying area, must be attended to forthwith.	With immediate effect
7.	4(7)	(i) Screening should be provided between the cages reduce aggressive behavior of the animals. (ii) The spaces between the standoff barriers and enclosure barriers should be planted with thorny, evergreen hedges to safeguard against the visitors crossing the standoff barriers.	Three months With immediate effect

A half yearly report regarding progress made in implementation of the aforesaid condition should be submitted to the Central Zoo Authority.

Grant of recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga, Karnataka beyond 30.04.2017 would be considered on the basis of compliance of the condition stated above and general performance of the zoo.

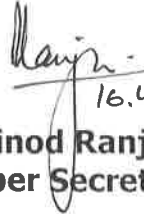
The recognition to the Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga, Karnataka shall be revoked by the Central Zoo Authority, at any point of time if the Zoo Operator is found not complying with the stipulated conditions.

Yours faithfully,


(Vinod Ranjan) 16.4.15
Member Secretary

Copy to:-

1. The Chief Wildlife Warden, Government of Karnataka, Bangalore for favour of information.
2. Mr. Vivek Goel, DPA, CZA.


(Vinod Ranjan) 16.4.15
Member Secretary



GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT & FORESTS
Central Zoo Authority

REGISTERED PARCEL



THROUGH REGISTERED POST

F. No. 19-90/93-CZA(110)(M) 13/24

DATE: 21.06.2013

To

The Executive Director
Children's Park Mini Zoo,
Gulbarga (Karnataka).

Sub:- Renewal of recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga beyond the period of 30.04.2009 under Section 38H of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972.

Sir,

Reference is invited to your application No. 864 dated received on 22.10.2012 seeking renewal of recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga beyond the period of 30.04.2009 under Section 38H of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972.

The evaluation of the Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga was carried out by Dr. B. Trinadha Rao on 09.03.2013 & 10.03.2013. The evaluation report of Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga as submitted by the evaluating officer was considered by the Technical Committee in its 66th Meeting held on 11th June, 2013.

The Central Zoo Authority has decided to grant of recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga as "a Mini Category Zoo" under Section 38H of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, for a period up to 30.06.2015 subject to the compliance of the following directives under the Recognition of Zoo Rules, 2009 and mid-term evaluation of the zoo:-

S. No.	Norm No.	Condition Stipulated	Time Period to Comply
1. General requirements			
1.	1 (1)	It is a Children Park-cum-Mini Zoo. The zoo component should be make as a separate entity from the other area where the activities for the children area being held.	With immediate effect
2. Administrative and Staffing Pattern			
2.	2 (1)	The staff shall be entrusted with duties and responsibilities and also indicate the chain of command for reporting and dealing with the matters related to maintenance and operation of zoo and to meet emergencies. The DFO and	With immediate effect

		RFO should inspect the zoo at frequent intervals to ensure that the staff perform their tasks as prescribed. All the animal keepers and Forest Staff shall be imparted training in handling animals etc.	
3.	2 (2)	Similar job chart shall be repaired and supplied to the Veterinary Doctor for assessing general health conditions adequacy of feed being supplied to animals, quality of feed and water being supplied the animals, screening of animals for parasitic road, prophylactic treatment schedules, treatment of sick animals in time, maintenance of records etc.	With immediate effect
3. Development and Planning			
4.	3 (1) (a)	A Master (layout) Plan should be prepared in a scale of 1:5000, it should be prepared in a scale of 1:1000 showing all the existing facilities including underground drainage, pipe line, cable lines and infrastructure as per the guidelines issued by the CZA and should be submitted to CZA for its approval.	With immediate effect
5.	3 (1) (b)	The Master (layout) Plan should incorporate a chapter to deal with crisis in management of the zoo under various situations.	With immediate effect
6.	3 (1) (c)	The Master Plan should also includes a Management Plan listing out activities to be taken up by the zoo for implementing the Master Plan over next five years indicating realistic cost of executing identified activities and financial year wise targets both physical and financial including anticipated source of funding.	With immediate effect
7.	3 (6)	The Animal Collection Plan has not incorporated the strategic review of the species of animals and their number to be housed in the zoo. The CZA guidelines prescribe a few identified common wild animals species of the area/ locality/ecosystem the zoo is part of may be 1-2 common exotic wild animals species. But recently the mini zoo acquired a large number of birds like Pheasants from Mysore Zoo. As such appropriate Animal Collection Plan should be prepared and should have got approval of CZA.	With immediate effect
8.	3 (7)	Though White necked stork rescued should be transferred to any needy zoo.	Within three months

4. Animal housing, display of animals and animal enclosures

9.	4 (1)	In order to maintain basic naturalistic environment all the vacant places in the zoo should be planted with tree species of shade and flowering in nature and with bushes etc. to improve the aesthetic look and appeal in the zoo.	Within one month
10.	4 (2)	There are large enclosures with chain-link fencing for Spotted deer, Sambar and Blackbuck with tree cover. This is not adequate. More planting with native species should be taken up.	Within two months
11.	4 (2)(a)	The Pheasants and crocodiles are housed more than the carrying capacity of the enclosures. They should be adjusted in the vacant enclosures.	With immediate effect
12.	4 (2)(b)	The enclosure with a water pool wherein the Ducks were housed earlier is vacant and it can be used for the Crocodiles by taking necessary reinforcement of the fencing as the existing fencing is not adequate and safe to contain the Crocodiles.	With immediate effect
13.	4 (2)(c)	One Blackbuck male has been isolated as it is found to be aggressive. Efforts should be made to re-introduce the male in the original herd. The space in the enclosure is not adequate to house all the 6 Blackbuck.	With immediate effect
14.	4 (3)	Most of the enclosures are accessible to public all round the enclosures. This will create disturbance to the animals and effect the natural behaviour of the animals. Hence, only the frontage of the enclosure should be accessible to the people. This can be achieved by erecting blocks at appropriate places.	With immediate effect
15.	4 (5)	Every enclosure for large carnivores should have in built facilities for restraining/ examining and feeding the animals.	Within six months
16.	4 (6)	There are large number of cages for Birds, Monkeys like Bonnet monkey, Common langur, Python, Crocodiles etc. But simulated natural habitats have not been developed to express the natural behavior and instincts. This can be achieved by providing suitable vegetation, perches, wallows, sand baths, burrows, dens, rock out crops, fixing of med post, tree hollows, bamboo baskets to meet the nesting requirement of birds.	Within two months

17.	4 (7)	(i) Screening should be provided between the cages reduce aggressive behaviour of the animals. (ii) The space between the standoff barriers and enclosure barriers should be planted with thorny, evergreen hedges to safeguard against the visitors crossing the standoff barriers.	With immediate effect
18.	4 (9)	Standoff barriers of 75 cms. at distance of 150 cms shall be provided in front of ungulate enclosures.	With immediate effect
19.	4 (10)(a)	Signage boards should be provided at all the animals enclosures. They should be designed in such a way that they catch the attention to the visitors and tempt them to read them. They should be fixed at appropriate places at such heights that they can be read conveniently.	With immediate effect
20.	4 (10)(b)	The signage boards should be made as per the guidelines of CZA.	With immediate effect
5. Upkeep and healthcare of animals			
21.	5 (1)	(i) The Pheasants should be kept in appropriate sex ratio of 1:4 to avoid fighting among the Cocks. (ii) One Porcupine rescued is been house in a cage and it can be shifted to a suitable cage which has den like facilities and it can be released into the wild at a later date.	With immediate effect
22.	5 (2)	Kraals should be provided in all the ungulate enclosures for providing feed etc. in the farthest place in the enclosure.	With immediate effect
23.	5 (2) (a)	Absolute hygiene in the enclosures shall be maintained. The enclosure should be cleaned daily.	With immediate effect
24.	5 (2)(b)	The food and water containers have to be cleaned daily and fresh water is to be supplied 24 hours.	With immediate effect
25.	5 (2, 3)(a)	The Feed Chart showing the details of food ingredients and quantity of food to be supplied to the animals is not maintained. Similarly, the feeding schedule is also not being followed. These can be obtained from reputed zoos like Mysore Zoo and followed scrupulously.	With immediate effect
26.	5 (2,3)(b)	The feed should be supplied on hygienic platforms/ trays as per the scheduled to avoid wastage.	With immediate effect

27.	5 (2,3)(c)	The feed should be supplied placed in different places so that all the animals have access and young animals are not under nourished. Intermittent feeding in small quantities to manage and keep the animals active.	With immediate effect
28.	5 (2,3)(d)	The beef to the carnivores shall be provided before closure of the zoo and the left over beef should be removed to prevent contamination.	With immediate effect
29.	5 (2,3)(e)	Appropriate food supplements should be added in the feed to avoid nutritional deficiencies or specific needs.	With immediate effect
30.	5 (2,3)(f)	Ungulates should be provided with tree fodder like banyan leaves in addition to other fodders.	With immediate effect
31.	5 (2,3)(g)	Cattle feed may be tried in place of pellets for herbivores.	With immediate effect
32.	5 (2,3)(h)	Salt licks should also be provided at appropriate places in their enclosures.	With immediate effect
33.	5 (5)	(i) The faeces and left over feed should be removed every day in respect of cages animals and once in a week in respect of open enclosures. (ii) Foot paths with appropriate disinfectants should be provide at the entrance of the zoo.	With immediate effect Within three months
34.	5 (8)	Due prophylactic measures should be taken to ensure good hygiene and health among the zoo animals.	With immediate effect
35.	5 (10)	(i) The animal keepers and forest of should keep close watch on the animals housed in every enclosure and any change in the normal behaviour is noticed and the animals looks weak, off feed should be brought to the notice of Veterinary Doctor for taking necessary action. (ii) The zoo should have mechanism for recording of observations regarding social, biological and reproductive behaviour and health status of zoo animals including preventive and curative treatment provided, birth and care of young ones, sickness and mortalities. (iii) The records like daily report, animal history card, treatment card shall be maintained.	With immediate effect With immediate effect With immediate effect

6. Veterinary and infrastructure facilities			
36.	6 (3)	The Veterinary Doctor should maintain life saving drugs, anti-venom and first aid facilities in the zoo.	With immediate effect
7. Post-mortem and disposal of carcasses of animals			
37.	7 (2)	The post-mortem reports should be made in the proforma prescribed by the CZA and maintain for not less than 6 years. The proformas for the above records area available in "Guidelines for Establishment and Scientific Management of Zoos in India" published by CZA.	With immediate effect
9. Acquisition and breeding of animals			
38.	9 (11)	(i) There are 2 species of Primates which are housed in small cages. There are iron spikes on the floor towards the front side which pose potential danger to the animals. These animals has been rescued and therefore advised to release them in the wild by obtaining permission CWLW/ CZA. Till such time the iron spikes should be removed forthwith. (ii) There are 4 Red kites which were rescued from wild, two of which have broken wings. They should not be kept as exhibits to the visitors and should be removed from out of the main zoo area.	Within three months With immediate effect
11. Maintenance of Records and submission of Inventory			
39.	11 (1)	Inventory of animals should be prepared quarterly and annually and submitted to CZA.	With immediate effect

A half yearly report regarding progress made in implementation of the aforesaid conditions should be submitted to the Central Zoo Authority.

Grant of recognition to Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga beyond 30.06.2015 as "a Mini Category Zoo" would be considered on the basis of compliance of the conditions stated above and general performance of the zoo.

The recognition to the Mini Zoo and Children Park, Gulbarga shall be revoked by the Central Zoo Authority, at any point of time if the Zoo Operator is found not complying with the stipulated conditions.

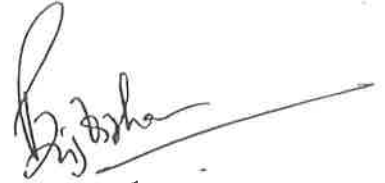
A copy of evaluation report is also enclosed herewith for your ready reference to improve the conditions of Zoo.

**Yours faithfully,
sd/-
(B. S. Bonal)
Member Secretary**

Encl: evaluation report

Copy to:-

1. The Chief Wildlife Warden, Government of Karnataka, Bangalore for favour of information and with a request that the stipulated conditions may be got implemented.
2. Mr. Vivek Goel, DPA, CZA.



**(Dr. Brij Kishor Gupta)
Evaluation and Monitoring Officer**



केन्द्रीय चिड़ियाघर प्राधिकरण
Central Zoo Authority

(STATUTORY BODY UNDER THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT & FORESTS, GOVT. OF INDIA)

Bikaner House, Annexe VI,
Shahjahan Road, New Delhi-110011
website : <http://www.cza.nic.in>

REGISTERED

F.No. 19-90/92-CZA(110)(M)

DATE: 7.4.2006

To

The Dy. Conservator of Forests
Territorial Division,
Gulbarga (Karnataka)

**Sub:- Renewal of Recognition to the Children Park-cum-Mini Zoo,
Gulbarga, Karnataka under Section 38H of the Wild Life
(Protection) Act - Regarding.**

Sir,

Reference is invited to your letter No. A5/PACP/CR-30/93-94 dated 26.8.1999 seeking renewal of recognition for the Children Park-cum-Mini Zoo, Gulbarga, Karnataka beyond 30.9.1999 under Section 38H of the Wild Life (Protection) Act, 1972.

The zoo was evaluated on 16th August, 2005 by Dr. Anupam Srivastav. The evaluation report was placed before the Technical committee Meeting held on 10.1.2006.

On the recommendations of the Committee, it has been decided to grant renewal of recognition to the Children Park-cum-Mini Zoo, Gulbarga, Karnataka as a mini category zoo for a period up to 30.4.2009 subject to following conditions:-

S. No.	Relevant Norm No.	Conditions
General		
1.	1	The domestic animals like rabbits, guinea pigs and pigeons and geese and lovebirds should be removed from the display area. These animals may be kept outside the main zoo campus.
2.	2	The zoo shall not acquire wild animals without prior permission of the Chief Wildlife Warden under Section 11 (1)(a) and the Central Zoo Authority under Section 38I of the Wild Life (Protection) Act.

...2/-



3.	8	A two meter high perimeter wall (from the ground level) should be provided all round the zoo.
4.	11 A	The zoo should prepare a collection plan of animals to be housed and displayed in the zoo.
Animal enclosures – Design, Dimensions and other Essential Features		
5.	15	Stand off barriers and adequate warning signs should be provided for keeping the visitors at a safe distance from the animal enclosures.
6.	16 (i)	Appropriately designed natural enclosures should be provided for bonnet macaque, jackal, hyena, sloth bear, peacock and marsh crocodile.
7.	17	Simulated conditions of the natural habitat of the animal should be provided in the animal enclosures by way of planting of appropriate species of trees and other enrichments.
8.	18	The zoo should provide provision of sand for basking in the enclosure of crocodile.
9.	20	Designing and construction of new enclosures for endangered species should be finalized with the approval of the Central Zoo Authority.
Animal Care, Health and Treatment		
10.	26	The staff handling the wild animals should be deputed for training being conducted by the Wildlife Institute of India and Sri Chamarajendra Zoological Garden, Mysore.
11.	29	Medical check up of the staff responsible for upkeep of the animals should be arranged atleast once in every six months to ensure that they do not have infections of such diseases that can infect the zoo animals.
12.	30	Animal history sheet and treatment card in respect of each animal of endangered species shall be maintained.
Veterinary facilities		
13.	33	The zoo should construct a small treatment room where the sick animals are examined and treated.
Breeding of animals		
14.	40	To safeguard against uncontrolled growth in the population of prolifically breeding animals like spotted deer, appropriate population control measures should be implemented, like separation of sexes, sterilization and vasectomy etc.
Education & Research		
15.	45	Every enclosure in the zoo should bear a sign board displaying the scientific and ecological information regarding the animals exhibited in it.

Visitor facilities		
16.	49	First aid equipments including anti-venom should be readily available in the premises of the zoo.
Development & Planning		
17.	51	The zoo should prepare a long term master plan for its development. A management plan may also be prepared giving details of proposals and activities for development in the next six years. The copies of the plans should be sent to the Central Zoo Authority.

A half yearly report regarding progress made in implementation of the aforesaid conditions should be submitted to the Central Zoo Authority.

Grant of recognition to Children Park-cum-Mini Zoo, Gulbarga, Karnataka as a mini zoo beyond 30.4.2009 would be considered on the basis of compliance of the conditions stated above and general performance of the zoo at that point of time.

Yours faithfully,
sd/-
(B. R. Sharma)
Member Secretary

Copy to:-

1. Chief Wildlife Warden, Government of Karnataka for favour of information and with a request that the stipulated conditions may be got complied within the given time frame.
2. The Member Secretary, Zoo Authority of Karnataka, Mysore for favour of information.


(B. R. Sharma)
Member Secretary

